The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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The Daily Commercial

A GOOD MANY persons will be curious to now what General Butler expects to accom-lish with his Committee to inquire into the ssassination of President Lincoln. Is it to ind evidence to support his allegation that Mrs. Surratt was innocent and murdered, and carrying on his personal war with Mr. Bingam? Or does he expect to connect Mr. Johnon with the plot and prove the "spoliation" of ooth's diary?

◆

IT seems that Jefferson Davis is suffering greatly from depression of spirits and the contant vituperation to which he has been subected, the suspicion with which he is dogged, he criticism of his slightest word and movenents, all harass and annoy him to such a degree that he recently told a gentleman that he rished he could suddenly disappear from the iew of men and pass the remnant of his life in ome seclusion where none but his personal riends could find him. We see no likelihood of cessation for at least a thousand years, to the ituperations of the name of Jefferson Davis. t is not in his power to stop them or to change hem in any way whatever. But if he really is n earnest in his very natural desire for seclusion from the world and its execrations, there re monkeries near Montreal to which we have o doubt he could gain admission, where no choes from the world will ever reach his ar, and where, in company with ghostly fathers nd the worshipful company of the devotees, e can spend his days apart from the turmoils hich otherwise must distract and madden his xistence.—*N. Y. Times.*

Taxing Railroad Street Cars in Philadelphia.

The long pending suit in Philadelphia, repecting the validity of the municipal ordinance nposing an annual tax of $50 upon passenger allway companies, has been decided in favor the city by the District Court. Judge Sharsood delivered the decision. He held that the ight to levy the tax was derived from the tate legislative enactment, authorizing the ity Councils to provide for the issuing of icenses to such and so many persons as may pply to keep and use omnibuses, or vehicles the nature thereof, and to charge a reasonble annual or other sum therefor. The Court eld that $50 cannot be an unreasonable sum o pay for a passenger car, which can be, and ften is, packed so as to hold forty, which is onstantly running, and empties and fills half dozen times every trip.

The Way the President Goes to Bed.

The correspondent of the Cincinnati *Comercial* has found out the way Andrew Johnson oes to bed, and made haste to reveal it thus: 'The porters and waiting men around the Vhite House, tell with utter astonishment of he rapidity with which the President retires, r as they phrase it, 'strips off and jumps into ed.' They say that scarcely five minutes will lapse after the dismissal of the last visitor, ntil the lights are all out in his bed-room, and e is in the initial stage of a big snore. He letrally 'puts off' his clothes, with a celerity qual to that with which Alf. Burnet transorms himself from a big-bellied Dutchman into Broadway dandy, in his protean performance n the stage; and he is sound asleep almost as oon as his head has touched the pillow—from hich, according to all known laws of physiology and mental philosophy, and the introducory lines of Young's Night Thoughts, it is afe to infer that A. J. has an approving concience, and a eupeptic stomach.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

P. H. Brown & Co.'s planing mill, corner of 'ranklin and Van Buren streets, Chicago, was lestroyed by fire Monday night. Loss from ifteen to twenty thousand dollars. Insured.

The pugilists, Fogarty and Seward, fought at lack river, near Cleveland, yesterday morning. Fogarty won in the eleventh round y a foul. Time, thirty-five minutes. He vas badly punished. This fight was arranged for the same time with the Elliott-Galagher fight, which failed to come off.

Mr. John Jay Knox, Assistant Comptroller f the Currency, who was detailed about two nonths ago to take charge of the Sub-Treasury nd First National Bank at New Orleans, and nake an examination into the alleged frauds hat were committed against the Government y said institutions, has returned to Washingon, and is engaged in making a final report to he Secretary of the Treasury. He represents hat he obtained securities to the Government r six hundred thousand dollars, which is bout one-half the amount which the Governent lost in the frauds committed.

A New Orleans special says: Judge E. B. ones, the nephew of Wells, arrested for the urder of the Unionist Stauffer, has been rought to this city by the military, and placed the police jail of this parish for safe keeping, here he is now confined under the strict watch f soldiers. Governor Flanders has just reeived from Governor Fenton, of New York, a equisition for the same E. B. Jones, upon the harge of having obtained goods under false retenses in the State of New York. The reuisition of Gov. Fenton is too late, but should udge Jones escape the penalty here, the requiition of Governor Fenton may have a chance.

STATE ITEMS.

A Normal Academy of Music is now in sucessful progress in Meadville, Pa., under the perintendence of Prof. T. E. Perkins, of ew York, assisted by a competent corps of achers. The first of a series of concerts by e Faculty and pupils, will be given on hursday evening next. Madame Mozart, of ew York, the celebrated soprano, is to assist t the opening concert.

An anti-temperance association is organezed Erie styled the "Sons of Liberty." They ropose to oppose the election of any candidate the Legislature who is in favor of a license law. he organization is said to number five hunred members.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the ennsylvania Canal Company held on the 2d st., General Isaac J. Wister was unanimously lected President. Gen. Wister was also electl on the same day President of the West ranch and Susquehanna Canal Company, and s he was already President of the Union Canal ompany, it will be seen that the interest of ese several canal lines will be protected by e same general policy.

The great German Saengerfest begins in 'hiladelphia on Monday next, and great prearations are being made to receive societies om other cities.

On Friday the Rev. Wm. Mann, who had ttained the advanced age of eighty-three ears, departed this life, at the residence of his on, District Attorney Wm. B. Mann, of Philaelphia. The deceased was a devoted and influntial member of the Methodist Church, an exellent scholar, and a generous, good hearted entleman.

During a thunder storm at Lock Haven on Vednesday afternoon last, the lightning struck he chimney at the residence of Mr. Joseph Ianna, entering the building, killing instantly is daughter, an interesting girl about fourteen ears old, and prostrating Mr. Hanna insensile for some time. Five persons in all were in he room at the time—all feeling the shock nore or less. Mr. Hanna, it is thought, will ecover.

OHIO ITEMS.

The Massillon papers say that the machine hops of that place are running to their utmost apacity to supply reaping machines.

A premium of $20 is offered for the best base all performance at the next Warren County 'air.

The Ironton *Register* says the characteristics f the "Boston wheat," lately introduced into hat neighborhood, are its plump, large grains, tiffness of stalk, and freedom from insects.

The Fayette county *Herald* says twenty-one ogs died from the effects of the heat at the ailroad stock pens in that place on Tuesday ast.

The Ohio *Farmer* says that without severe inning, the grapes will greatly overbear this ear along the Lake Shore. It says also that here is an immense "set" of fruit on the lackberry bushes.

The Cleveland *Herald* says that Mr. A. M. urke, proprietor of an oil refinery in that lace, and his foreman, S. Wright, a colored ian, are the patentees of "a new plan for maing a better quality, and improving the fireest of petroleum oil."

Mr. John Kinsberly, of West Zanesville,)., is now past seventy-nine years old, and has ever worn spectacles, for the reason that his ight has not failed him.

A number of workingmen—mechanics and thers—in Massillon have started a co-operave movement in that place. The *Independent* ays there are 500 or 600 workingmen there who ay avail themselves of its advantages. The hares are put at $5.

A boiler which drives the nail machinery at rown, Bonnell & Co.'s Rolling Mill, Youngsown, exploded Monday forenoon, damaging he buildings considerably. Two boys, Joseph rock and George Chamberlain, were badly calded, it is feared they will die. Thomas rown, one of the firm, George Aldham, manger, and three of the nail cutters were injured y the flying stones and bricks. The cause of he explosion was the low state of the water in he boiler when cold water was pumped in. The ngineer is censured for carelessness.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

XLth CONGRESS.

The Reconstruction Supplements.

Senator Wilson's Proposed Vacation of Offices Rejected.

The House Reconstruction Bill Passed.

Senators Prefer their Own Bill.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 9, 1867.

The Senate.

Congress was to-day wholly devoted to reconstruction. The Senate was occupied in a dull and tedious debate on its reconstruction bill, lasting five hours, and apparently not fairly started when the adjournment took place. Mr. Trumbull led off in a short speech reviewing the circumstances under which the military bills of last session were passed, and explaining the provisions of the measure now under consideration. He was followed by Mr. Wilson, who offered an amendment vacating all offices in the South, and authorizing the commanding generals to fill them by re-appointment of present incumbents or appointment of new ones. This was voted down after a couple of hours discussion by 11 to 25.

The debate then took a wide range, and a disposition was shown to open up the whole subject of reconstruction, and re-speak the pieces of the last three sessions.

Mr. Buckalew announced that before final action was taken, he should speak on the general principles of the military bill, and others will undoubtedly do the same, so it is difficult to tell when the bill will reach the President.

At the time of the adjournment, the pending question was upon a second amendment of Mr. Wilson to authorize the Commanding Generals to appoint civilians to the offices which they shall deem it necessary to vacate. As the bill now stands it provides that such vacancies shall be filled by military officers.

House of Representatives.

In the House the debate opened upon the pending Reconstruction bill the moment the session commenced, Messrs. Brooks and Wood, of New York, leading off against the bill. Mr. Bingham, of Ohio, then followed in a brief but earnest and impassioned speech, in reply to Brooks, during which he warmly supported the bill. Considerable interest was manifested in his remarks, as most of the members left their seats and gathered around him in groups while he spoke.

Thad. Stevens then closed the debate in a five minutes' speech, in which he briefly reiterated his views in favor of confiscation. At the close of his remarks he said in a sarcastic way that he did not know that he was in favor of hanging any one in this country, but was so glad to see that Juarez had the heroic courage to hang pirates and murderers.

The bill was then passed by a vote of 119 to 31. The only Republican vote in the negative was that of Mr. Stewart, of New York. The bill passed as reported on yesterday, with the exception of amendments offered by Messrs. Wilson, of Iowa, and Benjamin, of Missouri, which were adopted, and which provide that no Presidential pardon shall give a person the right to register and making it a misdemeanor punishable with fine and imprisonment for any one to obstruct the reconstruction law.

It is freely declared by Senators to-night, that they prefer their own bill to that just passed by the House. It is evident that the differences will yet be adjusted in a Conference Committee.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 9, 1867.

SENATE.

Immediately after the reading of the journal, the Senate took up the reconstruction bill reported by Mr. TRUMBULL yesterday.

Mr. TRUMBULL addressed the Senate at length in support of the bill. He said: I think all will admit that for some period of time, some make it shorter than others, but for some period of time, whether a day, a week, a month, or a year, the military had authority to preserve the peace and govern the country as far as necessary for that purpose, until civil government could be inaugurated. Now, how long this military government could be continued is a question left to the discretion of the sovereign power of the United States, exercising its authority in the spirit of our institutions and in subordination to the constitution.

I agree, sir, that this military power should not be continued a day longer than is necessary in subordination of the civil government in these rebel States which are loyal to the Union and true to the Constitution, but how long that is to be is to be decided by circumstances, of which the sovereign government, the Congress of the United States, is to judge, not the Executive or Judicial tribunals. It is a question over which Judicial tribunals can have no jurisdiction. They cannot try political questions. They will be bound by the decisions of the other departments of the Government.

This military authority was continued by the President of the United States for a time, in the absence of any legislation by Congress, and rightfully continued. The President of the United States then, while this military power was in existence, undertook to inaugurate civil government in these States. Had the civil government which he undertook to inaugurate been managed by men true to the country, and loyal to the flag, they would have been recognized, and this whole question have been settled long ago; but, unfortunately, the enemies of the country, the very men who set up the hostile governments which cost so much money and blood to overthrow, took possession of the new governments, and the Congress of the United States, when it assembled, finding this to be the condition of things, and that the President had withdrawn the military power and left these governments in the hands of the very men who had controlled them during the war decided they were not legal governments, but provisional merely, and not absolutely null and void, but existing by suffrage only. Congress then proceeded to declare, that there being no loyal governments in these States, military power should be restored, and should be executed over these States until civil governments could be set up therein.

Mr. TRUMBULL then adverted to the opinion of the Attorney General, which he characterized as in many respects preposterous, and in conclusion explained the provisions of the bill before the Senate.

Mr. WILSON followed Mr. Trumbull, advocating in place of the second section of the bill a provision to vacate all civil offices in the South.

Mr. WILSON called attention to the fact that the Judiciary Committee had in the fourth section of the bill ratified and confirmed the acts of military commanders already done in removing civil officers and appointing other citizens in their stead. The bill said Gen. Sheridan was right in removing Gov. Wells and appointing Flanders. If so, he would be right in removing Gov. Thockmorton, and appointing some other citizen in his place.

Mr. CONKLING said it was true there was an apparent inconsistency here, but the fourth section was retroactive only, and if not Constitutional, it could at any rate do no harm in the future. Mr. Wilson's proposition was prospective in its operation, and if adopted and afterwards found to be inoperative, the whole system established under it would fall.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN opposed the amendment of Mr. Wilson.

After further debate Mr. WILSON'S amendment was lost, 11 against 31.

Mr. BUCKALEW presented an amendment, which he asked to have printed for future action, that on election of members of the House of Representatives, the elector shall be entitled to a number of votes equal to the whole number of Representatives to which the State is entitled, and he may cast them all for one candidate, or divide them among the several candidates. Ordered printed.

Mr. WILSON moved to amend the second section by providing that the Commanding General may appoint civilians to fill offices vacated under that section.

Mr. EDMUNDS spoke against this amendment.

Mr. YATES spoke in its favor. The whole bill was based on the idea that there were loyal governments in the South, and there could be no objection whatever to this particular part of it. He wanted military men for military work, but there were loyal men in the South fully equal to these duties, and he wanted to see them appointed.

Mr. WILSON said the people were better protected in life, liberty and property in the South under the military bill than ever before, but he wanted to encourage the loyal men of the South by placing them in position every where in the rebel States.

Further debate ensued, pending which the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Soon after meeting, the House resumed the consideration of the reconstruction bill.

Mr. BROOKS, of New York, spoke at length in opposition to the bill as an utter violation of every natural and national law. There was no parallel in history except in the conduct of the Duke of Alva.

Mr. GARFIELD, referring to Mr. Brooks's allusion to the agrarianism of Senator Wade, reminded him and the House that the Senator had disclaimed the sentiments imputed to him.

Mr. WOOD spoke in opposition to the bill as unconstitutional generally and in detail.

Mr. STEVENS intimated his intention to move the question first for modifying the fifth section by striking out the words "Or unless he shall consent to be relieved," and insert instead the words "Or on arrest for an offense punishable by dismissal from the army, or disqualified by sickness from the performance of his duty."

Several amendments were proposed by Messrs. Schenck, Baker, Butler, Coburn, and Garfield, but Mr. STEVENS declined to permit any of them to be offered.

The House seconded the previous question by a vote of 89 to 47, and Mr. STEVENS being entitled to one hour to close the debate, yielded twenty minutes to Mr. BINGHAM, who addressed the House in favor of the bill.

After the remarks of Mr. Bingham, Mr. Stevens allowed ten minutes to Mr. ELDRIDGE, who claimed there had been no obstruction to the law by the President.

Mr. STEVENS then closed the debate, saying he confessed a small portion of the blame for acts of the President since Congress adjourned was due to the use of improper language in the bill. If we had all agreed, that the States lately in rebellion were conquered territory, subject to this Nation as such, and if we had treated them accordingly, we should have had but very little trouble in the reconstruction of this Government on the principle of admission of new States; but we were not all perfectly prepared for it in our understanding of the laws of nations, nor is it wonderful that we should have been thus wandering in our own views. I will state what I suppose to have been our real condition. The nation was afflicted by a civil war, which for a term was an insurrection, which divided its sway. We at the period when we declared the blockade, admitted them to be not an independent nation, but an independent belligerent, raising them above insurrection and entitled to all the privileges and subject to all the liabilities of an independent belligerent. The nations of Europe so treated them—we so treated them. In short, there can be no doubt of the fact that we were then at war as two independent nations. It depends on the conqueror whether he would treat the one vanquished after the war as a vanquished nation, or whether he should punish him for violation of the sovereign rights of the nation. In addition we conquered; what did we conquer? We conquered the Confederate Government; we conquered all the States forming the Confederate Government; we conquered a Government which, by its own declaration, owed no allegiance to the Government of the United States. That they should pretend after that they had one right under the Constitution which they had thus repudiated and attempted to destroy, and were still States within the Union, looks to me like a bold absurdity, yet it was the doctrine of the President—the doctrine which gentlemen are fighting about. We declared them to be conquered provinces; we were treating them under military law. Now, what is the law in reference to provinces conquered from a foreign independent belligerent? When you conquer from a foreign nation, or an independent belligerent, the territory conquered is governed by military power, by the commander-in-chief of the army, who in this case was the President, until the legislative power of the nation shall have spoken and directed what laws shall govern; but the moment legislative power of the nation interposes, the military authorities cease to exist, and the commander-in-chief of the army has no more to say to it than a corporal in the ranks. He has to say just what the legislative power orders him to say; he has to do just what that power orders him to do, and he can do nothing else.

Mr. STEVENS charged the President with not only exercising his authority as Commander-in-Chief of the army, but also with endeavoring to legislate the States of the South back into the Union on the basis of their old Constitutions, without the sanction of Congress. He claimed that Congress alone had power to make rules and laws for the government of the land and naval forces. The military commanders sent South were simply the agents of Congress. He denied that the President had a right to call on the Attorney General to interfere in the acts of reconstruction. There was but one appeal, and that was to the agents appointed by Congress. The Constitution does not apply to Territories, and the reconstructing power lies with the States and does not extend for any purpose to any Territory, whether the latter was acquired by conquest or inheritance. There is no power on earth, except Congress, that has any right to say a word or interfere on the subject. He preferred to release Jefferson Davis, and said he and his Cabinet were responsible for the murders at Andersonville and Salisbury, and it was mockery to try such a man as Wirz for such a crime.

He continued: As to the question of confiscation, I think the man who has murdered a thousand men, who has robbed a thousand widows and orphans, who has burned down a thousand houses, escapes well if, owning a hundred thousand dollars, he is fined fifty thousand dollars as a punishment and to repair his ravages. I said before that I was not in favor of sanguinary punishment. I trust in saying this I will not be supposed to condemn when they are necessary; for instance, the clamor that has been raised against the Mexican government for its heroic execution of murderers and pirates. [Some applause and clapping of hands by members, followed by some hisses.] Clamor finds no favor with me. I think that while he has gone far enough, though not half as far as he might be justified in going, yet there is no law, no policy under heaven, and no sense of justice that will condemn that real heroic, much-enduring man, who for six years has been hunted with a reward on his head, has been driven from one end of his empire to another, until he got to the very border, has no parallel in history that I know of except it be William of Orange, who was driven from island to island, and from sand-patch to sand-patch by just about as bloody a persecutor as was to be found in Maximilian, when he ordered every man warring against him to be shot down without further trial. I am not going to shrink from saying that I think such punishment proper. I do not say, nor do I ask that any body should be executed in this country. There has got to be a sickly humanity which I dare not get along side of for fear I might catch it. [Laughter.]

It is now held by one of the most of liberal gentlemen in the country,—I mean Gerritt Smith,—that we should even pay a portion of the damages inflicted on the rebels, and pay a portion of the rebel debt. [Laughter.] I shall come some day to have an argument with Horace Greeley about that, therefore I need not say anything further. I believe I have said enough to explain my views on the subject and now I ask for a vote.

As Mr. STEVENS concluded his remarks, there was considerable applause on the part of members.

The amendments to bill offered yesterday by Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, and Mr. BENJAMIN were severally agreed to.

Mr. WOOD moved to lay the bill on the table. Negatived.

The bill as amended, with the modification made by Mr. STEVENS of the fifth section, was then passed by a vote of 119 to 31.

On motion of Mr. KELLEY, the Secretary of the Treasury was directed to report the amount of revenue received from the tax on distilled spirits from each collection district in the several States, and in the rebel States during the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1867.

On motion of Mr. HULBURD, the Secretary of the Treasury was directed to furnish any reports on file.

After some unimportant business the House adjourned.

MANSFIELD, OHIO.

The Fenian Demonstration---Base Ball Match---Harvesting the Hay Crop.

Special Dispatch to Commercial.

MANSFIELD, O., July 9.

The Fenian demonstration here last night was kept up till a late hour, and was quite a success. Some thirty recruits were enrolled here and in Crestline. The speech of Mr. W. MacWilliams was interspersed with bursts of fiery eloquence, and was enthusiastically applauded. He was made the recipient of many boquets from the Irish lasses. Major O'Leary, who was heralded as the gallant Irishman who captured the colors of the Queen's Own, was also well received.

The Akron Base Ball Club, which is said to be one of the best in the State, has challenged the Mansfield club, and the game comes off to-morrow in this city. It promises to be an exciting contest.

The farmers in this vicinity are now busily engaged in securing their hay crop. The weather is favorable and the yield large.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 9, 1867.

INTERNAL REVENUE COLLECTIONS.

The Internal Revenue collections in this city for six months to July 1st, are $6,500,000 less than last year.

GENERAL MEAGHER.

Quite a number of Irish officers of the late volunteer army assembled to-day to take steps towards testifying their respect for the memory of General Meagher.

CHRISTIAN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The fifth general assembly of Evangelical Christians from all parts of the world will be held at Amsterdam from the 18th to 28th of August.

BURGLARS COMMITTED.

Three burglars, who entered a bonded warehouse, Sunday night, and robbed it of $10,000 worth of silks, were to-day committed for trial without bail.

MONTAUK BOND ROBBERY.

Ephraim Patterson, charged with being concerned in the robbery of bonds from the Montauk Insurance Company, offered testimony showing that he bought said bonds of a stranger, but his further examination was postponed.

Prize Fighter Fined.

ELYRIA, O., July 9.—Seward, who lost the fight at Black River this morning, was arrested here and fined $30. He paid the fine and left for Cleveland.

EUROPE.

BY CABLE AND MAILS.

New Anglo-American Postal System.

Church Party Charged with the Death of Maximilian.

Additional Failures in Liverpool.

The Sultan to Visit Austria.

New Postal System.

LONDON, July 8.—The Government announces that the six penny system of postage, between America and England, will be put into operation about the first of January next.

The Church Party and Maximilian.

PARIS, July 8.—It is said that the Emperor Napoleon charges the church party with the death of Maximilian.

Mexican Government Denounced.

LONDON, Evening, July 9.—In the House of Lords this evening, Earl Derby denounced the action of the Mexican Government in putting Maximilian to death, but made no disc'osures as to what measures the Government intend to adopt in regard to Mexico.

Failures in Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, July 9.—Two firms in this city, Messrs. Bond & Breebey and Miller & Southall, largely engaged in the Brazilian trade, have suspended payment.

Movements of the Sultan.

LONDON, July 9.—His Majesty Abdul Aziz, Sultan of Turkey, has accepted the invitation of the Emperor of Austria to visit him in Vienna, and will return to Constantinople by way of Vienna, where he will remain a week the guest of the Emperor. He has finally decided to visit Paris during September.

Conference.

BERLIN, July 9.—Arrangements are perfected for a conference between the King of Prussia and the sovereigns of the South German States, to take place at an early day.

Shipping Intelligence.

QUEENSTOWN, July 9.—The steamship City of Boston, from New York, has arrived.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, July 9.—Cotton very dull and unchanged. Corn declining. Peas declined 9d. Wheat, oats and barley unchanged. Beef unchanged at 1d; bacon 6d; lard declined 3d; cheese 3d; pork unchanged. Spirits petroleum declined ½d.

LIVERPOOL, P. M., July 9.—Cotton very dull; sales to-day 7,000 bales; middling uplands 10¾d; do Orleans 10 15-16d.

Breadstuffs—Corn 37s 3d. Wheat 13s 9d. Oats 3s 9d. Barley 5s. Peas 39s 6d.

Provisions—Pork 75s. Beef 136s. Bacon 42s 6d. Lard 47s 3d. Cheese 52s 6d.

Produce—Potashes 31s. Petroleum spirits ½d refined 1s 2½d. Tallow 44s. Clover seed 41s.

London Markets.

LONDON, 5 P. M., July 9.—No. 12 Dutch standard sugar 25s 6d. Scotch pig iron 53s. Calcutta Linseed, 68s 6d. Linseed oil £41 10s. Whale oil £35. Sperm oil £110.

London Money Market.

LONDON, July 9, Noon.—Consols 94⅛; United States bonds, 73; Illinois 79¾; Erie 43½.

2 P. M.—Consols declined ⅛; United States Bonds advanced ⅛. Markets unaltered.

LONDON, July 9, 5 P. M.—Consols 94⅛; 5-20's 73¼; Illinois Central 79¼; Erie 43½.

Frankfort Money Market.

FRANKFORT, July 9.—5-20's 77¾.

BY MAILS.

French Army and Navy Being Strengthened--The North Schleswig Question.

NEW YORK, July 9.—European mail advices state that all arms of the land and naval service of France are being strengthened, and the activity all through France produces an impression of pending difficulty.

There was a debate of considerable length in the Corps Legislatif on the financial part of the Mexican question, the Minister declining to speak on the political portion of the question, as now it would be inconvenient.

The difficulty between Denmark and Prussia as to the possession of North Schleswig continues, and it is stated that France sympathises with the Danes.

The Bank of England on the 26th held over twenty-two million pounds sterling of specie.

SURRATT'S TRIAL.

Twenty-Fifth Day's Proceedings.

Sergeant Dye's Testimony Upset.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—B. H. Eastman, Professor of the National Observatory, testified that the moon rose on the night of the assassination at two minutes past ten: at eleven it was cloudy; the moon would not have illuminated the north side of any building that night.

Jos. R. Ford was sworn, but testified to nothing of importance.

Wm. Dixon, Chief of the Government Fire Department in Washington, testified it was very dark on the night of the assassination.

William A. Knunker testified that he resided on April 14th, 1865, in the next house to No. 541 H street; I was at home from about 10 till 11 o'clock, before the door smoking, either setting on the lower step or walking up and down; the night was cloudy; I heard no conversations that night proceeding from No. 541; had there been a conversation I would have heard it; on that side of the street I might have seen a man forty to fifty feet.

James Lamb, scenic artist at Ford's Theater in 1865, testified: On April 14th there was a rehearsal, lasting from ten to two o'clock, and the curtain was up all the time.

Lieut. Chas. M. Shippen, of the police force, testified: There was no oyster house on the south side of F street between Ninth and Tenth streets; there was an eating house on the square kept by Gilbert; he might have served oysters; the Tontine is on D street, between Ninth and Tenth.

Wm. A. Boss was sworn: Resides at 489 Fourteenth street; knows Jno. Lee; never heard his truth and veracity questioned until after he testified at this trial; Lee told witness he did not know John H. Surratt.

Mr. Carrington objected to the witness proceeding on the ground that the foundation to contradict Lee had not been laid; Lee had not been questioned as to this conversation.

The Court sustained the objection, and declared the evidence already given by Boss as to conversation with Lee to be stricken out.

Mr. Bradley asked to have Lee recalled as to this conversation.

The Court refused the motion, as it would open the door to endless discussion and multiplicy of testimony to such an extent that there would be no telling when the case would be terminated. The Court stated it had received a note from James B. Ford, who testified yesterday, wishing to explain the answer made by him.

Mr. Ford was placed on the stand, and said he was always a loyal man, in sympathy with the North.

David H. Bates, telegraph operator, testified to a telegram being sent by Attorney Carrington to Mr. Vanderpool, for the latter to come on, as he testified that he came on voluntarily. The telegram was ruled out.

S. W. Owens, P. G. Clayton, Joshua Lloyd, Charles Kimball, Bird K. Colvert, Samuel R. Brown, and Col. O'Brien, all testified to their want of confidence in the truthfulness and disbelief in the veracity of John Lee.

Mr. Merrick offered the record of the trial and conviction of Cleaver.

Mr. Carrington objected, saying a new trial has been granted in that case.

Discussion followed, pending which, owing to the sickness of Mr. Bradley, Court adjourned till to-morrow.

Registration Postponed in Gen. Sickle's District.

CHARLESTON, July 9.—The following semi-official announcement was published this morning: General Sickles has directed his subordinates not to begin registration in this Military District until Congress shall have determined more explicitly who are entitled to register. It is presumed Congress will extend the time for the completion of registration in North Carolina and South Carolina until October or November.

Man Murdered by a Woman.

MEMPHIS, July 9.—Warren A. Pettitt, alias Charley Wilson, formerly of Schuylersville, N. Y., late an attache of Everett's Theater, was shot through the heart by his mistress, Lottie Sherwood, this morning, and instantly killed. The woman was arrested.

From Lewiston, Me.

LEWISTON, ME., Jury 8.—A motion to set the verdict aside in the Verrill murder case was overruled, and the case goes to the fall term for argument on exceptions. The negro Harris was sentenced.

Explosion of a Coal Oil Lamp---Young Lady Fatally Burned.

KINGSTON, C. W., July 8.—Miss Mooney was burned by the explosion of a coal oil lamp, and died this morning. Five others were severely burned.

Registration at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, July 9.—One hundred and fifteen whites and fifty-seven colored registered to-day.

The injuries received by Mr. Charles White, of Thayer & Noyes's circus circus, who was attacked by a lion during the performance on Thursday evening last, at Rochester, New York, prove to be very painful. He is now unable to lie in bed, and is compelled to recline in a chair. His sufferings are very great, and at times render him delirious.

MEXICO.

Execution of Maximilian, Mejia and Miramon.

Dying Speeches of the Victims.

NEWS BY WAY OF HAVANA.

About Santa Anna's Movement--Indignation of the Populace Against Him--Shooting of Imperial Generals in Yucatan--Terms for the Surrender of Vera Cruz Arranged--Vera Cruz Panic Stricken---Imperial Accounts---Maximilian's and Juarez's Correspondence.

NEW ORLEANS, July 9.—The *Times* has a special dispatch from Houston, Texas, giving a detailed account of the execution by the Liberals of Maximilian, Miramon and Mejia. None of the prisoners were bound or blindfolded, nor was any indignity offered. Maximilian, before he was shot, recapitulated the causes that brought him to Mexico, and denied the authority of the Court that tried him, and hoped his blood would stop the further effusion of blood in Mexico. Just before led out, he called to the sergeant of the guard, and gave him a handful of gold, and requested as a favor that the soldiers would aim at his heart. His last words were, "Poor Carlotta!" Five balls entered his breast, but these did not kill him immediately, so two other soldiers were ordered to shoot him in the side. In this manner he was dispatched. Much dissatisfaction and grief was manifested by those who witnessed it. Miramon read from a paper which he had written, that the only regret he felt in dying was that the Liberals should remain in power and should have power to point out his children as the children of a traitor. Mejia made no address, but met his fate quietly and bravely. The sword of Maximilian was presented to Juarez by Escobedo in the Government Palace.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The Mexican legation has received official information from the government of the State of Yucatan to the effect that Santa Anna landed at the port of Sisal at Gen. Perago's invitation, and while there he was arrested. The statement that he was forcibly taken from the steamer Virginia seems unfounded.

News from Mexico, via Havana—not so late, however, as that which reports the shooting of Santa Anna—has been received. A letter dated Havana, June 27, announcing the arrival of the Spanish steamer Cuidad Condas, says:

Among the most notable of the refugees by said steamer, I noticed General Taboada, who commanded the Imperialist forces in Vera Cruz, and whose doings on the arrival of Santa Anna gave rise to the old hero's last fiasco. No less than eight individuals of his family accompany him.

Another notable character, the high and mighty ex-Imperial Commissary of Yucatan, Salazar Ilarregui, has arrived in the Spanish steamer. The fact is that Merida had to surrender at last, after a fruitless and disastrous resistance, and now the whole of Yucatan is in the hands of the Liberals.

General Santa Anna had been removed from Sisal to Campeche, where the populace were very much infuriated against him. The General was sent there in a small gunboat, and when he was taken ashore he recurred to the magnificent reception he met with in that city in the year 1825, as Commandant General, so different to that which awaited him in 1867.

From the moment he put his foot on shore the populace, composed of all castes and colors, got up a tremendous hue and cry in the most insulting terms, and the leader of this mob approached the General so near that he found it necessary to repulse him rather roughly himself. These violent proceedings, however, were decidedly disapproved of by the respectable part of the inhabitants. The General continued in prison, without any communication whatever with outsiders; but in case any tumult were to break out among the mob, demanding his life, it was not improbable that he would be sacrificed to their fury, just as was the case with General Espejo, Senors Govantes, Avila and Ponce, after the fall of Merida. Espejo was the Military Commander of Calquisnini; Nicolas Govantes, Prefect of Campeche, and N. Ponce, Prefect of the Island of Carmen. They were all shot on the 20th inst.

It was currently reported and believed in Campeche that documents of a very important nature had been found in the possession of General Santa Anna.

The terms for the surrender of Vera Cruz to General Benavides had been signed.

A letter dated Vera Cruz, 20th inst., to the following effect, has been received from a Liberal source: Senor Carran, one of the richest and most prominent merchants in Vera Cruz, is at Sacrificios just now, where he is making arrangements with the Imperial commissary for the capitulation of Vera Cruz to General Benavides. Under these circumstances the feelings among the three prevailing parties grow desperate. The garrison appears determined to do anything rather than surrender. The Republicans, joined by the American and English Consuls, are for supporting Juarez; and the pigmy party, led on by a few military chiefs, would like to pronounce for Santa Anna. The latter party sent a commissioner by the last French steamer to Havana—the France—to look for Santa Anna, presuming that the General went on in the Virginia. Not meeting with him he proceeded to New York.

Everything is in a most disorganized state, and the disorder increases daily, which may at last prove disastrous. In the Plaza de Armas, and at the corners of the principal streets, guns have been placed since the 16th ult., and the next day seven earthworks, mounted with artillery, were thrown up. The consternation was general; a conflict is inevitable, and before long the hour for thirst for blood and vengeance may arrive. Senor Carran has arrived, since the above, from Sacrificios; on reaching the wharf General Toboada committed violence on him by wrenching out of his hands a dispatch he brought for the American Consul, as also a free pass which the Prefect had granted him to go to Sacrificios. The General desisted afterwards from his purpose, and will probably be banished.

In a hot discussion which the commandant of San Juan de Ulloa Castle had with the Imperial Commissary, the former told him he was too timid to confront the actual situation, and that the Commissary ought to give up the command to him. As the latter resisted, the commandant reminded him that the castle was under his command, and that he could place his artillery in such a way as to sweep away all the imposters that were in the city, and sure enough, seven pieces of heavy caliber have appeared mounted toward the city. The parties have since had another meeting, and Bureau having become very much alarmed, it has almost been decided that he resigns his post in favor of this Perez Gomez, whose second was then to take command of the castle, and Gen. Cuevas would, in that case, be named General-in-Chief and Director of the Artillery.

MAXIMILIAN AND JUAREZ.

Late San Luis Potosi papers contain the correspondence between Maximilian and Juarez. The first is a letter from Maximilian, dated May 25th, asking, in case his counsel did not arrive in time, that he be allowed time necessary for his defense, and to arrange his private affairs. To this Juarez promptly replied that the time should be allowed. The next letter from Maximilian is dated May 27th, asking that the Supreme Government issue an order allowing his counsel to leave the City of Mexico, which was under seige, and desiring to speak personally with Juarez upon grave affairs and very important to the country. Juarez gave the order for the exit from the city of the parties named, but as to the interview, that could not be granted, considering the distance which separated them. Everything fitting as to Maximilian's private affairs should, however, be done.

THE WHEELING MURDER.

Name of the Murdered Man.

[From the Wheeling Intelligencer of Tuesday.]

On the 18th day of May last, a man calling himself Klemenz Uhlrich, made his appearance at the house of John Helms, a German, immediately above Bridgeport. This man was in company with another, and both represented that they had come up the river from Parkersburg. Both went to work with Helms, who has charge of a vineyard on the Ohio side of the river. A short time after, Uhlrich quit work and came over to this city, taking board at Kline's, in North Wheeling. The other man remained with Helms, and is still at work for him.

Since his advent here Uhlrich has worked at various places. When Mr. Helms saw the paper of yesterday morning, containing the account of the finding of the body of a murdered man, he remembered that Klemenz Uhlrich had been working for him, and that he had heard him say he had a brother named Aloisius in Parkersburg. Helms came over to town at once and notified the police of the man Klemenz Uhlrich having been at his house, and of his having come over to this city. Search was immediately made, and Uhlrich was at last discovered at the house of Mr. Kline in the First Ward. He was taken to the Police Court room and examined by Justice Johnson, an interpreter being employed.

On being shown the paper in German, he acknowledged the signature to be his. Being then questioned as to the personal appearance of his brother Aloisius, he gave a description of his clothes, which corresponds with that of the wearing apparel found upon the murdered man; said that his brother had lost some of his front teeth, a loss which had been observed in the corpse; and gave other particulars, all rendering it morally certain that the body found was that of Aloisius Uhlrich.

Additional questions being put to him, he stated that he had not seen his brother since leaving Parkersburg on the 15th or 16th of May last; and that he had written two letters to him since then but had received no answer. He was now told that his brother had been murdered. The news seemed to affect him very much. He choked up, and wept, and did not recover his composure for a considerable length of time. He was then given to understand that it would be necessary for him to be present to-day, for further examination. To make everything sure, he was taken to the jail, though not under constraint, for lodging during the night.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Petition of Kentucky Negroes for Suffrage.

Universal Suffrage Promised in Maryland.

October Session of Congress Probable.

The President Will Not Delay the Reconstruction Bill.

No Impeachment Report this Session.

Gen. Sickles Favors Universal Suffrage and Universal Amnesty.

Special Dispatch to Commercial.

WASHINGTON, July 9, 1867.

Negro Suffrage in Kentucky.

Speaker Colfax has received the petition of one hundred and seventy colored men, lately United States soldiers, residing in Kentucky, stating that the State laws deny them the right to testify in court; that they cannot, therefore, obtain redress for murder and outrage: that colored men have been murdered in cold blood, and not having the right to testify the criminals go unpunished, and asking Congress to grant them the right of suffrage. The petition will be laid before the House.

The Surratt Case.

The evidence in the Surratt case was brief and unimportant. It related mostly to the character of an ex-detective named Lee, who swore to seeing Surratt here on the day of the assassination. Several testified that Lee had told them that he did not know Surratt, but at the same time they swore that they would not believe Lee on his oath. The defense have to complete their evidence this week.

Universal Suffrage in Maryland.

The Committee of one hundred appointed by the Baltimore City Republican meeting, held last night, seemed to be the only strangers around the halls of Congress this forenoon. Various of their sub-Committees of half a dozen each had interviews with many prominent Republican members, from all of whom they received assurances that so soon as Congress commenced general legislation, acts would surely be passed securing universal suffrage in Maryland and Kentucky, and making treason odious now as it was during the war.

An October Session.

It is now probable that the proposition to hold another extra session in October will be conditionally passed—that is, to hold the session if a quorum judging it necessary for the public safety shall attend at noon of the day to be fixed for the proposed meeting of the two Houses.

Patents.

The number of patents to be issued during the current week will be 279.

Presidential Action on Reconstruction.

The President is said to have expressed a determination not to hold back any supplemental reconstruction bill Congress may pass an hour longer than absolutely necessary to enable him to act intelligently upon it. It is therefore possible to terminate the session by the end of the week.

Surveys in Colorado.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office has received information from the Surveyor General of Colorado, that a contract has been entered into with an experienced deputy for the survey of standard and township lines on the South Platte river, and sub-divisions on Terrapin creek. These surveys are all that can be done this season in the direction of the Pacific Railroad and South Platte on account of the Indian troubles. The township to be subdivided will include a number of settlements on Terrapin and Coal Creeks.

Presidential Nominations.

The Cabinet had a meeting to-day, at which it was decided to send nominations to the Senate, notwithstanding that this was recognized as a continuation of the first session of the Fortieth Congress.

The Impeachment Report.

The Judiciary Committee to-day passed a resolution proposed by its Chairman, which will be reported to the House in a day or two, stating that it will be impossible for them to report on the impeachment question before the 16th of October.

Universal Suffrage and Universal Amnesty.

Gen. Sickles has mailed the President a copy of a letter which he has written on reconstruction, in which he favors universal suffrage and universal amnesty.

The Indian Troubles.

The Indian Bureau is preparing a report on the Indian troubles and it is believed that it will show that there is no necessity for calling on volunteer troops to aid in suppressing the disturbances.

WASHINGTON, July 9, 1867.

OREGON LAND SALES.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office has adjusted an account between the United States and State of Oregon for five per cent. fund accruing to the latter upon the net proceeds of sales of public lands without her limits during the years 1865 and 1866, and finds that the sum due to the State on the 31st of December, 1866, amounted to $8,566 79.

TREASURY CIRCULAR.

The following instructions are issued by the Treasury Department: Vessels coming from any point or place in Canada, must report at their first place of arrival in the United States, presenting to the collector or other legally authorized officer of customs, a manifest of the cargo on board, from what port or place shipped, and what port or place in the United States destined, and specifying that there is no other merchandise on board than such as has been described in such manifest and signification, said master must make oath before the Collector of Customs; if any portion of merchandise on the manifest is destined to be landed at the point of arrival, the collector of such port will see it is made, and make certificate of such landing on the manifest and permit the vessel to proceed on the voyage to the next port at which her manifest shows she has merchandise to land. Merchandise described on manifest as destined for other than the first port of entry may, if desired by the owners thereof, be landed and entries made at any such port, and the manifest must in such cases be corrected and certified to by the collector or other principal officer of customs at that port.

[Signed] H. McCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

FROM NASHVILLE.

Disorderly Conduct of Negro Militia.

NASHVILLE, July 9.—The Mayor of Nashville had an interview to-day with Col. Duncan, commander of the post, touching the riotous conduct of a negro militia company sent to Franklin by the State authorities, before their departure from this place. Col. Duncan agreed with the Mayor that it was reprehensible, and declared they ought to have been arrested. He also said he had demanded of State Inspector General Hunt his reasons for sending said troops to Franklin after he had sent there a sufficient force of regular troops to preserve the peace, and announced that he would protect the people, and would not permit any interference with his authority by the State militia. It is earnestly hoped that Gen. Thomas will detail United States troops to take the place of the local militia.

FROM CHARLESTON.

Letter from General Sickles on Reconstruction.

CHARLESTON, July 9.—General Sickles has addressed a long letter to Senator Trumbull, in which he states he has decided not to begin registration in his district until Congress determines who shall be registered, and expresses the hope that Congress will extend time of registration to October or November. General Sickles details many objectionable features of the present instructions under which commanding officers are now obliged to act, and suggests certain remedies.

From Richmond.

RICHMOND, July 9.—The colored majority on the registration lists to-day was 250. Accounts from the southwestern parts of the State and the Valley show large majorities for the whites.

Admiral Tucker, late of the Peruvian navy, has been appointed by the Peruvian government to take charge of an expedition to explore the Amazon.

MAXIMILIAN.

What Was He in Mexico?

A writer in the New York *Commercial*, who signs himself, "A late English Resident in Mexico," asks to be permitted to write "a few truthful words" with respect to the career of Maximilian in Mexico, which, the writer thinks, is but imperfectly known. The following is the principal portion of his communication:

No one can justify the conduct of the Emperor Napoleon in attempting to establish a monarchy in Mexico, nor sympathize in his avowed object to humiliate the United States. The time chosen for this attempt was that of unexampled difficulty for the American people, and created, consequently, both distrust and odium, and part of that odium has fallen on one who least deserves it. Maximilian, at first, was extremely disinclined to go to Mexico, when a considerable body of leading Mexicans, such as Gutierrez, Estrada, Escandon, Land, &c., waited upon him at Miramar to proffer him the crown, he refused to accept it, except on the condition that the invitation should be ratified by a vote of the Mexican people. A junta of notables was subsequently called in the City of Mexico, and with the exception of eight votes Maximilian was elected Emperor. The list of members is a public document, and complaints were afterwards made that this list was made out under French influence; yet, anybody acquainted with Mexico will at once recognize in it the principal landed proprietors and capitalists of Mexico.

On his arrival in Mexico all his measures were taken in the way of conciliation. Both Liberals and Conservatives were equally favored, and, indeed, so liberal were his views that they alienated from him many of the more bigoted and influential of the Church Party. There arose between him and Bazaine a constant struggle about the wholesale shooting of brigands and robbers condemned by court martials. Maximilian always inclined to mercy; and the writer recollects, when last in the City of Mexico, when a certain Romero and some twenty others had been sentenced by a French court martial to be shot next morning (and really they were murderous ruffians by the evidence), Maximilian telegraphed from Chapultepec late at night to Bazaine, directing that only the three principals of this gang were to suffer.

Marshal Bazaine repeatedly complained of this lenity, which he called want of energy, and when Maximilian was left at last almost in hostile contact with him, his Ministers insisted that he should change his mild policy, and assured him that his Generals could not subdue the flying bands of *guerrilleros* without subjecting them to severity. The whole six Ministers, consisting of Ramonez, Robles, Silliceo, Esteva, &c., &c., presented him the decree for signature, threatening him not only with their resignation, but also the abandonment of his troops, if he did not sign it; after two days' delay, he did sign it, observing that nothing in the decree should prevent him acting with clemency, if he thought fit. Mejia, who knew his sentiments, acted on them, and on his subsequent capture of Escobedo and other chiefs, handsomely released them. This is the Escobedo who has since shot Meijia at Queretaro. The only officer who acted on this decree was Mendez, who has likewise since been shot. I must admit that this decree was a fatal blunder, and even a crime, but to prove that Maximilian himself issued it only as a menace and bug-bear is proved by his not having executed one of the many prisoners he has made since he took command of the army.

I may mention that on the departure of the French, the whole six Ministers who had signed the decree left the country, and are now in Paris. But although Maximilian was already at Orizaba, within ten hours of Vera Cruz, where the Austrian frigate, the Dandalo, was with steam up, waiting for him, yet, on an intimation that the lives and property of those who had supported him were at the mercy of Juarez, he at once returned to Mexico, solely with the view of negotiating terms for their benefit. He sent Commissioners to Juarez, who would only admit "unconditional surrender," and he then joined his forces at Queretaro, solely with the view of an honorable accommodation, when the treachery of a certain Miguel Lopez (a Mexican, a bosom friend, for whose child he had stood godfather,) brought on his unfortunate end.

Pardon me this long letter, but I am anxious that this great and generous people of the United States should no longer look upon Max as a fillibuster and an assassin. Mr. Blondel, the Belgian Minister (formerly here), said to me that Maximilian once, in conversation, said "that he was afraid that his efforts to regenerate Mexico would not succeed, but that he would not relax.' 'I consider,' said he, 'that we Princes have a mission and a work to do, like other men, and I shall endeavor to do it.'

The writer is no panegyrist of Maximilian, nor a partisan of either party in Mexico (except equally detesting both as containing the scum of the most degraded of the human race), but from a personal knowledge of the kindliness of heart, virtuous conduct, and affable deportment of the late young Prince, he has not been able to restrain himself from offering the foregoing honest and truthful tribute to his memory.

CITY MATTERS.

Central Board of Education.

The Central Board of Education met Tuesday evening, July 9th.

Present—Messrs. Getty, Lowe, McAuley, McCook, Nobbs, Sergeant, Wilson and Brush, President.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The monthly reports of the principal of the High School, Principal of the Colored School and of the Secretary were read and ordered to be received and filed.

Mr. McAuley, from the Committee on Finance, presented a report, which was read and accepted.

Mr. Sergeant, from the Committee on Teachers and Salaries, presented the following:

Resolved, That the apportionment of teachers in the ward high and colored schools for the ensuing school year be as follows:

WARD SCHOOLS.

	Principals.	Grammar Teachers.	Intermediate Teachers.	Primary Teachers.
1st Ward	1	3	3	5
2d Ward	1	2	2	4
3d & 10th	1	3	4	9
4th Ward	1	3	2	3
5th Ward	1	3	4	8
6th Ward	1	4	4	10
7th Ward	1	1	2	5
8th Ward	1	1	3	8
9th Ward	1	2	1	6

HIGH SCHOOL.—One Principal, one Professor of Mathematics, one Professor of Belles-Letters, one Female Assistant, one Teacher of Book-Keeping and Penmanship, one Teacher of Drawing.

COLORED SCHOOL.—One Principal and two Assistants.

Resolved, That the salaries to be paid to the teachers and professors shall be at the following rates per annum:

WARD SCHOOLS.—Principals, $1,350; Grammar Teachers, $525; Intermediate Teachers, $475; Primary Teachers, $425.

HIGH SCHOOL.—Principal, $1,650; Professor of Mathematics, $1,450; Professor of Belles Letters, $1,450; Female Assistant, $625; Teacher of Book-keeping and Penmanship, $525; Teacher of Drawing, $240.

COLORED SCHOOL.—Principal, $1,000; Assistants, $425.

Resolved, That the salary of the Janitor of the High School shall be at the rate of $500 per annum, and that of the Colored School, $120.

On motion, the report was accepted and the resolutions adopted.

On motion of Mr. McAuley, the Professors and Teachers in the High School were re-elected: Principal, Philotus Dean; Professor of Mathematics, H. W. Bancroft; Professor of Belles Lettres, C. A. Kenaston; Assistant, Miss Heppie Wilkins; Teacher of Book-Keeping, J. C. Smith; Teacher of Drawing, A. Vander Naillen; Janitor, Hugh Boice.

The Late Jewelry Store Robbery—Arrest of One of the Supposed Thieves—Recovery of Goods.

A young man named Robert Moorhead, was arrested yesterday on suspicion of being one of the parties who burglariously entered the jewelry store of J. W. Simonton, on Liberty street, on Tuesday night, 25th ult., and stole therefrom jewelry to the value of over one thousand dollars. On Monday night, Moorhead, while considerably intoxicated, visited a house of ill-repute on Crawford street, in the Sixth ward, and shortly afterwards asked for the loan of a small basket, to go out and get some things. He returned about one o'clock in the morning, having the basket filled with jewelry. He gave two men in the house each a revolver. Suspecting that the jewelry had been stolen, one of the women in the house informed Alderman Butler of the fact, yesterday about noon, when the 'Squire, accompanied by officer Shore, immediately repaired to the house, where they found Moorhead sleeping. They took charge of the basket and jewelry, and arrested Moorhead and conveyed him to the Alderman's office. Mr. Simonton was sent for, and identified all the articles in the basket as those stolen from his store. The articles in the basket were valued at over three hundred dollars, and consisted of a gold watch, four revolvers, chains, lockets, rings breastpins, knives, bracelets and other smaller articles. Upon identifying the articles, Mr. Simonton made an information before Alderman Butler against Moorhead, and the latter was committed to jail, in default of fifteen hundred dollars bail, for a hearing this afternoon at one o'clock. He subsequently procured bail and was released. As the jewelry found in Moorhead's possession was about one-third of what was stolen from Mr. Simonton's store, it is supposed that there was one or two others engaged in the robbery, and efforts are being made to ferret them out and to recover the remainder of the stolen goods, if possible.

ÆRIAL NAVIGATION—CABLE ASCENSIONS.—Professor O. H. Wood, an experienced balloonist, proposes to give in this city a series of cable ascensions, if sufficiently encouraged, to enable those of our citizens who may wish to explore the blue etherial vault to do so scientifically. He has given these ærial excursions in some of our Eastern cities, with great success—many scientific men having participated in them. Prof. Wood will undertake the excursions, provided a certain number of tickets, which are for sale at Pittock's, on Fifth street, be disposed of, to warrant him in doing so. He proposes, at the end of the series, to make a grand ascension and aerial trip to New York, and will take with him three passengers.

POLITICAL.

PENNSYLVANIA.

John A. Dale, Esq., of Tionesta, is a candidate for Associate Judge in Forrest county. Mr. Dale was the first Republican elected to office in Venango county. The people were so well pleased with the experiment that they have elected none but Republicans to office since.

Judge Sharswood's unpopularity in Philadelphia is being developed in the manner with which the financiers, bankers, manufacturers, merchants and business men generally regard his past course. By his decision in reference to legal tender currency, he created more confusion and individual loss among business men than did any other judicial officer in the United States by a decision from the bench. On this account the business men of the metropolis are resolved to cut Sharswood at the ballot-box. They aver, and justly so, that a man who struck a blow at the credit of the nation in the hour of its peril, is not to be trusted in peace when its highest honors are to be distributed. Hence the merchants, manufacturers and bankers of Philadelphia, who are practical men, and who produce the wealth which maintains the Government, will oppose Sharswood.

OHIO.

The Democracy of Jefferson county have nominated the following ticket:—Representative—Francis S. Adams, of Wayne township. Treasurer—Robert K. Hill, of Steubenville township. Sheriff—Wm. C. Myers, of Steubenville. Prosecuting Attorney—Wm. A. Owesney, of Steubenville. Recorder—John W. Collins, of Cross Creek. Surveyor—Joseph M. Rickey, of Steubenville. Commissioner—Mordecai Moore, of Ross. Coroner—Levi Roe, of Wells. Infirmary Director—Joseph McCoy, of Cross Creek.

Pittsburgh Exhibitors at Paris.

Among the Pennsylvania exhibitors at the Paris Exhibition were the following Pittsburghers:

Crystal, Rich Glassware and Glazing—Lyon, J. B., & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.—Pressed glassware.

Product of Mines and Metallurgy.—Park, Brothers & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.—Castiron edge tools; Bigley, N. J., Pittsburgh, Pa.—Samples of coal, limestone, fire clay.

Apparatus and Method of Mining Metallurgy. —Hall & Speer, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Iron center plow; Bidwell, J. C., Pittsburgh, Pa.—Comstock's rotary plows, spades; J. B. Seymour, Pa.—Corn planter.

◆

Stephen Smythe, a policeman of the Fifth Precinct, New York, was arrested Monday for trying to shoot his roundsman, Miles Deshays, while the squad for night duty was in line at the station house, about to start out on their night tour. He drew his pstol on the roundsman, but the hammer fell without exploding the cap, and he was immediately disarmed. The cause alleged for the attempt is his enmity toward Deshays for having reported him frequently for violation of the police regulations.

A Beautiful Upright Piano.

One of those charming and new *Upright* or Boudoir Pianos of the famous Steinway & Sons make, and which was specially ordered for a prominent merchant, at the Monongahela House, has just arrived, and will remain on exhibition for a day or two at Kleber & Bro.'s. Such is their beauty and compactness of shape, and the surpassing sweetness of their tone, that it is hazarding nothing to express the belief that in less than ten years the upright style of piano will supercede all others and be as popular here as they are now in Europe.

The Honors of the Exposition.

Attempting to state a fact as to the result of the piano competition at the Paris Exposition, we find ourselves involved in a controversy that bids fair to be as protracted and as unprofitable as possible. We stated that Steinway had *the* gold medal for pianos, at Paris. We now make haste to remark:

Cable dispatches give us the gratifying intelligence that Chickering & Son, "in addition to receiving an equal gold medal, with Steinway and Broadwood, were awarded the extraordinary distinction of the Decoration of the Legion of Honor."

Our own correspondent at Paris remarked that there was no question as to the superiority of the Steinway and Chickering pianos over all others in the world, and that the competition was between them alone.—*Cincinnati Commercial, of Monday.*

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CHALLENGE.

JENKINS' EUREKA,
OLYMPIC
FARINA,
TORRID ZONE,
OLD DOMINION,
EMERALD,
RED WING
CLARKSVILLE,
DURNING,
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273 LIBERTY ST.,
PITTSBURGH.
Commission Merchant
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
FLOUR AND PRODUCE,
OF ALL KINDS.

PROPOSALS
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
School Building

For the Colored Children of Pittsburgh, will be received at the office of Dr. GEO. L. McCOOK, No. 110 Fifth street, until noon of July 23d, 1867.

Plans and specifications may be examined at the office of BARR & MOSER, No. 22 St. Clair street.

The Committee ask for Proposals on a cash basis, and reserve the right to reject all or any of the bids.

GEO. L. McCOOK,
J. H. NOBBS,
JARED M. BRUSH,
Committee.

NOTICE—PATRICK KINNEY, First Ward, City of Pittsburgh, now confined in the County Jail, will apply to Gov. Geary for pardon and remission of fine, of which all parties will take notice.

1,000 TIERCES Canvass Sugar Cured Hams.
300,000 POUNDS Bacon Shoulders.
100,000 POUNDS Bacon Sides.
25,000 POUNDS canvass sugar cur'd Breakfast Bacon.
15,000 POUNDS canvass S.C. dried beef.
300 DOZEN S. C. Beef Tongues.

Arriving and in store, for sale by
F. SELLERS & CO.,
321, 329 and 331 Penn street, cor. Wayne.

SPRING OPENING OF
MILLINERY GOODS.

We are now receiving a large and well selected stock of
STRAW GOODS,
Comprising the Latest Styles and Varieties out. The latest Novelties in Ornaments, Flowers and Ribbons, to which we call the attention of the trade.

AFFELDER & CO.,
54 MARKET STREET.

Our Retail Department we recommend to the favorable notice of the Ladies.

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A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE, AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY.

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Address COMMERCIAL, PITTSBURGH.

☞ *Advertisements on this page under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, &c., *will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—PARTNER—With $15,000 to take an active interest in an established Manufacturing Business, one of the best paying in the city. Address Box R, Commercial office.

WANTED—SITUATION—A Situation in a Wholesale or Manufacturing House, by a first-class Salesman and Traveling Agent; can give best of references; will travel and sell goods on commission, if preferred. Address B. C., this office.

WANTED—CARRIAGE TRIMMER—A Carriage Trimmer, to go to the country. Inquire at 135 Wood street.

WANTED—HOUSE—A small neat Property. House of 6 to 8 Rooms, some ground, situated convenient to city, on steam or horse railroad. Cash will be paid for a suitable place. GEO. H. HOLTZMAN, 76 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—MONEY—I have applications from perfectly reliable sources, wanting to pledge or sell valuable securities for ready cash. Apply to GEO. H. HOLTZMAN, 76 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—TO RENT—A small House with 4 or 5 Rooms. Address, stating location and terms, A. E., this office.

WANTED—JOB PRINTING—At SEIBERT & CO.'S, Steam Book and Job Printers, corner Fourth and Wood, (over Brady's Bank).

WANTED—LOT OF GROUND—A Lot of Ground somewhere in the city or suburbs, suited for a shop. Must be about 200 feet square, or larger. The advertiser has first-class residence, with ground attached, near the city on the Pennsylvania Railroad, to offer in exchange. Address W, care this office.

WANTED—A PURCHASER—A first-class Billiard Room, nine Tables, enjoying a large and lucrative patronage, can be purchased on reasonable terms. Apply to 72 and 74 Fifth street, or address JOHN GATES, Box 256, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—Male and Female, local and general, to introduce the greatest invention of the age. For particulars address with stamp, JOHN S. WILSON & CO., No. 534 Arch street, Philadelphia.

WANTED—AGENTS—$20 00—$100—Male and female, to introduce our New Patent Star Shuttle Sewing Machine. It is adapted for family use, and Tailoring. It makes a stitch alike on both sides. Price only Twenty Dollars. Extraordinary inducements to Agents. For full particulars, address W. G. WILSON & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—AGENTS—To sell Westcott's Adjustable Dash Churn—the best Churn out, simple and reliable. Good men wanted. Address THOMAS H. BINGHAM & CO., 366 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—AGENTS—$18 00 a Day—Agents wanted, male and female, to introduce a new article of household utility. Only Five Dollars capital is required. Particulars free. Address W. A. HENDERSON & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—AGENTS—$75 to $200 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce throughout the United States the Genuine Improved Common Sense Family Sewing Machine. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address, SECOMB & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

WANTED—BOOK AGENTS—For "Beyond the Mississippi;" from the Great River to the Great Ocean. By Albert D. Richardson. Over 20,000 copies sold in one month. Life and Adventure on Praries, Mountains and the Pacific Coast, with over 200 Descriptive and Photographic Views of the Scenery, Cities, Lands, Mines, People and Curiosities of the New States and Territories. To prospective emigrants and settlers in the "Far West," this History of that vast and fertile region will prove an invaluable assistance, supplying as it does a want long felt of a full, authentic and reliable guide to climate, soil, products, means of travel, &c., &c. Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

STOLEN.

STOLEN—$50 REWARD—Stolen from the subscriber on Saturday night, July 6th, a Black Mare, four years old, about fifteen hands high, right hind foot white, and a small star in forehead. The above reward will be paid for the return of the Mare to JACOB RICE, Bullskin township, Fayette county, Pa.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ROOM—One elegantly furnished Room. Apply at No. 55 Second street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—Three or four Rooms on first floor of residence in the suburbs, immediately adjoining the Soldiers' Home, Ninth Ward. Good large premises attached, with stabling if wanted. Apply to GEO. H. HOLTZMAN, Real Estate Agent, 76 Fifth street, (Commercial Building), Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—ROOM—A large Room, Suitable for a Sample Room. Inquire of ABEL & CO., 54 St. Clair street.

FOR SALE--HOUSES.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT—The House and Lot at present occupied by the subscriber, situated on Bidwell street (Manchester Passenger Railway) 67 feet 8½ inches wide, and running through the same width 296 feet 10 inches, to Allegheny Avenue. Terms easy. ISAAC CRAIG, Bidwell street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY RESIDENCE—At Evergreen Hamlet, one of the finest locations in this neighborhood. This property is a bargain. GEO. H. HOLTZMAN, 76 Fifth street.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—A complete residence at Wilkinsburg. The Mansion is in thorough modern condition as to conveniences, with all the usual out-buildings, and several Acres of level Ground. Possession immediate. Address H, at this office.

FOR SALE--CITY.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—On one of the leading thoroughfares in Pittsburgh, doing a good Retail and Prescription business; also, Soda Water trade. Will be sold cheap, as owner is desirous of leaving the city. Address E. H. B., Commercial office.

FOR SALE—ALDERNEY COW AND CALF—A pure blood Alderney Cow and Calf. Inquire of FINLEY TORRENS, No. 66 Third st.

FOR SALE—PLANING MILL—Located on the corner of Market and Bayard streets, Allegheny, being a new and substantial three story brick, 50x100 feet, with a Dry House 22x50 feet, separate from main building. The machinery consists in part of 1 Double Surfacing, 1 Flooring, 1 Siding Machine, and a complete set of Sash and Door Machinery, all of which is of the best manufacture, and as good as new. The ground attached has a frontage on three streets 100x245 feet. The mill is now in operation and doing a good business. For terms of sale and all other information, apply to J. C. COUCH, 136 Water street, or J. W. ANDERSON, 189 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE PROPERTY—A desirable Property in Wilkinsburg. The proprietor offers for sale one Acre of Ground, located in Wilkinsburg, comprising two lots, on one of which there is erected a Brick House, containing four large Rooms and Cellar. For terms apply to A. KENNEDY, 77 Seventh street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY RESIDENCE—At Wilkinsburg, suitable for a large family. All in the most complete and modern condition. GEO. H. HOLTZMAN, 76 Fifth street.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FARM—Situate near Freedom, on the Economy and Harmony Road, Beaver county, Pa., containing 110 Acres, with House, Barn and Orchards, good fences and other improvements. Also, 30 Acres of fine white oak timber. Soil rich and productive. Will be sold at a bargain. A Church and School House near by. Inquire of W. H. BRILL, 77 Federal street, or J. B. SNEAD, Freedom, Pa.

FOR SALE—FINE OLD COUNTRY SEAT—A beautiful spot of about ten acres, but a short distance from East Liberty Station, with old-fashioned Dwelling, Stone Spring House, large Stable and Carriage House, fine Orchard and three Springs of pure soft water. This place is diversified with hill side and ravine, covered with native forest trees which make it susceptible of the beauties of the celebrated "Idlewild" of N. P. Willis. Price $12,000. Terms easy. Apply to MELLON BROTHERS, East Liberty Station, or A. M. STOTLER, 145 Fifth street, at corner Wylie.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE REAL Estate adjacent to Allegheny City. The tract of land known as the Montgomery Farm, has been divided into lots, suitable for vineyards, gardens, and building sites; situated on high ground, in the midst of pure air, exempt from the smoke and dust, and removed from the noise of the cities, commanding extensive views of picturesque scenery, easy of access and within ten minutes' walk of the Allegheny Postoffice, this property presents unusual inducements to those who desire to secure homes, in a healthy and pleasant neighborhood, convenient to the business centers of Pittsburgh and Allegheny. The larger portion of the tract is offered for sale, at fair prices and on favorable terms, in parcels containing from one to five acres, to suit the views and wishes of purchasers; the residue has been laid off into small lots which are also offered for sale at reasonable prices and on advantageous terms. For further information inquire of J. S. & A. P. MORRISON, Attorneys at Law, Office No. 148 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

DISSOLUTION—THE PARTNERSHIP existing under the style of J. MCALPIN & CO., was dissolved on the 1st inst., by mutual consent, W. G. HARRISON retiring. The business will be settled by J. MCALPIN, at No. 58 Wayne street.

J. McALPIN,
WM. G. HARRISON.

July 9th, 1867.

The Daily Commercial

WEDNESDAY, JULY 10, 1867.

THE COMMERCIAL *is the largest daily paper in the State, and gives daily one-fourth more reading than any other paper in Pittsburgh. It is the only Pittsburgh paper that uses the telegraph liberally, gives full market reports, and all the news of the day.*

THE remarks of Hon. ANDREW STEWART, delivered at Uniontown, on the 4th inst., will be found on the third page. They will be read with interest by the many friends of this venerable statesman.

THE letter written by Gen. ROBERT TOOMBS, of rebel memory, to the "Secretary of the Democratic Central Committee," which is published in this paper, sounds like an echo from the depths where lies burried the lost cause. The gentleman needs reconstructing sadly—not more so, however, than many others, but afraid to speak as he does. No doubt the Democracy will feel like being congratulated on the occasion.

THE Chicago *Times* is a paper of the most malignant copperhead species. Throughout the war it labored for the rebel cause, and was suppressed by a Union general. It has not changed, and because it has not, it is delighted with Judge SHARSWOOD's nomination, and commends warmly his judicial opinion adverse to the legality of our currency. In this instance the candidate and advocate are well matched. The *Times* fights right on for the cause that went down with LEE's surrender, and goes naturally for Judge SHARSWOOD.

THE LOSSES AND THE HOPES.

When a party, whose misconduct, more than its misfortune, has placed it in a hopeless minority, is particularly addicted to saying "we, the people," it is always safe to interpret the expression as meaning, "we the distressed faction." In this sense our Democratic neighbor feelingly discourses in his yesterday's issue. The burden of his sorrows—"the cardinal fact," as he terms it—is, that, "we" have lost something which we hope to find under Democratic rule, and in no other way.

Our inventory of Democratic losses is somewhat different from that of the *Post*. The true account would, we imagine, embrace the following items: "We" have lost the better portion of our best men, who forsook us, for the Union, in the outset of the rebellion; *item*, numerical strength, enough to reduce us to a forlorn minority in every loyal State of the Union; *item*, an indefinite amount of respectability; *item*, all the honors, offices and emoluments; *item*, the glorious privilege of supporting human slavery, and finally—"the most unkindest cut of all"—we have been "cut" by the quondam slaveholders themselves.

Although the *Post* heads its profit and loss account with "we, the people," the people do not own the partnership, as every election testifies, nor do they share the losses of the Democratic party, whose losses, for the last six years, have been the people's gains. And unless that party mind its ways and come more upon the platform of true Union and American policy, its hopes of regaining its ascendancy in the State and country must remain, what they evidently now are, dim and discouraging. When we hear from that broken and forlorn faction the cry "we, the people," the old Greek fabulist's story of "we apples," is brought ludicrously to remembrance.

SPREADING.

The Republican sentiments expressed by the meeting in Albemarle County, Va., are reverberated by a similar meeting at Louisa Court House. The *Enquirer's* anguish will be intensified by this new outburst of Republicanism in that State that has been brought to the very verge of ruin by the want of Republicanism. The denunciations burled against this new and numerous organization is, that it takes its position "on calculation and not on principle." The meetings that have been held lately embraced prominent men, who have been heretofore opposed to the Union movements. Some of them were what are known as "original secessionists," and some were officers in the rebel army. They now abandon formally their old ground, and come squarely upon the side of the Union, and in so many words declare, to the unspeakable horror of the rebel faction, that they "desire to co-operate with the Republican party," in restoring order, peace and prosperity to the State.

This is the true ground. Whether they take it on calculation, or on *principle*, is for themselves to judge. *It will* bear the test of either. As things are and will be, it is clearly the policy of the white people of Virginia, as well as of the other States, to concur in the plan of reconstruction suggested by the Republican party and enacted by Congress. It is seen to be so by such discerning men as Governor ORR, General LONGSTREET and others. It is their best policy, even as it regards the colored people, their neighbors and fellow citizens under the new political era. The Republican party is the best friend of the Southern people, white as well as black. By concurrence the white people secure the direct benefit of good government, under the Constitution, and also an incidental power and influence among the colored people. If they take the position on calculation, it is evidence of their wisdom. It is not wisdom to sacrifice everything on an effete and impracticable theory of secession, however devoted to it they may have been.

The leaven is evidently spreading, and will, we hope, ere long leaven the whole lump. It is quite as safe for the people to follow the precedents of co-operation in the congressional plan of reconstruction, as to submit to the intemperate and pernicious dictation of those who persist in opposition to the Union.

IS THE WAR OVER?

There is a sentence in General SHERIDAN's letter to the Detroit committee of the Fourth of July celebration, which strikes us as somewhat remarkable. He declines the invitation of the committee, on the ground of official engagements; and alluding to the full occupation of his time since the surrender of LEE, he adds, "with me the war is not yet over." This is the sentence to which we refer. And the inquiry arises, What does it mean?

An interpretation unfavorable to the General may perhaps be put upon these words by those so disposed, as intimating that he, personally and officially, has come into collision with the Executive department of the Government in his endeavors to maintain the decisions of the war as embodied in the measures of Congress. But it is more probable that he refers to old antagonisms between the seceded States and the Union Government, which, in new forms, present difficulties in the way of reconciliation and adjustment, after the conflict of arms has ended. Party strifes may be carried on by the various means of arms, debates and intrigues. In the present case the first of these has had its operation, and the controversy of speech and intrigue has followed. With these, in the administration of the affairs entrusted to him, General SHERIDAN has come in conflict with the same antagonism that he encountered in arms. With him, therefore, the war is not yet over.

The same idea on the same grounds, has been entertained and expressed by others. And this tortuous course pursued, to the extent of their ability, by the political leaders of the South and their Northern friends, for frustrating a just policy of reconstruction, fully justifies the idea. The contest has changed its form, but it is not terminated, so long as resistance, in any form, is opposed to the just measures of the Union Government for restoring the disordered States to their proper position. Attempts to resist or evade this result, ordained by the people of the United States, both on the field of war and in the Halls of Congress, are virtually a continuation of the old strife, for the attainment of the old ends of secession. And in this sense General SHERIDAN is right in his statement, which every loyal man will indorse. The country will not be *worried* into indifference, carelessness or concessions, which it could not be cheated, frightened or whipped into.

MAXIMILIAN AND JEFF. DAVIS.

The execution of MAXIMILIAN has proved providential to a class of persons who have been wandering in a state of bewilderment for something substantial or otherwise by which to justify the recent JEFF. DAVIS farce. While there were but few if any in the United States who *did not* condemn the attempt to erect an empire in Mexico, there were just as few who did not feel that MAXIMILIAN should have a fair and impartial trial for such offenses as he may have committed against the Republic. Because the general feeling in the country is that the *ill* fated Duke was harshly and brutally tried and executed, and sympathetic words are uttered at his untimely end, there is, all of a sudden, discovered to be a remarkable parallel between MAX. and JEFF. demanding that the same sympathy which is expressed for the one should be expressed for the other, if people desire to be consistent.

We submit to no such reasoning. It was possible to draw parallels of some sort between them, as that they were males and born of women, and such like, but that they were parallels in their political crimes we utterly deny. We, of course, condemned the presence of MAXIMILIAN in Mexico, and rejoiced when the Republican idea prevailed. But it must be remembered that MAXIMILIAN was a stranger, and had never taken an oath of fealty to the Republic. On the other hand JEFF. DAVIS was a native of the land, was raised from one position of honor and trust in the land to another until he had almost reached the pinnacle, and with each advancement and each return to place he pledged himself anew by his oath to support the Constitution. He violated all his pledges and raised his arm to strike down the government of his fathers—the Government he had so solemnly and repeatedly sworn to defend. Now, wherein is he the parallel of one whose fidelity to his government never faltered nor was ever questioned? JEFF. DAVIS aimed at the life of a beneficent Government, and drenched in blood, and engendered violent and devilish hatreds in a land that had ever been blessed with prosperous and happy peace. MAXIMILIAN was an adventurer in the hands of NAPOLEON to attempt the establishment of an empire in a country where peace had never been known. JEFF. DAVIS, through fiendish hate, destroyed more lives by starvation and cruelty alone, in his prison pens, than were destroyed in the struggle between the Empire and Republic of Mexico. Upon the surrender of the imperial armies the Empire was ended never to rise again in the same person; but upon the surrender of the rebel armies there remained the important question whether rebellion is treason or not, a question that could best be adjusted by the trial and conviction of the man by whose evil genius armies were marshalled against the Government, and suffering and death scattered broad-cast over the land.

With the great body of the loyal people we demanded that the traitor, DAVIS, should be placed upon a fair and impartial trial, because we desired that the great question at issue should be fairly and impartially determined. At the close of the rebellion the rebels remained; but on the fall of the Empire the forces by which the Empire was sustained returned to their own country. Mexico was freed from its hostile element while ours remains. To us it was more necessary to vindicate the majesty of our laws by the lawful conviction of a domestic traitor than to Mexico without form of law to take the life of a foreign foe. By such a conviction we would have presented an example as a warning against rebellion and treason in the future; but by the death of MAXIMILIAN peace is in no way secured to Mexico.

MEXICAN fillibuster expeditions are believed to be on the *tapis* in New Orleans, New York and other points "along shore," with the view to the upsetting of Juarez, and the unfurling of the American flag in the historic Halls of the Montezumas—the place where certain uneasy characters do much long to revel. In New York inflammatory placards have been issued—the preliminary step, it is surmised, to practical fillibusterism which recent events are well calculated to stimulate.

TROUBLE is brewing among the Mormons, a split having already taken place. From the Salt Lake *Vidette*, of the 25th ultimo, we learn that Brigham Young, on the Sunday previous, delivered a lengthy sermon, and boldly and openly announced that Amasa Lyman, Orson Hyde and Orson Pratt, had apostatized and cut from the Church. Orson Hyde was chosen President of the Quorum of the Twelve Apostles last April; Pratt is now one of the Twelve; Lyman has been one of the Apostles. Young was very severe, but particularly denounced Pratt as an unbeliever, possessed of the devil. Young is charged with the design of casting his robes upon the shoulders of Young, Jr. At present this hopeful is in Europe, but will shortly leave for Salt Lake. The number of persons from that quarter of the globe for Utah, is at present very large, the arrangements for obtaining "converts" being quite extensive and complete. The design above referred to may lead to the solution of the Mormon problem. In any light, the event is one of interest.

Grant and the Presidency.

The Atlanta *New Era*, the representative of the views of Ex-Governor Brown, in Georgia, has come out for Gen. Grant for President, and one of the reasons it offers is that Gen. Grant will have "no friends to reward, and no enemies to punish." It believes that his record will "carry him unanimously into the Presidential office." The *New Era* says:

> "Elected and supported by the people, independently of the usual intrigues of interested politicians, and responsible directly to the people, Gen. Grant would be free to select the soundest statesmen and truest patriots for his constitutional advisers, without regard to the section whence they come, or past political associations. Comprising in the comprehensive sweep of his policy the entire country from the St. Lawrence and the Lakes to the Gulf and the Rio Grande, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific, the good of the whole will be his object; and it may reasonably be anticipated that all its members will be harmoniously reunited on his accession to power. Then the country, emerging from its present gloom and despondency, with augmented strength and confidence derived from a firmly-cemented Union, will move irresistibly forward on its mission of good to the nations, and its position as the first Power in the world."

Important to Navigators of the Ohio.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, writing from Louisville, makes the following important statements:

> The pier bridge which is to be built across the Ohio river, at the Falls, by act of Congress, was to have two draws, one for ascending and one for descending steamers, there being two channels over the falls for boats bound up and down. It appears the company intend to construct the bridge without the desirable draws, thus completely suspending navigation for steamers over the falls, making New Albany the head of navigation for upward bound boats during high water. The bridge is to be one hundred feet above low-water mark, which is less than fifty feet above high-water mark. As the present canal is worn out and almost worthless, and the falls rendered unnavigable by the proposed bridge, the steamboat interests of Louisville, Cincinnati and all points above must necessarily be suspended so far as through shipment is concerned. Cincinnati will suffer materially from this barrier to navigation, while St. Louis, Cairo and Evansville will be benefitted. When we take into consideration the vast importance of the commerce of the Ohio river, this is no unimportant subject, and it behooves not only the marine but the mercantile, manufacturing and general shipping interests of Cincinnati to wake up and move forthwith in the matter—see that an injunction is at once gotten up against the construction of a bridge across the Ohio at the falls. If the trade and travel require a bridge, either build it high enough for boats to pass under, or make the requisite number of draws to accommodate the free and unrestricted commerce of the Ohio. The citizens of Louisville hold a meeting relative to this nuisance to-morrow.

The Alabama Claims.

The correspondent of the London *Times*, writing from Boston, who seems to have a pretty intimate acquaintance with the subject, intimates that Mr. Seward hesitates to press the claims of citizens of the United States for damages done by the Anglo-rebel vessel Alabama, because the fair offset which England has will make it an out-of-pocket operation. The opinion is expressed that the matter will remain in its present condition for some time to come, and that in the hands of Mr. Seward it will never militate against the peace of the two countries. The writer says:

> Unless Mr. Seward could make sure of getting all his demands allowed by the English Government he could gain little applause from the adjustment of the dispute, while the blame of leaving it unsettled can always be thrown upon Great Britain. Now, it is not likely, as the Secretary of State is aware, that the claims of the United States would be allowed, before a fair tribunal, without any set-off whatever. Mr. Sumner, who, as Chairman of the Select Committee on Foreign Affairs, has made himself familiar with the details of the subject, has said that the claims of English shipowners and others for compensation, on account of seizures and other losses inflicted upon them during the war, exceed in amount the value of the Alabama claims. The debtor account is thus by no means all on one side. No one is better aware of this than Mr. Seward, *and he may have conceived that it had a better effect in the country to threaten England for refusing to listen to the case of the United States, than to bring it openly into court, and have its weakness exposed*, and permit the other side to be heard.

The Tide of Immigration.

The immigration continues without abatement. It is bringing tens of thousands of people into the country. Did they all come from one country it would appear like an invasion, and would be followed by many of its results. But the immigrants come from different countries, are of different social ranks and conditions, and embrace persons of every degree of intellectual culture and of every variety of religious faith. The better classes, as to intelligence and pecuniary means, which we believe greatly preponderate, usually direct their course to the new States of the West, to engage in agricultural pursuits. Comparatively few go into the Southern States, except perhaps Louisiana and Texas. Formerly they were not wanted nor welcomed in the South, where the slave population was sufficient for the labors of agriculture. Now, when they are desired and invited, they decline to go South on account of its unsettled condition. With habits of industry and economy, their removal to this country will improve their condition, as well as further its material wealth. By assimilation to the native population, by participation in our educational and political institutions, by integrity and sobriety, they will be a strength and consequently a benefit. We want them all to become Americans in feeling and patriotism. We do not want to import Norways, Germanies, Englands and Irelands. The *people* of all lands are greeted with the salutations of friendship and good will. Their *nationalities* may be left behind. The nationality represented by the Stars and Stripes is the only one proper to be cherished here.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

The specie exports from New York, Saturday were as follows: Per City of Baltimore, $51,771; per Teutonia, $260,000; per Fulton, $375,000. This makes a total for the week of $1,534,861, and from the 1st of January to date, $26,155,623.

The foreign imports at New York last week were as follows: dry goods, $1,146,464; general merchandise, $2,825,328. Total $3,971,793. Among the entries were the following: Tea, $218,213; sugar, $497,000; coffee, $227,412; molasses, $38,938; jewelry, $39,915; watches, $17,126; champagne, $10,722; wines, $23,989; brandy, $11,128; fancy goods, $65,872; wool, $55,605; perfumery, $1,575; furs, $11,403.

Says a Paris letter: After more than two months the London tailors on a strike have come to their senses, and propose an arbitration. The master tailors have replied that they know of nothing requiring arbitration, and very sarcastically explain that the best relations exist between them and the men in their employ. This means, of course, that the places of the eight thousand men who struck have already been supplied, and that the masters defy the strikers. What is now to become of these eight thousand misguided men, remains to be seen.

A destructive hail storm swept over parts of Nicholas and Bourbon counties, Kentucky, on the evening of the 1st inst. In Nicholas the damage was confined to the western portion of the county, but it was very great. Every pane of glass in many houses were broken, and whole crops of growing wheat destroyed. The Carlisle *Mercury* estimates the loss at $50,000. In the Sleepy Hollow district, Bourbon county, the damage was also large.

The expenses of the Indian war are now one million dollars per week, and up to the present time every red skin killed has cost a million dollars and ten white men's lives. If the war is carried on in earnest the expense will be considerably increased.

It is represented that the reports of the existence of typhoid fever as an epidemic in Washington, are without foundation. There is no disease prevalent there except Presidential fever. It is sporadic, as yet, but will become epidemic before long.

The Black Crook has now been represented in New York on 300 successive nights and has been witnessed by over 700,000 people.

A New Orleans correspondent gives that city the following first-rate notice:—"The peculiar vice of illicit love prevails here to a greater extent than in any other city on this continent. The tone of morality is very low. New Orleans has all the vice of Paris, without its splendor. A stranger here would imagine that the "social evil" did not at all exist. There are no outward evidences of it. There are no such scenes to be witnessed on Canal street as may be observed on Broadway, on Chestnut street, or on the Haymarket in London. Nevertheless, in neither New York, Philadelphia, or London is there a greater number of fallen women in proportion to the entire population than there is in New Orleans."

The demand for Union flags in Paris at the present time is somewhat extraordinary. A dealer in bunting said the other day that although but a few weeks ago he had a large stock on hand, his supply now was almost entirely exhausted. When the Exposition opened but one flag of the United States was to be seen, and that one was of the smallest kind, and was placed upon the locomotive from Paterson, New Jersey. Now, however, you meet the glorious stars and stripes everywhere; and to us, so far from home, the sight is a most pleasing one. Some might, perhaps, expect that the ensign of the defunct Confederate States would here and there be met with. But such is not the case. There is not one to be seen, although there are in Paris quite a number of the ex-rebel leaders. They have the good sense, with but few exceptions, to keep very quiet.

The debt of $1,200 which has been so long resting upon the American chapel has been liquidated by subscriptions and collections. The Rev. Dr. Eldridge, of New York State, the pastor, deserves great credit for his never-tiring efforts to release the mortgage on this church. The Americans in Paris are most liberal, be it said to their honor, in the support of their churches.

A letter dated at Frankfort-on-the-Main, says the letter of Secretary McCulloch to the Boston merchants has been well received there, and that "American Securities are preferred to any other."

The Chamber of Life Insurance of the United States have decided upon instituting two suits to test the constitutionality of the Life Insurance laws adopted by Tennessee and Pennsylvania and to carry the suits to the Supreme Court of the United States, should it be requisite.

PERSONAL.

—Mrs. Julia Dean, after a long absence from New York, and a checkered career to the very limits of civilization in the territories—whither she has pioneered the drama—reappears in the city of her early fortunes, at the Broadway theater, as Julia in "The Hunchback."

—The cause of the death of the Archduchess Matilda, of Austria, affianced to the heir of the Italian throne, has transpired. She was smoking a cigarette in her parlor, and when some one came in she hastily put it behind her, and her dress, which was of light material, caught fire, and she was burned to death. She was only eighteen, and very much beloved by the people.

—Gen. Kilpatrick, our Minister to Chile, has written a letter indignantly repelling the accusation that he has been guilty of introducing an abandoned woman into respectable society at Santiago and that he has been picked up drunk in the streets. In addition to saying that he has instructed his lawyer in New York to prosecute the authors if they can be found, he says the first charge must be known to be untrue by every man of common sense; and as to the other, he says he has not drank a drop of liquor since he has been in Chile: that he did not drink in the army, and never did drink intoxicating drinks.

—Tommy, the Japanese, it appears, since his visit to the United States, has become a very distinguished man. A very wealthy Japanese, soon after the war against Choshue, took Tommy under his especial protection, and he is at present looked upon as a rising man. He is to be Governor of Hiago—one of the new ports to be opened on the 1st of January—and will be of great service to the Americans in that capacity.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Stephens, of Hoboken, New Jersey, gave a strawberry festival recently, at which 2,400 children were present. Five thousand baskets of strawberries, five thousand cakes, and one hundred and twenty gallons of ice cream were consumed.

—Constantine Bodisco, son of the former Russian Minister, and an *attaché* of the present Russian Legation, will be married on Thursday next to Miss Barton, of Washington.

Facts About Ivory.

To supply the ivory necessary to manufactures of Sheffield alone a large army of elephants are killed annually—some years ago estimated at as many as 22,000. Though the largest and strongest of animals, the largest elephant drops instantly if hit with a bullet in the eye, or the base of the trunk or behind the ear. Every civilized nation requires the ivory, and the elephant not being a prolific animal, it is not improbable that the time will not be long when he will be an extinct species. The hippopotamus, the walrus and the narwhal possess teeth, horns or tusks which serve for ivory, although the elephant is the only animal which supplies the genuine article. Of the two species of elephant, the Indian and African, the latter have by far the largest tusks, 325 pounds being the weight of a single pair, measuring eight feet six inches in length. This pair was at the exhibition of 1857. Ivory of an extinct species—"things of Adam's time"—so called on account of its antiquity, was found in Siberia. In the New Siberian Islands are found immense deposits of tusks, horns and other animal remains, apparently caused by some immense drift which carried the lighter ones the farthest.

IT is related that Col. Cake, Collector at the port of Philadelphia, the other day received a note from Secretary McCulloch, who stated that he had heard with mingled surprise and indignation that he (the Collector) had appointed to subordinate places in the Custom House "men who had abused President Johnson." To this charge Col. Cake responded that he did not know where to look for anybody who had not abused him. The Democrats abused him before his election and the Republicans since that event, so he had been abused all around.

GENERAL TOOMBS NOT SUBDUED.

He Wants to See What He Fought for Established—Genuine Democratic Doctrine.

[From the West and South, July 5.]

MR. TOOMBS'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

We have published several very encouraging letters from our friends in other States who have taken the responsibility of assisting in the organization of the Democratic party of the United States. The Central Committee, at its last session, ordered the publication of Mr. Toombs's letter, from Georgia. We comply with unusual pleasure. The great author manifests in every line the inextinguishable spirit of patriotism which can not,

"Except by annihilating, die."

He has had a hard experience. He has borne himself like a statesman in council and a hero in action. He is obnoxious to the worst censure of our opponents. He does not fear it. His powers are all in their prime, and he courts the post of honor and duty. It is encouraging, and indeed inspiring, to listen to such a man. The weaker souls will take courage, the stronger catch the contagion. We hope every Democrat of the Northwest will give this letter a perusal, and then rise and act his part accordingly. How soon co-operation of our great masses, infused with such high qualities of hope, zeal and courage, would become irresistible. In every Southern State we shall find more such choice spirits.

They are the compensations for the delinquents who have been demoralized by the physical defeat they have suffered. Let all true and brave statesmen in the Northwest and the South—at least those who live in the Mississippi Valley—come together in one sacred fellowship, determined to teach the truth in matters of opinion and to set the example of honesty in action. When such a change takes place, a convention of sages and philosophers and leaders will be held spontaneously, or at the call of men like themselves, that will rescue our institutions. The State Sovereignty Society of Ohio has some honor in the past, but much more is reserved for it in the future.

"WASHINGTON, GA., June 19, 1867.

"MY DEAR SIR:—Your letter of the 6th inst., was duly received, and would have been before replied to but for my absence from home. Having but recently arrived in the United States I knew nothing of your proposed organization—what it was for, or who was in it—when I wrote my reply to yours of the 9th ult. After the reception of yours of the 6th inst., with the proceedings of the Cincinnati Convention, I accept with the greatest of pleasure the position to which I have been assigned, and will cheerfully give my utmost efforts to promote, establish and vitalize those principles. The first Kentucky resolution contains the principles of my whole political life. I have stood by them from my youth to this hour. I have maintained them in peace and in war, in power and out of power, in prosperity and adversity; and I am as ready to-day as I was thirty years ago, when I entered public life as a nullifier, 'to spend and be spent' in the sacred cause; and if my sacrifices of all sorts had been a thousand times more than they have been, I should consider them well spent 'for a lost cause,' rather than accept any other interpretation of the American Constitution.

"I therefore accept any man as a brother, in peace or war, who will honestly stand by and defend them. I will be with him as long as the weakness of humanity will enable me to stand by the truth to my own hurt. Therefore, 'sink or swim, survive or perish,' I am with the West and South for the maintenance of the Cincinnati Platform of April 18.

"I will take immediate measures to organize the State of Georgia on that basis, and will urge the true men of the (so-called) ten rebel States to 'fall into line.' You can fully count on them—I have tried them.

"I will leave home to-morrow with the view of beginning the organization in Georgia, and enlarging your subscription, as the means of propagating true constitutional ideas; and I will endeavor to send subscriptions, from time to time, as the organization is enlarged.

"I regret nothing in the past but the dead and the failure, and I am to-day ready to use the best means I can command to establish the principles for which I fought.

* * * * * *

"I am, respectfully and truly, your friend,

"R. TOOMBS.

"W. M. Corry, Corresponding Secretary Democratic Central Committee."

A Very Peculiar Case of Hydrophobia.

(From the Detroit Free Press, July 5.)

Sixteen years ago last Wednesday, James Day, then a resident of Pontiac, was bitten by a rabid dog, but experienced no serious effects from the bite, until one year from the day on which he was bitten. He then felt some symptoms of the terrible disease, which soon developed into a most frightful attack. For six weeks he was a raving maniac, and all hope of his recovery was abandoned; but an iron constitution, and skillful nursing, brought him out from the shadow of death, and he rallied, the disease finally passing off. He pursued the even tenor of his way until the second anniversary, when he was again attacked but with less severity than on the first occasion. The 26th day of June in each succeeding year has been the occasion of a hydrophobic fit, the last of which attacked him one week ago yesterday, at Sandwich, where he was employed as bricklayer. The usual symptoms were felt during the early part of the day, and Bay requested some of his friends to tie him in order to prevent personal injury. Being frightened by his personal appearance they refused to do so, and he continued at his work all day and until midnight, his usual time for quitting. Going to a neighboring barn, he tried to sleep off the dreaded attack. After a while his companions heard a noise in the barn, and, fearing that it was as Bay had declared, went to his aid. An appalling sight greeted them. The poor victim was foaming at the mouth, biting at various objects, and to all appearance suffering the most horrible agony. As soon as he caught sight of them, with eyes glowing like fireballs, and uttering an unearthly yell, he made a rush for them. The party at once retreated, leaving Bay alone and in the gloomy hay loft, wrought up to the highest pitch of maniacal frenzy, and battling with an enemy no mortal man can subdue. In one of his convulsions he lifted a portion of the roof completely off, which evidently exhausted him, as nothing more was heard, and when his friends finally ventured to look after him he was found in a sound sleep. He was at once secured and taken to a safe place, where he was kept several hours, and when he awoke nearly all traces of the previous night's awful experience had disappeared, and, with the exception of the exhaustion produced by his great sufferings, was as well as usual.

The King of Hungary on Horseback.

The scenes at the recent coronation of the Austrian Emperor, Francis Joseph, as King of Hungary, were very imposing, and the ancient ceremonies on such occasions were repeated to the letter. A thrilling passage occurred when the King, after receiving the oath and the crown of St. Stephen, ascended on horseback the mound in the public square of the city, and is thus described by William H. Russell in the London *Times*: When the King dismounted to take the oath in the square before the Rath House of Pesth the horse was very much excited, and it became necessary for two grooms to lay hold of his head as His Majesty mounted, which he did with difficulty. Before he was well in his seat the cannon of the Blocksberg opened with a salute. At the first report the horse made a furious bound and rose high in the air, dragging the grooms off their feet, and lighting in a prodigious leap in the center of the throng far away. At the sight, when the horse sprang up, a thrill went through the multitude. What a catastrophe if the king were unhorsed. What an omen if the sacred crown were to fall from his brow just as he had taken the oath. To their surprise and delight, the king, without an apparent struggle, sat firm and lightly in his saddle, and bore the shock unmoved as the horse came to the ground, then shouting to the struggling grooms, who were dragged along, "*Avfassen*" ("Let go,") he wheeled around in the midst of his affrighted courtiers, and ruled his charger in its impetuous bounds, amid applause which contended with the thunder of the guns, and rode away in a hurricane of popular delight.

The English Government and the Trades' Unions.

The President, Secretary and other officials of the Operative Tailors' Society were brought up at a London police court on the 24th of June, to answer a charge of conspiring to prevent the master tailors from obtaining workmen. After hearing a good deal of evidence, the magistrate committed the defendants for trial. The President and Secretary were ordered to find bail. The others were allowed to go at large on their own recognizances.

Startling developments continued to be made before the Official Commission in regard to the outrages perpetrated under the auspices of the Sheffield Trades' Union. Murder, arson and other diabolical crimes were freely confessed to by men in the employ of the Union against those who had given offense. At a meeting of the General Trade Societies of London, resolutions condemnatory of these actions were adopted, together with one expressing deep regret that the Commissioners felt it their duty to examine Broadhead—the leader of the atrocities—as a witness, and thereby enable him to escape the punishment he worthily deserves for his crimes.

New Iron Companies.

New iron manufactories continue to spring up along the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad, which will eventually increase the business of that well managed and highly popular route to a wonderful extent. At Yellow Creek, says the Cleveland *Herald*, ground has been broken on the land of John Hunter, for a mill, and the necessary machinery is being shipped to the place. The company is said to have an abundance of capital, and everything bespeaks for it unlimited prosperity. The Ætna Iron and Nail Company, of Cleveland, represented by James Farmer, William Price, James Loveday, and other well known reliable business men of Cleveland and Newburg, have commenced building a mill a short distance north of Newburg, on the same road.

A GENTLEMAN who has just completed an extensive tour through the Southern part of Illinois, informs the Chicago *Journal* that the wheat all south of Centralia, excepting a few fields, is cut and in the shock, the quality of the berry large and plump, and the crop an unusually heavy one. Neither fly nor rust have prevented it from maturing, and the farmers have nothing to complain of. Corn is backward, and in some places only a few inches above the ground. Fruit of all kinds is abundant. Peaches, pears and apples are maturing in such quantities that owners are beginning to fear a scarcity of shipping facilities.

THE SOUTH.

The freedmen in the Columbia district, S. C., have nominated five persons—two whites and three colored—to represent the district in the State Constitutional Convention. The two whites are John Caldwell, an old citizen of Columbia, a man of wealth and position, long known as the President of the South Carolina Railroad, and extensively identified with finance and the material interests of this State and the South generally; and C. H. Baldwin, a merchant originally from the North, but resident here for perhaps twenty years. Both these men were strong Union men throughout the war. The three blacks—Charles Thompson, Beverly Nash and Wm. Myers—are respectable negroes, mechanics in Columbia, I believe. Of these men, white and black, I shall give further points when the occasion arrives.

A New Orleans letter remarks that General Longstreet, by publishing his recent letter, declaring that the principles of the Republican party must prevail, has not forfeited the popularity he won as a soldier of the Confederacy.

The question of reconstruction in the South is calling forth opinions and communications from most of the old leaders in that section, many of whom held high rank in the civil or military service of the Confederacy during its brief existence. The latest effusions are from General Barksdale, an old soldier, and Governor Perry, an old politician. The former, like his comrades, Longstreet, Jeff. Thompson and others, favors reconstructing as rapidly as possible, while the latter, like B. H. Hill, of Ga., and others, opposes reconstruction under the law, and votes for no convention. It is a noticeable fact that the old soldiers and the old politicians are ranging themselves on opposite sides of the question.

Leaf from History.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

It is from Louis Napoleon, the Emperor of France, we learn that during the residence of his uncle, Joseph B. at Bordentown, New Jersey, he (Joseph) received a proposition, which surprised as much as it affected him. A deputation from Mexico came to offer him the Mexican crown. He replied to the deputation:

"I have worn two crowns; I would not take a step to wear a third. Nothing can gratify me more than to see men who would not recognize my authority when I was at Madrid, now come to seek me in exile; but I do not think that the throne you wish to raise again can make *you happy*. Every day I pass in this hospitable land, proves more clearly to me the excellence of republican institutions *for America*. Keep them as a precious gift from heaven; settle your internal commotion; follow the *example of the United States*, and seek among your fellow citizens a man more capable than I am of acting the great part of Washington."

Is there, with this before him, any excuse for Louis's forcing unfortunate Maximilian upon the Mexicans? Will not the world hold him as the real murderer? GEO. S. M.

COLUMBIANA, July 6, 1867.

LIGHTNING FLY KILLER,

Lightning Fly Killer,
Lightning Fly Killer,
Lightning Fly Killer.

This article is undoubtedly the quickest and most effectual for clearing your house of flies. They are attracted by it, the result of which is their death. Try it and your house will be free from them.

Fruit Wax,	Fruit Wax,
Fruit Wax,	Fruit Wax,
Fruit Wax,	Fruit Wax,

We have in store a very large stock of the best Fruit Wax in the city, which we are selling lower Wholesale and Retail than any other house. Try us.

McCLAREAN & McKENNAN, Druggists,
85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth.

THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY,

The World's Great Remedy,
The World's Great Remedy,
The World's Great Remedy,
The World's Great Remedy,
The World's Great Remedy.

FOR
Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and
All Diseases of the Stomach and Bowels!
Not a Beverage, but a Medicine!

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure
Cures Dyspepsia Without Fail,
Cures Dyspepsia Without Fail,
Cures Dyspepsia Without Fail,
Cures Dyspepsia Without Fail.
Coe's Dyspepsia Cure
Cures Indigestion in Every Case,
Cures Indigestion in Every Case.
Coe's Dyspepsia Cure
Cures Weakness and Debility,
Cures Weakness and Debility.
Coe's Dyspepsia Cure
Cures Sick Headache,
Cures Sick Headache,
Cures Nausea at Stomach,
Cures Nausea at Stomach.
Coe's Dyspepsia Cure
Cures Cramps, Pains and Colic,
Cures Cramps, Pains and Colic,
In Either Stomach or Bowels.
Cures Acidity of Stomach,
Cures Acidity of Stomach,
In either Old or Young.
Good alike for the Infant and the Aged.
Coe's Dyspepsia Cure
Cures Cholera Morbus,
Cures Cholera Morbus.

In this most aggravating disease its action is positive and immediate. Its contents act like magic. Diarrhœa, Dysentery and all other similar derangements yield at once to its power.

This is no humbug preparation, got up to exhilarate and drown one's difficulties in the mazes of intoxicating excitement.

Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity.
JOS. FLEMING, Druggist,
No. 84 MARKET STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of "The Mutual Building and Loan Association of Pittsburgh," for a charter. No. 692, June Term, 1867.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, by "THE MUTUAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF PITTSBURGH," for a charter; that an instrument in writing, specifying the objects, articles, conditions and name, style and title, under which they have been associated, has been presented to the Court and filed in the Prothonotary's Office, and if no sufficient reason is shown to the contrary, said charter will be granted at the next term of the Court.

SMITH & HARPER,
Attorneys for the Applicants.

HOT CAKES.
SOAP STONE GRIDDLES.

They require no grease, cause no smoke or smell, and are really the THING to bake cakes on. All sizes on hand at

T. H. RICHARDS',
30 Fifth street.

UNION
SABBATH SCHOOL BOOK STORE.

Bibles and Testaments, Sabbath School Library Books and Requisites, Theological Books, School and Blank Books, Stationery, &c., &c. Rare and Miscellaneous Books secured and all orders promptly filled.

F. O. REINEMAN,
113 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MOON & LAMPHEAR,
NOS. 3 AND 4 FULTON MARKET, N. Y.
Wholesale Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
FRESH FISH.
All orders punctually attended to.

SEEING IS BELIEVING.—ZIMMERMAN'S PATENT STEAM COOKING APPARATUS, (made to suit any cook stove), for cooking all kinds of vegetables and meats, puddings and dumplings, &c., without flavoring each other, at one operation and in one vessel. Indorsed by principal hotel proprietors and by leading families. Manufactured and sold by ROBERTS & SHERRATT, No. 61 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Send for a circular, or call and examine.

MISS CARRIE A. MOODY,
TEACHER OF
PIANO AND MELODEON,
Over Mrs. Blume's Music Store, 43 FIFTH ST., Pittsburgh.
TERMS—$15 PER QUARTER.

THE
AMERICAN HOUSE,

HANOVER STREET, BOSTON, is the largest and best arranged hotel in New England. The sleeping rooms are spacious and well ventilated; the suites of rooms are well arranged, and completely furnished for families and large traveling parties; and the house will continue to be kept as a first-class hotel in every respect.

LEWIS RICE,
Proprietor.

CROQUET. CROQUET.

I have just received a fine assortment of the above, ranging in price from $7 00 to $25 00 per set; the finest assortment in the city. For sale by

JAMES BOWN,
No. 136 WOOD STREET.

THE BEST SHOT GUN.
ROPER'S AMERICAN BREECH-LOADER.
Firing four shots in two seconds, using common ammunition, manufactured by "Roper Repeating Rifle Co.," Amherst, Mass. For sale by F. MUSSMANN, No. 69 Fifth street Extension, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CHAS. A. MILLER,
LITHOGRAPHER,
No. 80 FOURTH STREET, Apollo Building.
CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles.

CEMENT,
CEMENT.
BEST UNIONTOWN HYDRAULIC CEMENT,
Always on hand and for sale by
CHAS. B. LEECH,
No. 118 Second street.

MANUFACTURERS ALL OVER the world prefer and recommend the
GROVER & BAKER
No. 1 and No. 9 MACHINES, as the best for their purposes. Call and examine them at
NO. 105 FIFTH STREET.

CHERRY SEEDER.
CHERRY SEEDER

Every family using Cherries, whether for pies, canning or drying, should have one of these valuable Machines. It not only saves time and labor, but will more than pay for itself in seeding one bushel of Cherries. The Machine is cheap, simple, durable and handsome; the hopper is adjustable, thereby adapting it to all sizes of cherries. For sale wholesale and retail by

JAMES BOWN,
136 WOOD STREET.
Retail price $2 00.

FRUIT JARS, FRUIT JARS.
WE ARE MANUFACTURERS OF THE
DALBEY AND LYMAN SELF-SEALING FRUIT JARS.

Also, JARS FOR CORKS, and having a heavy stock on hand are prepared to fill all orders promptly, and call the attention of dealers and consumers to their stock.

WM. M'CULLY & CO.,
Office 18 and 20 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

P. S.—Our Dalbey Jar, for cheapness, simplicity and reliability, surpasses all others in the market.

SAND PAPER, (BEST FLINT,)
100 REAMS FOR SALE BY
B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO.,
Corner Wood and First streets.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—The partnership of the late firm of WHITE, ORR & CO., has expired at this date by limitation, W. W. WARD, retiring. The business will be continued by JAMES WHITE and ROBERT ORR, under the same style of firm. The business will be settled as usual by either of the firm.

JAMES WHITE,
ROBERT ORR,
W. W. WARD.
Pittsburgh, July 1st, 1867.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The Partnership heretofore existing under the style of S. ZUGSMITH & SON, is this day dissolved, Chas. Zugsmith retiring from the firm. The business of the old firm will be settled by me at the old stand, corner Fifth and Wood sts.

S. ZUGSMITH.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of LINDSAY, STERRITT & CO., has this day been dissolved, J. R. LINDSAY retiring from said firm. The business will be settled by G. B. STERRITT, at No. 134 First street.

J. C. LINDSAY,
G. B. STERRITT,
J. R. LINDSAY.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name and style of LINDSAY, STERRITT & CO., for the purpose of doing a general Hardware business.

J. C. LINDSAY,
G. B. STERRITT,
A. H. EUWER.
Pittsburgh, July 8, 1867.

LINDSAY, STERRITT & CO.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.
Will open at NEW WAREHOUSE, No. 337 LIBERTY STREET, (near Union Depot) on or about August 1st.

NOTICE.

W. J. MYERS,
OF MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,

Having sold his interest to WM. B. WILT, on April 1st, 1867, retires from the firm, and Mr. WILT enters as a partner from that date. The name of the firm will remain as usual, and continue on at their old stand.

NO. 45 SMITHFIELD STREET.

THE FIRM OF
S. M. KERR & CO.,

No. 7 ST. CLAIR ST., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Creditors will present their claims and debtors make payment at No. 45 WOOD STREET.

S. M. KERR,
McABOY, SPANG & CO.
May 23, 1867.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Public notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned and John Froehlich, under the firm name of MEYER & FROEHLICH, manufacturers of Coaches, Wagons, &c., was this day dissolved. In regard to collections of claims and payment of debts, our arrangements as yet incompleted will shortly be announced. The undersigned will pursue his old business at No. 75 Diamond street, Pittsburgh.

June 28, 1867. JACOB MEYER.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP—The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of FOERSTER & SCHWARZ, was dissolved by mutual consent on the first day of February, 1867, the entire interest of C. F. Schwarz having been purchased by Edward Foerster, who will continue the Wall Paper and Fancy Goods business at the same stand, No. 164 Smithfield street. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edward Foerster, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment.

EDWARD FOERSTER,
C. F. SCHWARZ.

HAVING SOLD MY ENTIRE INTEREST in the Wall Paper and Fancy Goods business to EDWARD FOERSTER, who will continue the business at the old stand, I would cheerfully recommend him to our former patrons and the public generally. C. F. SCHWARZ.

GROCERIES, &C.

WM. MILLER,
(LATE MILLER & RICKETSON,)
Nos. 221 & 223 COR. LIBERTY & IRWIN STS.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
WHOLESALE GROCER,
DEALER IN
Foreign and Domestic Brandy, Wine, Gin and Old Rye Whisky,

And Sole Agent in Pittsburgh for the sale of the celebrated Wines of HENKELL & CO., in Mayence, on the Rhine; MOET & CHANDON, in Epernay, France; BRANDENBURG FRERES, in Bordeaux, France, to which he respectfully invites the attention of dealers and others in want of pure goods.

The following choice brands are now in store:

BRANDENBURG FRERES' Medoc, Margaux, Chateau La Rose, Chateau Lafitte, Chateau Margaux, H't Sauternes, Chateau Sauternes, Latour Blanche and Yquem.

HENKELL & CO.'S Laubenheimer, Hierstein, Hockheim, Sparkling Mosel, Sparkling Hockheimer, Sparkling Scharsburg.

MOET & CHANDONS' Vin Imperial, green seal, Verzenay, Epernay.

Also, Burgundy Chablis, Chambertin, etc., etc.

Brandenburg Freres Superior Olive Oil.

A liberal discount made to the trade.

JUNE 26, 1867.

SHRIVER, SPENCER & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Corner of Smithfield and Second streets.

The attention of the trade is solicited to our large stock, purchased prior to the recent advance in prices.

EDWARD HEAZLETON,
WHOLESALE GROCER AND PRODUCE MERCHANT,
East Cor. Diamond Square, No. 18,
Dealer in FLOUR, SALT, FISH, LARD and REFINED OILS; GROCER'S DRUGS, BACON, and merchandise generally suitable to the trade. Orders filled promptly and delivered free of charge.

MEANS & COFFIN,
Wholesale Grocers,
COR. OF WOOD AND WATER STS.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND A WELL SELECTED
Stock of Groceries,
Bought exclusively for CASH, and to which we invite the attention of Cash Buyers.

JOHN M. PENDLETON,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF
Domestic Fleece and Pulled Wool,
NO. 45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Cash Advances made. Consignments solicited. General and Special Market Reports furnished at request.

REFERENCES.
H. F. VAIL, Cashier National Bank of Commerce, New York.
Messrs. J. BOORMAN, JOHNSTON & CO., New York.
GORDON, McMILLAN & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.
W. P. WESFALL, Cashier First National Bank, Minneapolis, Minn.
THOMAS ARTHUR, Cashier First National Bank, Newton, Iowa.
Messrs. FORD, DIXON & CO., St. Louis, Mo.
And to any Banker throughout the country having New York correspondents.

NEW GROCERY STORE.
PUSEY & STEPHENS
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES!
AND
TEAS,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS
PICKLES, &c.
No. 49 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

R. P. GETTY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER,
DEALER IN
TEAS, WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 55 N. E. COR. OHIO ST. AND DIAMOND, Allegheny City, Pa.

DOBBINS'
ELECTRIC SOAP,
SAVES TIME,
SAVES LABOR,
SAVES MONEY,
SAVES WOMEN.
IT WILL NOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE FABRIC. IT IS A GREAT
DOMESTIC BLESSING.
ARBUCKLES & CO.,
Sole Wholesale Agents for Pittsburgh.

REDDING'S
RUSSIA SALVE,
[ESTABLISHED 1806.]
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX,
Is the Universal Remedy for

Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, and all Flesh Wounds; for Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Piles, and Old Scrofulous Sores! Eruptions, Blotches, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Diseases.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE is a *purely Vegetable Ointment*, made from the very best materials, and combines in itself greater HEALING powers than any other preparation before the public. Its timely application has been the means of saving thousands of valuable lives, of relieving a vast amount of suffering, and wherever used, has proved itself in reality A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY.

Sixty Years' General Use of the Russia Salve is a Noble Guarantee of its Incomparable Virtues as a Healing Ointment.

The very large sale of REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE, during the past *sixty years*, has given rise to hundreds of unworthy imitations, but throughout all opposition, the RUSSIA SALVE maintains its supremacy as a reliable preparation, having a steady and permanent sale, and never deteriorating in quality, by age or climate, and is sold to dealers at a price enabling them to realize a generous profit by its sale. For sale by all Druggists and Apothecaries.

REDDING & CO., Proprietors,
BOSTON, MASS.

VERMILION.
2,000 LBS. FOR SALE BY
B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO.,
Corner Wood and First streets.

NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE WHITESTOWN COAL CO.,
Pittsburgh, July 8, 1867.
THE FOURTH INSTALLMENT OF ONE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Whitestown Coal Co., is now due. Those in arrears will please call on the Treasurer and settle. By order of the
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,
Pittsburgh, July 6, 1867.
J. RHODES, ESQ., HAVING resigned the Presidency of this Bank, at a meeting of the Directors, held this day, J. W. COOK, Esq., was elected President pro. tem, and WILSON McCANDLESS, Jr., Assistant Cashier.
R. W. MACKEY, Cashier.

NOTICE.—THE FIRST Meeting of Trustees named in an "Act to incorporate the Western Pennsylvania Military Academy," approved May 1st, 1867, will be held at the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, July 15th, 1867, 11 o'clock A. M., at which time and place the Board will be organized.
T. F. LEHMANN,
For Five Assenting Trustees.

NOTICE—THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Little Saw Mill Run Railroad Company will meet at their office, in Temperanceville, on JULY 26, to hold their annual election for President and Directors.
WM. MARSHALL, Prest.

OFFICE OF THE A. V. R. R. COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, January 1, 1867.
NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.—The Allegheny Valley Railroad Company hereby give notice that they will redeem the FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the Company within two years from this date. In accordance with the provisions of the mortgage given to secure the payment of the said bonds. By order of the Board of Managers.
WILLIAM PHILLIPS, President.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.,
Allegheny, July 6, 1867.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD of Directors of this Company have declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, payable in cash to the stockholders, on and after the 15th inst.
JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY,
July 8, 1867.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Company have this day declared a Dividend on the capital stock of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith at the office of the Company.
W. H. McCLELLAND, Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1867.
DIVIDEND—THE BIRMINGHAM AND PITTSBURGH BRIDGE COMPANY has declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS per share out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith at the office of EDWARD MOYE, Esq., Treasurer.
A. B. STEVENSON, Sec'y.

OFFICE OF THE PENNA. INSURANCE CO.,
Pittsburgh, July 5, 1867.
THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 15th inst., free of United States Tax.
HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. Co.,
Office of the Secretary,
Pittsburgh, June 20, 1867.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have declared the regular Quarterly Dividend, (No. 14,) of TWO AND A HALF (2½) PER CENT., free of Government tax, on the Capital Stock, and the Semi-annual (No. 8) of THREE AND A HALF (3½) PER CENT., free of Government tax, on the Mortgage Bonds, payable on and after TUESDAY, the 16th day of July, proximo, at the office of WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., Nos. 27 and 29 Pine street, to those registered at New York, and at the office of the Treasurer to those registered at Pittsburgh.

The Transfer Books will close on SATURDAY, the 29th inst., at half-past two o'clock P. M., (2:30) and reopen on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of July, at 10 A. M.
F. M. HUTCHISON, Secretary.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, July 2, 1867.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE Directors of this Bank have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 12th inst.
ROBT. J. GRIER, Cashier.

PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1867.
DIVIDEND.—THE PITTSBURGH AND ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY (Hand street), has declared a Dividend of SEVEN PER CENT., free of tax, out of the earnings of the last six months, or Three Dollars and Fifty Cents per share out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith at the Citizens' National Bank.
R. K. WILSON, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE PEOPLE'S INSURANCE CO.,
Pittsburgh, July 1, 1867.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of FIVE DOLLARS PER SHARE, free of tax, on the earnings of the last six months, payable on and after the 8th inst., as follows: Two dollars per share in cash, and three dollars per share to be credited on Stock Notes.
WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,
Pittsburgh, July 1, 1867.
THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Bank have this day declared a Dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, payable on and after the 10th inst., free of Government tax.
R. W. MACKEY, Cashier.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR IMPROVING THE STREETS OF DUQUESNE BOROUGH WITH CLINKERS.—Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at BURGESS MOUL'S OFFICE until the 16th inst., to Clinker to the depth of eighteen inches the following streets in Duquesne Borough: Bank Lane, from Allegheny City line to Bridge street; Pine street, from Bank Lane to Butler Plank Road, and McFadden street, from Bank Lane to Butler Plank Road. Bids for each street to be separate.
JESSE SUTTON,
Street Commissioner.

NOTICE.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Council of the Borough of McKeesport, until the 15th instant, for Macadamizing Fifth street from Market to Railroad. Proposals will be received for the whole or in part. Specifications can be seen in the hands of the Street Committee, where all information will be given.
W. B. HILL,
J. W. PATTERSON,
Committee.
McKeesport, July 2, 1867.

REMOVALS.

C. M. DAKE, M. D.
OFFICE—NO. 253 PENN STREET.
RESIDENCE—MERCHANTS' HOTEL, Smithfield street.

REMOVAL.
C. WEST & CO.,
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS, have removed to their New Factory,
Nos. 75, 77 and 79 LIBERTY STREET,
Foot of Fourth.

DRUGGISTS.

EICHNER, JONES & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
175 SMITHFIELD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

DRUGGISTS.
PARK & BRILL,
Wholesale and Retail
DRUGGISTS,
No. 77 Federal Street, near Depot,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

PRICE LIST
OF
TEAS, TEAS, TEAS,
AT THE
GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO.,
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Cor. of the Diamond and Union St.

OOLONGS, NEW CROP AND FRAGRANT FLAVOR.
Good Drawing Tea, 75c, sold in grocery store $1 00.
Choice Drawing Tea, 90c, sold in grocery store $1 40.
Prime Drawing Tea, $1 00, sold in grocery store $1 50.
Best strictly choice, $1 25, sold in grocery store $1 75.
SOUCHONGS.
Good Dark Drawing, 90c, sold in grocery store $1 25.
Prime Dark Drawing, $1 00, sold in grocery store $1 40.
Strictly choice, $1 25, sold in grocery store $1 60.
JAPAN, NEW CROP AND HIGHLY FLAVORED.
Good Natural Leaf, $1 00, sold in grocery store $1 40.
Strictly choice, $1 25, sold in grocery store $1 60.
YOUNG HYSON, ALL NEW CROP TEAS.
Prime Drawing Tea, $1 25, sold in grocery store $1 60.
Strictly choice Tea, $1 50, sold in grocery store $1 80.
The very choicest Hyson, $1 75, sold in grocery store $2 50.
IMPERIAL AND GUNPOWDER.
Good to prime, $1 00@1 25, sold in grocery store $1 25@1 50.
Choice and strictly choice, $1 25@1 50, sold in grocery store $1 75@2 00.

Great American Tea Co.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Cor. Union Street and Diamond.

ALL AROUND THE WORLD!
FIRST PREMIUM
Of a Silver Medal
WAS AWARDED TO
BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE
By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at their Fair, holden in Nashua, Sept. 26, 1859.
BARRETT'S
Vegetable Hair Restorative

Restores Gray Hair to its Natural Color; promotes the growth of the Hair; changes the roots to their original organic action; eradicates Dandruff and Humors; prevents Hair falling out; is a superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the East, West, North and South.

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors,
MANCHESTER, N. H.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.
R. E. SELLERS & CO.
GENERAL AGENTS, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
PARK & BRILL,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

STARCH, STARCH,
STARCH, STARCH.
100 six pound boxes of Kingsford & Son's Oswego Silver Gloss Starch, just received and for sale at the Family Grocery of
LEWIS & McCLURE,
346 Liberty street.

THE
GROVER & BAKER
Has stood the test on every conceivable kinds of work, and has outlived the criticisms and envy of all its opponents and rivals. For sale at No. 105 FIFTH STREET.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS.
FIRST CLASS DRY GOODS
BATES & BELL,
21 FIFTH ST.,
WILL OPEN THIS WEEK,
A STOCK OF
Selected Standard Goods
WHICH THEY WILL SELL AT
REDUCED PRICES.

DRY GOODS,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY,
Black Silks,
Fine Lawns,
Plain and Printed Percales,
Plain and Printed Marseilles,
CHECKS AND TICKINGS,
COTTONADES AND
FARMERS' LINEN,
FINE AND HEAVY
FLANNELS,
Bleached and Brown Shirtings,
CORSETS AND HOOP SKIRTS,
MOSQUITO NETTING,
Hosiery and Notions,
AT
LOWEST NETT PRICES.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

W. C. DUNCAN........DAN'L. HUGUS.
NEW WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS HOUSE.
DUNCAN
& HUGUS,
53 and 55 Wood St.,
(NEAR ST. CHARLES HOTEL.)
Keep constantly on hand a large and well selected stock, and offer special inducements in
DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS,
Brown and Bleached
SHEETINGS,
WHITE GOODS,
TICKINGS,
TWEEDS, COTTONADES,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Notions, &c.
All goods bought for Cash, and therefore can be sold at the LOWEST EASTERN RATES.

AT REDUCED PRICES,
STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS
77 and 79 Market Street.

All the Latest Shapes in HATS and BONNETS.
All Widths and Shaded TRIMMINGS and BONNET RIBBONS, FLOWERS, ROSES, AND WREATHS, CRAPES, ILLUSIONS, SILK LACES, DOTTED NETS, &c., &c.
EMBROIDERIES AT REDUCED RATES.
Ladies and Misses' GAUZE UNDERWEAR, PARASOLS, Beaded and Plain Silk, and Cotton SUN UMBRELLAS, LINEN AND PALM FANS, CORSETS, HOOP SKIRTS and BELTING.
We are still making a speciality of HANDKERCHIEFS, Plain, Hemmed and Hemstitched.
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
MORRISON'S STAR SHIRT.
A new stock BUGLE FRINGES and TRIMMINGS.
New Goods Constantly Arriving.
We invite the attention of WHOLESALE CASH BUYERS to our stock, which is at all times large and well assorted.
CALL AND EXAMINE.
WHOLESALE ROOMS UP STAIRS.
JOS. HORNE & CO.

AT
REDUCED PRICES,
NEW FRENCH LAWNS,
RICH ORGANDIES,
GRENADINES,
PLAIN LAWNS,
DRESS GOODS,
LACE SHAWLS,
LACE MANTLES,
PARASOLS, CORSETS,
PLAIN BAREGES,
YARD WIDE LINENS,
At 25 Cents.
JOHN PORTER,
91 MARKET STREET.

D. L. SMITH.....A. S. SEATON.....G. G. SEATON.
CITY COLLECTING AGENCY,
SMITH, SEATON & SEATON,
LOCAL COLLECTING AGENTS,
No. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET, Second Floor. P. O. Box 541, Pittsburgh.
Bills of all descriptions taken for Collection. No charge made where Bills are not collected.

HORSES,
CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES,
Of the very best for Hire, at
HOWARD'S LIVERY STABLE,
First street, near Monongahela House.
Great attention paid to buying and selling Horses. Horses kept at Livery.

AUCTION SALES.

T. A. M'CLELLAND. J. C. VANHORN. J. BRUCE M'CLELLAND.
M'CLELLAND & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS
And Commission Merchants,
506 MARKET STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

Regular Sales of BOOTS AND SHOES by the package on MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS throughout the year, embracing a general and superior assortment of Sewed and Pegged Work of City and Eastern Manufacture—exclusively Commission Goods.
The attention of the trade is respectfully asked to these sales, and a personal visit is solicited.

AUCTION SALES—110 SMITHFIELD STREET, OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE. DAY and EVENING sales on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, of Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Hardware, Straw and Queensware, Shirts, Dry Goods, Hats, Notions, &c. Special inducements to Jobbers and Dealers. Private sales on Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Particular attention given to Furniture Sales. Real Estate, Stocks, Bonds, &c., held on margin and sold on commission.
J. W. BREEN & CO., Auctioneers.

GREAT ADJOURNED
AUCTION SALE AT
Shaffer's Carriage Bazaar,
DIAMOND ALLEY, PITTSBURGH,
On Wednesday, July 10, 1867,
Commencing at 10 o'clock, great variety of
CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.

The following to be offered at sale: Six Top Buggies, Three Open Buggies, Two Jager Wagons, Two Germantown Barouches, Two Boat Door Barouches, Two Shifting Top Barouches, Three Panel Door Barouches, Two Rockaways, Three Jersey Wagons, Two Sulkies, One Phaeton Buggy, Three Buck Wagons, together with a large assortment of HARNESS.
Sale positive, without regard to cost.
Parties wishing to purchase will please call and examine the stock.
PALMER, SMITHSON & CO.
Auctioneers.

SEQUESTRATOR'S SALE.

By virtue of an order and decree of the Court of Common Pleas, of Venango county, Penna., I, the undersigned Sequestrator of the Goods and Chattels, Rights and Credits of the "Clarion Land and Improvement Company," will expose and sell at public sale, at the COURT HOUSE, in the Borough of Franklin, Venango county, Penna., on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of July, A. D., 1867, Two Thousand Shares of the "Warren and Franklin Railway Stock," belonging to the said "Clarion Land and Improvement Company."

This stock is the one-fifteenth part of the stock of the Warren and Franklin Railway Company. The estimated value of each share is Fifty Dollars. Said Road leads from Oil City to Irvineton, connecting with the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, being fifty-one miles in length, and is the only direct out-let East from the Oil Region.

The sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day.
GEORGE V. FORMAN,
Sequestrator.
Oil City, June 17, 1867.

BRADLEY
WOOLEN YARN FACTORY
FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers the following described Property for sale, viz:
A substantial Brick Building, three stories high, 94 feet long by 36 feet wide, with the addition of a good Dye House, 51 feet long by 26 feet wide, and a good Brick Tenement House, containing 7 rooms, with several other small out houses adapted to facilitating the manufactory.
MACHINERY—Viz: Two sets of 4 feet Jenks' Machines, with all the late improvements; 2 Spinning Mules, one containing 336 Spindles, and the other 384; four Twisters, and other machinery suitable for carrying on the business, with a splendidly improved Dry Room. There is also room for three sets of machines in Factory. The Factory is in operation, and those wishing to purchase would do well to call and examine same immediately. A splendid Boiler, Engine, (Governor attached to same,) are included in the above, and are warranted sufficient power to run three set of machines. For terms, &c., inquire of or address,
E. BRADLEY, Wheeling, W. V.

REFINERY FOR SALE.
A Good Oil Refinery,
CAPACITY, 125 BARRELS REFINED OIL PER WEEK.
GOOD TANKAGE, STEAM PUMP, &c.,
All in complete running order, ready to start. Will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of
JOHNSON & PAINE,
5 AND 7 HANCOCK STREET,
Office of "Superior Lubric Oil Works."

WEST VIRGINIA GLASS WORKS
LOCATED AT WHEELING, West Virginia.
FOR SALE.

By order of the Stockholders, the WEST VA. GLASS WORKS, including the REAL ESTATE, MOULDS AND TOOLS, POTS, STOCK OF GLASS, SAFE and everything belonging to said Company excepting the book accounts, will be offered at private sale for Thirty Days, on reasonable terms. If not sold in that time the whole concern will be offered for sale by public auction and sold to the highest bidder.
This is an excellent opportunity for a company of Practical Workmen to make money, as everything is in excellent condition and good working order. By order of the
COMMITTEE ON SALE.
Mr. RIPLEY will be on the premises constantly during the day and answer any questions that may be asked. For particulars address J. H. RINEHART, Wheeling, West Virginia.

STOCK SALES.

I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED with me in business FRANCIS G. BAILEY, Jr.
JOHN D. BAILEY.
July 1st, 1867.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,
Stock and Real Estate Brokers and Auctioneers,

Are prepared to sell at Auction, Stocks, Bonds and all kinds of Securities, Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c., either on the premises or at the Board of Trade Rooms. Particular attention paid as heretofore to the sale of Real Estate at Private Sale. Sales of Real Estate in the country attended. Office 102 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Geo. H. Holtzman
REAL ESTATE, STOCK
AND
Insurance Broker.
Everything connected with the above lines transacted in the most careful manner.
REAL ESTATE,
Bought and Sold,
Titles Examined by competent Attorney,
Conveyances Made.
The care of Property assumed, including Insuring, Repairing, Payment of Taxes, Securing of Tenants, Collection of Rents, &c.
Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, Notes, &c
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
INSURANCE
On Life or Property obtained in the safest companies.
ALL BUSINESS WILL BE DONE BY ME STRICTLY ON COMMISSION, WITH NO OTHER INTEREST BUT THAT OF THE PARTY EMPLOYING ME.
A residence in Pittsburgh of over 21 years, during most of which time I have had active intercourse with business circles, gives me extraordinary facilities for the transaction of a general brokerage business.
I feel warranted in referring to the Business Community of Pittsburgh generally, as to reliability and qualifications in the lines I propose to operate in.
GEO. H. HOLTZMAN,
76 FIFTH STREET,
(Commercial Building), Pittsburgh, Pa.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE,
10,000 LBS. EXTRA S. C. CAN. HAMS;
20,000 LBS. SHOULDERS;
10,000 LBS. CLEAR SIDES;
10,000 LBS. RIBBED SIDES;
5,000 LBS. S. C. CAN. DRIED BEEF.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
FRESH SPICES,
COMMON AND FANCY SOAPS,
Goshen Cheese.
DRIED FRUITS, &c.
RUTLEDGE, PERRY & CO.,
345 LIBERTY STREET.

JULIAN ALLEN,
ALL KINDS OF
HAVANA, YARA, CONNECTICUT and N. Y. STATE
TOBACCO & SEGARS.
75 WATER ST., Pittsb'gh.
DANL. F. DINAN,
Branch of 172 Water st., N. Y.

BOTTLED ALES,
KENNETT, WINTERTON,
And all the best brands; SUPERIOR SODA WATERS bottled by
J. C. BUFFUM & CO.,
No. 22 and 24 Market st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

PRODUCE.
15 bbls Rye Flour, fresh ground; 180 bush bolted Corn Meal; 50 bush bolted Corn, white; 5,000 lbs chopped Feed, Corn and Oats; 3,000 lbs chopped Feed, Corn and Rye; 500 lbs White Middlings; 15 bush Barley; 20 bush Shelled Corn. Now receiving and for sale: 100 boxes prime Old Cheese; 100 bbls new, to arrive; 1,000 lbs fresh May Butter. In store and for sale by
H. RIDDLE,
No. 182 Liberty street.

FLOUR.
100 BBLS. EXTRA CHOICE WHITE WHEAT
FAMILY FLOUR, Polar Star,
Specially for Families, for sale by
D. WALLACE,
No. 351 Liberty street.

e Daily Commercial

ARKS OF HON. ANDREW STUART.

ered at Uniontown, Pa., on the Oc-on of the Laying the Corner-stone he Soldiers' Monument.

. Andrew Stuart presided at the meeting n Uniontown, on the 4th inst., on the oc- of laying the corner-stone of the Soldiers' ment. On being called to the chair he I thank you, gentlemen, for the honor red, by calling me to preside over this vast ng, assembled on this auspicious day and these auspicious skies, to witness the cer- y of laying the corner-stone of a monu- here to be erected, in honor of the soldiers yette county, who died in defense of our glorious Union. They deserve not only ments of marble, but of eternal gratitude, y impressed in the hearts of all their coun- n.

"How sleep the brave who sink to rest
By all their country's wishes blest."

died, but, thank God, they did not die in The victory they won is worth more to own country, and to the world ten-fold all it cost. The conflict was bloody, but has ever been the price of our greatest ings. The blood of Christ was required to the world; and the blood of our best and st men to save their country.

e war in which our brave soldiers, living lead, fought and conquered, was a war be- 1 *slavery* and *freedom*, in which the aristo- and crowned heads of Europe naturally sides with slavery, while the people and ds of liberty rallied round the standard of om. Had the cause of slavery triumphed, Union and the cause of freedom and equal s, here and everywhere, would have per- 1 together. But as freedom triumphed, our n was saved, the chains of four millions of s were broken, and the flag of freedom was where thrown to the breeze, full high ad- ed, without a star or stripe erased, bearing s ample folds the great Websterian motto, erty and union, now and forever, one and parable."

is war has solved the great problem; it proved to the world the strength of repub- and the capacity of man for self-govern- t. Look at its effects. Foreigners are ing by thousands daily to our shores. Al- y our Pacific is equal to our Atlantic coast. ico and Canada are now beginning to k for admission at our doors; and it admit- we may truly say, with the poet,

"No pent up Utica contracts our powers,
But now the whole vast continent is ours."

illing the prophecy of Berkley, Bishop of ne, who, more than a hundred years ago, ing across the Atlantic toward our young then feeble country, in the language of in- ation exclaimed:

"Westward the star of empire takes its way."
"Time's noblest empire is the last."

at the benefits of our victory will not be ined to our own continent. Like the morn- sun, they are now fast spreading their genial ence throughout the world. By means of American discovery of steam and tele- phs, our example and free principles are fly- with lightning speed all over Europe, where e revolutionary demonstrations have *prema- ly* occurred, and therefore speedily put down he combined action of the 'Holy Alliance' of pots, who already, Nebuchadnezzar-like, "the hand writing on the wall." Hereaf- rely upon it, when the friends of freedom ke a general, concerted and simultaneous ke for liberty, they cannot, they will not . What can one, or one hundred men, ugh weaving crowns, do against millions strong men determined to be free? To be , the people of Europe have but to will it, t it is done.

Some of you, gentlemen, may deem these icipations extravagant. If so, let me invite r attention for a moment to some of the anges which a few years have brought forth our midst. I see many gentlemen here, old, course, like myself, who cannot fail to re- mber what I perfectly recollect, when the ole trade and commerce between the East d West was carried over yonder mountains horseback, on pack-saddles, followed by ned merchants, each horse carrying east out 2,500 Spanish dollars, the only money en in use, and carrying back merchandise, luding salt and bar iron, for the supply of e Western States, embracing Kentucky and nnessee—up stream navigation being then known.

But for the presence of these venerable wit- sses, this might seem incredible. And if I d then predicted, that one small *iron horse* ould soon take over the mountain more than ur thousand horses then carried; that one at, with four or five hands, would carry from ew Orleans to Pittsburgh more than one thou- nd keel boats and five thousand men then rried; that a perfect picture of this vast meet- g could be taken by a single flash of light; that you could converse with your friends in urope as if present! And if I were now to edict, that mails and merchandise would be nt in iron tubes from here to New Orleans ith lightning speed, by the concentrated ower of electricity, would its consummation more wonderful than what you have already en accomplished? Progress and improve- ents have not ceased. "The world moves," nd like an avalanche "*crescit eundo*."

Reconstruction is now the work in hand, nd, like the war, will not end until the great esign of Divine Providence, liberty and equal ights, is fully accomplished. The rebels would ave war, and nothing else till slavery was ut- erly and forever abolished, and now again they elp the cause of freedom by refusing to accept he milder terms of reconstruction offered until qual rights and free suffrage are fully estab- ished, with education, protection and justice to ll. Then with a model government, thus per- ect and ready, for the acceptance of mankind, where crowns and miters, tyranny and despot- sm, civil and religious, will be swept from the arth, peace and good will, law and liberty will eign triumphant and supreme.

English and American Guns.

Here in Pittsburgh, where the great American guns are made, their superiority over those of England or any other country is almost a mat- ter of personal interest. It is not a little grati- fying to know that the experimental firing of the 20-inch gun which took place not long since at Fort Hamilton, shows that we possess a tremendous weapon of war which no foreign vessel can withstand. But this trial also show- ed that our ordnance officers hitherto have been handling their monstrous cannon in the dainti- est and most gingerly fashion. The charges used were—first shot, 125 pounds of "mammoth grain" powder; second shot, 150 pounds; third shot, 175 pounds; fourth shot, 200 pounds. The result, which was highly successful, puts to shame some of our officers, we think, for not finding out earlier the endurance of these monstrous smooth-bores. They have long been engaged in dry-nursing or weaning these guns with a kind of drugged pow- der, administered in homoeopathic doses. The Monitor's 15-inch guns were not allowed to be used with over thirty-five pounds of pow- der, and to that cause alone is attributable the fact that she did not make a prize of the Merri- mac in Hampton Roads. The service charge then fixed at thirty-five pounds has been raised till it has reached sixty pounds, and, if we mis- take not, since the war no less than one hun- dred pounds have been safely used in the 15-inch gun. It is strange that we had this splendid weapon so many years before venturing to find out what it would stand in the way of a prac- tical service charge. The 20-inch guns, too, we have employed for several years, and until the late trials at Fortress Monroe and Fort Hamilton, we knew nothing about them. One was mounted in New York harbor some time since, and a great time was made over the feat then achieved with it, which was to put down its enormous throat 100 pounds of patent powder for a charge. This charge bore so small a proportion to the calibre of the can- non that the artillerist had to support the pow- der by introducing it on "mattresses of straw" (to quote the report) so as to hold it up to the vent. And now we have 200 pounds of powder safely and successfully used. These gigantic smooth bore guns of ours will accomplish wonders, if we will give them a chance. As it is, there is something startling in the very thought of a projectile weighing no less than 1,080 pounds, driven by the explosive power of a mass of 200 pounds of powder. It is a token of Titanic warfare to come.

M. Rouher's Prophecy.

If there is one man who should be humiliated and cast down more than another by Maximil- ian's death, that man is Napoleon. It was at his urgent solicitation, and to gratify his ambi- tious schemes that the unfortunate Archduke proceeded to Mexico in January, 1862, to found a Latin Empire. We are not surprised that Napoleon should be disposed to doubt the news of his execution, and telegraph to Washington for a confirmation. It is natural that he should be slow to accept this proof of his folly and short sightedness, that he should seek to stave off as long as possible the unwelcome news. How bitterly he must now regret that, instead of heeding the advice and warning of such far- seeing statesmen as M. Thiers, he preferred to listen to the honied words and adulation of his Prime Minister M. Rouher. In view of the *denouement*, with what shame and remorse he must recall the prophecy of the latter, who was applauded to the echo when he said in the Legislative Body, three years ago, after Thiers and the other opponents of the ill-starred Mexi- can scheme had been silenced:

The day of posterity will arrive, and then, if any one shall cast a glance on our old debates and our obsolete squabbling, if he take up the pen of the historian he will say [alluding to the Emperor Napoleon]—that man was a man of genius who, in spite of resistance, obstacles, and discouragement, had the courage to open *new sources of prosperity* to the nation of which he was the head. That man was the apostle of a policy bold indeed, but at the same time pro- vident and wise, who did not limit his views to the present generation. That man *well un- derstood his own time and the future*; he felt that the equilibrium of Europe was no longer, as in former days, on the Alps, on the Pyrenees, on the Vistula, or on the Euxine, but that it em- braced the whole world; and that such great in- terests should be the object of the solicitude of France, how far soever she might have to go to cover *them with the protection of her flag*. Yes (continued M. Rouher, roused to en- thusiasm by the applause of the majority), yes, that page will indeed be glorious, and the hand that will have traced it will add, in the words of the Sovereign speaking to the assem- bled nation, "Distant expeditions undertaken to avenge our honor ended with the triumph of our interests!"

The deaths last week in Philadelphia were but two hundred and sixty-six, against three hun- dred and twenty-four for the corresponding week of 1866, while the mortality for the six weeks past foots up a total of fourteen hundred and sixty-three to fifteen hundred and ninety- eight for the same period last year.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS—DIARRHŒA.—A sudden suppression of the evacuations frequently ends in collapse. The action of Holloway's medi- cines are based on a more rational principle; by com- bining with the depraved humors they neutralize and expel them through the natural channels. They pu- rify the fluids, cleanse the bowels, invigorate the stomach, and by regulating the various functions restore the body to its normal state of health. Sold by all Druggists.

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On the summit of the Allegheny Mountains, is now open for the reception of guests. Since last season many additional improvements have been made. A band has been engaged for the season. Fine livery is in attendance. Excursion tickets are issued by the Pennsylvania Railroad good for the season. All through trains stop. For further information address

GEO. W. MULLIN,
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MINERAL SPRINGS.

This popular summer resort will be open for the reception of visitors on the 15th day of June, and remain open until the middle of September.

The Bedford Railroad is completed to within one hour's ride, over good turnpike road, to the Springs. Parties leaving Philadelphia will come through direct to the Springs in from 12 to 14 hours. Excursion tickets can be had at the Pennsylvania Railroad office, and baggage checked through. Persons will come by Pennsylvania Railroad to Huntingdon, thence by Broad Top road.

Parties wishing to engage rooms, or any further information, will please address the proprietor, Bedford Springs, at as early a date as possible.

Bedford water will be promptly sent to any part of the United States, at the following rates, at the Springs: Half barrel (Mulberry, 21 gallons,) $5; half barrel (oak-seamed) $3; barrel (oak-seamed) $4.

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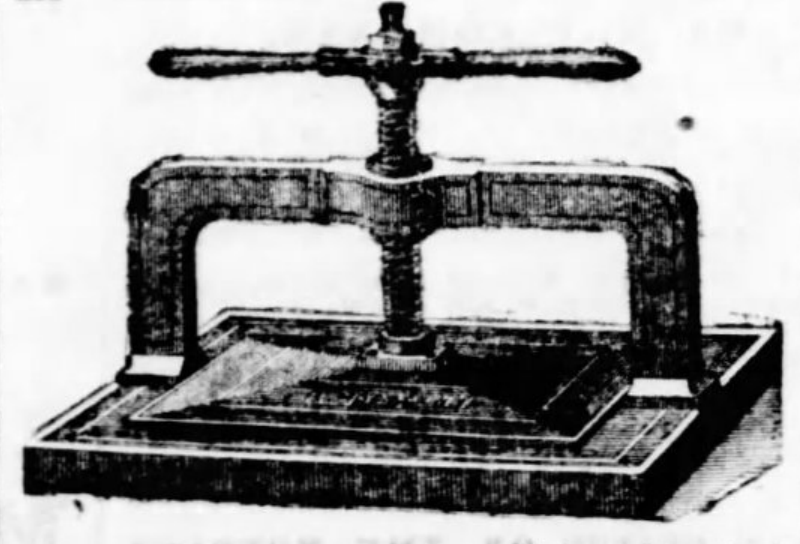

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Agents can continue to sell tickets until 6 P. M., Saturday, July 13, when all reports must be made with returns and paid for, or they will be cancelled.

Agents having tickets unsold or contracted for, will please forward them to our address, as they are required to fill orders in New York.

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(L) Luefsta W. Jessop & Sons,

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LUEFSTA, in Sweden, 29th April, 1867.

CARL EMANUEL DE GEER, proprietor.

WILLIAM JESSOP & SONS, in referring to the above notice, beg to inform dealers in, and consumers of IRON AND STEEL, that they are prepared to receive orders for this IRON, and for BLISTER and EXTRA CAST STEEL made from the Iron, at their Establishments, 91 and 93 JOHN STREET, NEW YORK, and 133 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON.

NATIONAL

FOUNDRY.

AND

PIPE WORKS.

Cor. Carroll and Smallman Sts.

SIXTH WARD, PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

Cast Iron Bowl Pipe.

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My pipe are all cast vertically in Pits, in Dry Sand, and TWELVE FEET LENGTHS.

Also, a full assortment of

GENERAL CASTINGS FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

FORT PITT

BOILER, STILL AND TANK

WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER

Steam Boilers,

CHIMNEYS,	OIL STILLS,
BRITCHINGS,	OIL TANKS,
FIRE BEDS,	AGITATORS,
ASH PANS,	SETTLING PANS
STEAM PIPE,	CONDENSERS,
SALT PANS,	PRISON DOORS,
IRON BRIDGES,	GASOMETERS,

STEAM BOILERS.

Office and Works: Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh, Penna.

☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.

WASHINGTON WORKS,

OFFICE:

No. 12 Smithfield, cor. First street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BLAST ENGINES,
BOAT AND STATIONERY ENGINES,
STEAM HAMMERS,
ROLLING MILL CASTINGS, of all descriptions,
MACHINERY AND CASTINGS, of every description.
BLAKE'S ROCK AND ORE CRUSHER.
BOILERS AND SHEET IRON WORKS,

Agents for the "GIFFARD" INJECTOR for feeding Boilers.

JUNIATA IRON WORKS.

SHOENBERGER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CUT NAILS AND SPIKES,

BOILER PLATE, SHEET IRON,

AND

PATENT HAMMERED

Horse and Mule Shoes,

Would call especial attention to our Shoes, which we claim to be of a

Very Superior Quality.

Offices: 93 WATER ST., and at 116 ETNA STREET, Pittsburgh.

ADDY, WILLIAMS & BARTLEY

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS

COR. SIXTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

And Corner Beaver and Chestnut Streets,

MANCHESTER.

All kinds of WATER, GAS and STEAM FIXTURES kept constantly on hand. fe12

ROBERT C. TOTTEN, NATHANIEL B. HOGG.

FULTON FOUNDRY.

NINTH WARD, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Warehouse, 121 Wood street.

TOTTEN & CO.,

Successors to Joseph Pennock and Pennock & Totten. Manufacturers of Chill Rolls, warranted; Nail Machines, Soft Rolls, Squeezers, Puddling Heating and Tunneling Furnace Plates, of improved patterns, plain and corrugated; Bar, Boiler and Plate Iron Shears and Punches, of latest improved patterns, Rolling Mill Castings and Heavy Machinery generally.

Gas Retorts, Oil Stills, Hot Blast Pipes, Sugar Kettle, House Fronts and Window Heads; Gas and Water Pipe, either boul or flange; Rolls turned, and all fitting done to order. A large assortment of rolling mill patterns purchased from the Fort Pitt Foundry. Sole manufacturers for Allegheny County of Helme's Patent Benzole Burner, adapted to all heating purposes. ja21-ly

JOSEPH P. HAIGH. WILLIAM MILLER.

DUQUESNE AND WEST POINT

FORGES,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Office, COR. DUQUESNE WAY AND POINT ST.

JOSEPH P. HAIGH & CO.,

Have facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and are prepared to PROMPTLY AND SATISFACTORILY fill all orders for

STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS,

RAILROAD AXLES

LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES,

Together with every description of SHAPE WORK. no9-ty

CARLIN & GIBSON,

FOURTH WARD FOUNDRY

AND

MACHINE WORKS.

SANDUSKY ST., NEAR ROBINSON,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

STEAM ENGINES, ROLLING MILL AND MACHINE CASTINGS.

We have always on hand and make to order, Steam Engines for Oil Wells, with flue or portable boilers, counter shafts, derrick fixtures, &c., &c. de4-tf

PITTSBURGH FLINT GLASS

WORKS—Established 1808.

BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO.,

Factory, BINGHAM STREET, Birmingham.
Warehouse, 31 and 33 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh.

J. P. PEARS,	B. BAKEWELL, Jr.
B. B. CAMPBELL,	J. W. PAUL. ap24

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

Printing and Wrapping Papers,

CLINTON MILL, Steubenville, Ohio.
BRIGHTON MILL, New Brighton, Pa.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 82 Third St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President.
JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treasurer.
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DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. H. Hartman, John B. Livingston, John M. Perkins, O. H. Merrick.

CASH PAID FOR PAPER STOCK.

DRY GOODS.

JUST OPENED,

AT

Macrum & Carlisle's,

19 FIFTH STREET,

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

Sun Shades and Parasols,

NEW BUTTONS AND TRIMMINGS,

ENGLISH BONNET AND TRIMMING

RIBBONS,

SPRING SHADES OF THE BEST

Kid Gloves.

"STAR" SHIRTS,

BEST PAPER COLLARS.

We have just opened a full line of all sizes and colors of the celebrated

"SS" Kid Glove, $1 10 Per Pair.

We are authorized to guarantee every pair of the Gloves sold. Should they rip or tear putting on, they can be exchanged for another pair.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 FIFTH STREET.

DRY GOODS.

Brown Sheetings,

Brown Sheetings,

BLEACHED SHIRTINGS,

TICKINGS,

STRIPES, TWEEDS,

CASSIMERES,

PRINTS,

AND

DRESS GOODS,

AT

WHOLESALE.

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,

54 Wood Street.

PIANOS.

PIANOS,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

AT VERY LOW PRICES BY

JOHN ZWEIDINGER,

NO. 160 SMITHFIELD STREET, two doors above Sixth.

First-class PIANOS from $325 upwards.
Superior MELODEONS from $50 upwards.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, TRIMMINGS and STRINGS,

TEN PER CENT. CHEAPER

THAN IN OTHER MUSIC STORES.

CHAS. S. BARR..HERMAN T. KNAKE..WM. L. BUETTLER

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

(Successors to Wamelink & Barr,)

No. 12 St. Clair Street.

DEALERS IN

PIANOS, ORGANS,

AND

Musical Goods Generally.

Sole Agents for the celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMAKER & CO., Philadelphia,

PIANOS.

Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "Cottage," and S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S "American"

ORGAN,

AND TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. no17

WATCHES. JEWELRY. &C.

LADIES'

GOLD WATCHES,

A New and Handsome Lot of the Celebrated Makers,

PERRENOUD, JACOT AND ROGERS,

JUST RECEIVED BY

DUNSEATH & CO., Jewelers,

56 FIFTH STREET

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE.

J. W. WOODWELL & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PARLOR, LIBRARY,

CHAMBER AND

DINING ROOM

FURNITURE,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

97 & 99 Third Street.

DAULER, CLOSE & CO.,

Practical Furniture Manufacturers.

Corner PENN and WAYNE STREETS. Constantly on hand a large assortment of elegant and fashionable FURNITURE. Our work is made by hand and warranted. Orders promptly attended to.

HATS AND CAPS.

FUR AND WOOL

HATS,

MENS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S,

ALL QUALITIES AND STYLES.

R. H. PALMER.

84 WOOD STREET.

ISAIAH WOODBURY,

DEALER IN

PAINTS AND VARNISHES,

Neats Foot, Tanners, Lard,

Whale and Sperm

OILS.

Naval Stores and Petroleum,

St. Louis Lead and Oil Company's

CASTOR OIL,

In Banker's Patent 5 and 10 Gallon Cans,

NEWFOUNDLAND OIL CO.'S CELEBRATED

Cod Liver Oil,

WARRANTED PERFECTLY PURE

ISAIAH WOODBURY,

SOLE AGENT,

26 DEY STREET,

NEW YORK.

OVER FIVE THOUSAND

Grover & Baker Machines

Are in use in Allegheny County, and the demand greatly exceeds the supply. Send your orders to

NO. 105 FIFTH STREET.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after JUNE 9, 1867, trains arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Mail Train	1:20 a m	Day Express	3:00 a m
Fast Line	1:50 a m	Wall's No. 1	6:30 a m
Wall's No. 1	6:20 a m	Mail Train	8:20 a m
Brinton No. 2	7:50 a m	Wall's No. 2	9:50 a m
Wall's No. 2	8:50 a m	Cincinnati Ex	11:15 a m
Cincinnati Exp	9:10 a m	Wall's No. 3	11:30 a m
Johnstown ac	10:10 a m	Johnstown Ac	2:50 p m
Phila. Express	1:50 p m	Wall's No 4	3:30 p m
Wall's No. 3	1:30 p m	Phil. Express	4:30 p m
Wall's No. 4	2:50 p m	Wall's No. 5	4:59 p m
Wall's No. 5	5:50 p m	Wall's No. 6	6:05 p m
Wall's No. 6	7:00 p m	Fast Line	10:20 p m
Altoona Ac. and Emigr't train	10:35 p m	Wall's No. 7	10:50 p m

Cincinnati Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Philadelphia Express and the Altoona Accommodation and Emigrant Train arrive daily. Cincinnati Express arrives daily except Monday. All other trains daily except Sunday.

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:15 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrive at Wall's Station at 2:00 p. m.

For further information, apply to

W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Co. will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value, will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
Gen'l Supt., Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after June 9th, 1867, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny city, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Sharpsb'g No 1.	6:35 a m	Mail	6:50 a m
Freeport No 1.	8:15 a m	Freeport No 1.	9:05 a m
Express	10:10 a m	Sharpsb'g No 1.	11:40 a m
Sharpsb'g No 2.	1:25 p m	Express	2:00 p m
Freeport No 2.	4:25 p m	Harmersville	3:50 p m
Mail	6:05 p m	Freeport No 2.	5:05 p m
Harmersville	7:10 p m	Sharpsb'g No 2.	7:30 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 7:40 a. m., reaching Allegheny City at 8:50 a. m. Returning leaves Allegheny City at 1:20 p. m., and arrives at Allegheny Junction at 3:15 p. m.

Commutation Tickets—For sale in packages of twenty, between Allegheny City, Chestnut street, Herr's, Bennett, Pine Creek, Etna and Sharpsburg, and good only on the trains stopping at Stations specified on tickets.

Through Tickets to Butler and Hannahstown may be purchased at Walker's Stage Office, No. 3 St. Clair Street, near Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny City.

For further information, apply to

JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent.
Federal Street Depot.

The Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS in value. All baggage exceeding this amount in value, will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

ALLENTOWN ROUTE

TO THE EAST.

SHORTEST & FASTEST LINE

Between Pittsburgh and New York,

VIA HARRISBURG, READING, ALLENTOWN AND EASTON.

NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN PITTSBURGH AND NEW YORK.

☞ SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS. ☜

Trains leave Union Depot of Pennsylvania Railroad in Pittsburgh, daily (except Sundays) at 3:10 and 11:00 A. M., 4:20 and 10:15 P. M. On Sundays 11:00 A. M.

Leave New York for Pittsburgh, from Station of CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY, FOOT OF LIBERTY STREET, at 9:00 A. M., 5:00 and 8:00 P. M.

Baggage checked to all points between Pittsburgh and New York.

H. P. BALDWIN,
General Passenger Agent.

1867. THE PITTSBURGH, 1867.

Ft. Wayne and Chicago R. W.,

AND

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Trains arrive and leave at the Union Depot, as follows.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Chicago Exp.	2:00 a m	Chicago Ex.	2:30 a m
Cleveland Ex.	2:00 a m	Cleveland Ex.	2:30 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex	6:00 a m	Chicago Ex.	10:45 a m
Cl. & Whg M'l.	6:15 a m	Wheeling Ex.	10:45 a m
Chicago Mail	6:45 a m	Chicago Ex.	3:40 p m
Chicago Ex.	9:30 a m	Cl. & Whg. Ex.	3:50 p m
Cl. & Whg. Ex.	2:00 p m	Erie & Ygn. Ex	6:45 p m
Chicago Ex.	2:15 p m	Chicago Ex.	9:50 p m
Wheeling Ex.	4:35 p m	Cl. & Whg Ex.	9:30 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
N. Br't'n Acc.	8:45 a m	N. Brt'Acc.	6:50 a m
Leetsdale Acc.	10:00 a m	N. Brt'n Acc.	8:35 a m
Leetsdale Acc.	11:40 a m	Wellsville Ac.	9:10 a m
Rochester Ac.	1:20 p m	N. Castle Acc.	10:00 a m
Wells' & N C Ac	3:30 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	11:05 a m
Leetsdale Acc.	4:50 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	1:05 p m
N. Brt'n Acc.	5:20 p m	N. Brt'n Acc.	2:30 p m
N. Brt'n Acc.	6:15 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	4:10 p m
Leetsdale Acc.	10:30 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	7:00 p m

☞ 10:45 A. M., Chicago Express arrives daily.
☞ 2:15 P. M. Chicago Express leaves daily.

F. R. MYERS, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH,

Columbus and Cincinnati R. R.

PAN HANDLE ROUTE.

Trains leave and arrive at Union Depot, as follows.

CHANGE OF TIME. On and after Sunday, April 28th:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Fast Line	9:45 a m	10:05 p m
Walkers Accom	11:00 a m	3:45 p m
Express	3:30 p m	10:50 a m
Mail	3:05 a m	9:45 p m
Mixed	6:10 a m	6:55 p m
Steubenville Accom'n.	3:25 p m	10:05 a m
McDonald's Accom'n.	5:05 p m	8:20 a m

The 9:45 A. M. Train arrives in Cincinnati at 10 P. M. same evening, 7½ hours in advance of other lines.

No change of cars between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, and but ONE change to St. Louis, Cairo, and the principal points West and Southwest.

When purchasing Tickets be sure and find the Office of the Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad, UNION DEPOT (South Side.)

M. D. MOTHERSPAUGH,
Ticket Agent, Union Depot, Pittsburgh.
S. F. SCULL,
General Ticket Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.
JOHN H. MILLER,
General Eastern Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Change of Time.

On and after WEDNESDAY, April 17, 1867, Passenger trains will leave and arrive at Pittsburgh Depot, corner Pike and Canal streets, as follows;

	Leave Pitts'gh.	Arrive.
First Kiskiminetas	6:30 a m	11:50 a m
Mail (to & from Mahoning)	7:20 a m	7:30 p m
First Soda Works Accom.	9:05 a m	8:00 a m
Second Kiskiminetas Ac.	12:30 p m	6:30 p m
Express	3:15 p m	10:45 a m
Second Soda Works Ac.	5:30 p m	2:25 p m
Sunday Church Train from and to Soda Works	1:00 p m	8:30 a m

Express, North, makes close connection at Mahoning, with Packets for Franklin and Oil City.

Mail, South, connects with Packets from Franklin and Oil City.

H. BLACKSTONE,
Superintendent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

On and after THURSDAY, March 15th, 1866, the trains will leave the Depot, corner of Ross and Water streets, as follows:

	Leaves Pittsburgh.	Arrives Pittsburgh.
Mail to and from Uniontown.	7:00 a m	6:00 p m
Express " "	3:00 p m	10:00 a m
West Newton Accom	6:15 p m	8:30 a m
First McKeesport Accom	11:00 a m	6:50 a m
Second " "	10:00 p m	2:05 p m
Braddock's " "	4:10 p m	5:45 p m
Sunday Church train to and from West Newton	1:00 p m	10:00 a m

For tickets apply to J. W. KING, Agent.
mh15 W. R. STOUT, Sup't.

BREWERS.

PITTSBURGH BREWERY.

CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO.,

BREWERS,

MALSTERS & HOP DEALERS,

SUCCESSORS TO

JOSHUA RHODES & CO., Pittsburgh.
WM. W. ANDERSON, Allegheny.

The attention of the customers of the two firms is particularly invited to our

Celebrated Ales and Porter,

Which we guarantee to be pure and satisfactory the trade. Our

INDIA ALE

Has been highly recommended by physicians for family use.

PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY,

JOSEPH SPENCER..........................JAMES M'KAY

SPENCER & M'KAY,

Malsters and Brewers

OF

ALE, PORTER AND BROWN STOUT,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. au31-ly

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

ISAAC TRESCOTT, 129 MAIN ST.,

SALEM, OHIO,

DEALER IN

BOOKS, PAPER STOCK,

WALL AND WINDOW PAPER.

Yankee Notions, Gold Pens,

General Stationery,

Fancy Soaps and Fancy Goods.

Also, General Agent for the PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL, containing the largest amount of reading matter of any paper in the State. oc18

JOHN LINNENBRINK,

(near Pitts., Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R. Depot,)

ROCHESTER, PA.

Dealer in

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

PERIODICALS, STATIONERY, &c.

Penknives manufactured by the Pittsburgh Cutlery Co., Rochester, Pa.

Agent for the PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL.

DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO.
PURE
WHITE
LEAD.
PITTSBURGH.

DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO.,

WHITE LEAD WORKS.

South End of the Monongahela Bridge.

OFFICE, AT THE WORKS.

THESE WORKS, JUST COMPLETED, NOW OFFER TO CONSUMERS AND THE TRADE, A SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF PURE WHITE LEAD.

SPRING WAGONS FOR SALE.

TWO LIGHT SPRING WAGONS,

Manufactured in Ohio, well painted, and made of the very best material, and got up in the very best style, will be sold at a great deal less than manufacturer's prices. Inquire of

ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
Corner of Smithfield and Water sts.

CARPETS.

REMOVAL

TO

No. 51 FIFTH ST.

McCALLUM BROS.,

HAVE NOW OPEN,

AT THEIR VERY ELEGANT AND COMMODIOUS WAREHOUSE,

A full Line of all New and Desirable Patterns.

MEDALLION VELVETS,
VELVETS, BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS,
MOQUETTE COVERS,
MOSAIC RUGS AND MATS,
OIL BAIZES,
3-PLY AND 2-PLY INGRAINS

AND EVERY VARIETY OF

LOW PRICED CARPETING.

M'CALLUM BROS.,
51 FIFTH STREET.

JUST RECEIVED.

CARPETS.

WE HAVE RECEIVED FROM ENGLAND, BY STEAMER MANHATTAN FOR JUNE TRADE, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF BEST BODY BRUSSELS IN HALL, STAIR, PARLOR AND CHAMBER STYLES, AT THE LOWEST PRICES OF THE SEASON.

ALSO, EVERY VARIETY OF CHINA MATTINGS, FOR SUMMER, JUST FROM AUCTION, AT PRICES AS LOW AS BEFORE THE WAR.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,

23 Fifth Street.

BARGAINS IN

CARPETS,

AT RETAIL.

ALL WOOL INGRAINS Reduced 25 cents per yard.

BRUSSELS CARPETS Reduced 25 cents per yard.

Good White and Red Checked CHINA MATTING, Reduced to 35 cts. per yard.

HEAVY REDUCTION IN

LACE CURTAINS,

AND MANY OTHER GOODS.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

NOS. 71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET,

Next to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice, Second Floor, over Miner's Book Store. cod

NEW CARPET STORE.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

CARPETS,

NEW PATTERNS IN

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,
BODY BRUSSELS,
3-PLY AND 2-PLY
TAPESTRY INGRAINS.

A FULL LINE OF

Straw Mattings,

PLAIN, CHECKED AND FANCY.

Our stock is fuller than at any previous time this season. Those wishing goods in our line will do well to give us a call.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

NO. 21 FIFTH ST.

(OVER BATES & BELL'S.)

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

JAS. B. MEANOR..........................JOS. HARPER.

MEANOR & HARPER,

FLOUR, PRODUCE AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

NO. 329 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.

J. McALPIN & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND

Commission Merchants,

IN EASTERN AND WESTERN

PRODUCE,

FLOUR, BARLEY, RYE, OATS, HAY, FEED, POTATOES, APPLES, ONIONS, POULTRY, GAME, &c., &c.

NO. 337 LIBERTY STREET.

T. C. JENKINS,

Checkered Front,

273 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH,

Commission Merchant,

And Wholesale Dealer in Flour and all Kinds of Produce.

Weekly Prices Current and Marking Plates sent to Consignors.

PETROLEUM.

OILS, OILS, OILS.

SOHO OIL WORKS.

Buffum, Kehew & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

CELEBRATED SPERM LUBRICATOR.

Petroleum Lubricating Oils.

Sperm, Lard and Whale Oils,

Head Light, Tanners' Oil,

AND

WHEEL GREASE.

ALSO,

STANDARD WHITE BURNING OIL.

no16 No. 1 ST. CLAIR ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

E. S. WARING, Pittsburgh. HENRY H. KING, Philadelphia.

WARING & KING,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS IN PETROLEUM AND ITS PRODUCTS.

Office, No. 4 DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh7

RINGS
RINGS RINGS
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RINGS RINGS
RINGS To Restore RINGS
RINGS Gray Hair to its RINGS
RINGS Original Color, Erad- RINGS
RINGS icate Dandruff and RINGS
RINGS Vegetable Ambrosia RINGS
IS
RINGS WARRANTED! RINGS
RINGS Humors from the Scalp, RINGS
RINGS and prevent Baldness. RINGS
RINGS TRY A RINGS
RINGS BOTTLE. RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS

RING'S

VEGETABLE AMBROSIA

IS THE MIRACLE OF THE AGE.

Gray headed people have their locks restored by it to the dark, lustrous, silken tresses of youth, and are happy!

Young people with light, faded or red hair, have these unfashionable colors changed to a beautiful auburn, and rejoice!

People whose heads are covered with dandruff and humors, use it, and have clean coats and clear and healthy scalps! Bald headed veterans have their remaining locks tightened, and the bare spots covered with a luxuriant growth of hair, and dance for joy! Young gentlemen use it because it is richly perfumed! Young ladies use it because it keeps their hair in place! Everybody must and will use it, because it is the cleanest and best article in the market!

For sale by Druggists generally. Price $1 00 per bottle.

E. M. TUBBS & CO., Proprietors,
Peterborough, N. H.

SELLERS & VAN GORDER,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
WS 311 Liberty st., Pittsburgh, Agents.

HARRISON & BRO.,

FURNISH STONE FLAGS,

For Floors requiring the greatest durability; Garden Walks, Hearths, Pavements, &c. These Flags are from 1 1-2 to 4 inches thick, and having the control of the

LARGEST AND BEST QUARRY

In the West, we can supply them in any quantity and at a very reasonable rate. Also, dealers in FREEPORT and COMMON STONE.

Office and Yard, corner BUTLER and BOUNDARY STREETS, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh.

GET NONE BUT A

GROVER & BAKER,

It is the best for all purposes. Call at
no8 105 FIFTH STREET.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

COAL MEN'S TRUST CO.,

No. 65 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

CAPITAL - - - - $200,000.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Particular attention given to collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.

DIRECTORS,

A. J. Baker, W. J. Patterson, W. A. Herron, Wm. Mothral, Thomas Farrow, James H. Hopkins, A. J. Hagan, H. A. Freyvogle, J. D. Johnson, D. L. Patterson, E. J. Roberts.

A. J. BAKER, President.

E. J. ROBERTS, Cashier.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

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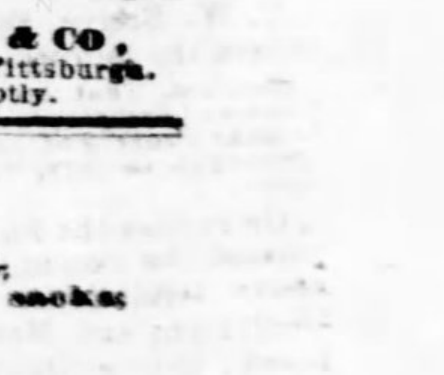

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3 cars Potatoes, bbls and sacks;
3,000 pounds Dried Peaches;
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10 cases Champagne Cider;
5 bbls Hominy,

Arriving, in store and for sale by

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The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

LYING ILL.—Alderman David Neillie, of the Fourth ward, Allegheny, is lying dangerously ill at his residence, of hemorrhage of the lungs.

CLEANING.—The Manchester Passenger Railway Company are engaged in cleaning Federal street, Allegheny, and that thoroughfare is beginning to present a more healthy appearance.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—Coroner Clawson held an inquest yesterday morning upon the body of Benton R. Temple, the little boy who was drowned near Brunot's Island, Sunday afternoon. The Jury rendered a verdict of "Accidentally drowned."

FOOT RACE.—Arrangements have been made for a foot race between John Reese and Wm. Obey, for a purse of two hundred dollars. The race will take place at Woods's Run, between the hours of ten and twelve o'clock this morning.

APPOINTED.—Roger O'Mara, an officer who for some time past has been on independent duty near the Depot and Grain Elevator, was yesterday appointed by Mayor McCarthy to a place on the regular day police.

VALUABLE HORSE KILLED.—A valuable horse, belonging to Mr. Scott, residing in Lower St. Clair township, on the hills above South Pittsburgh, was killed yesterday by falling down an embankment, thirty feet high, in the pasture field on the farm.

DULL TIMES WITH THE HACKMEN.—The hackmen in this city complain of unusually dull times, and say that since the Fourth they do not get custom enough to make a living. Several are talking of suspending business until matters improve.

BASE BALL.—The Empire Base Ball Club, of Allegheny city, has challenged the Empire Club of this city, to play a match game.

A match game of base ball will be played at Oakland, this morning at nine o'clock, between the Dauntless and Goodwill Clubs, for the junior championship of Pittsburgh.

SLIGHT FIRE IN BIRMINGHAM.—An alarm of fire occurred in Birmingham yesterday morning, which was occasioned by the burning of soot in the chimney of a house on Denman street, near Washington, in that borough. No damage was done. The Mechanics' Hose Company were promptly at the scene, but their services were not required.

AVERY PROFESSORSHIP.—At the late commencement of Lincoln University, Oxford, Pa., it was announced that four Professorships of $20,000 each were completed. Messrs. Howe and King, of Pittsburgh, Pa., the trustees of the estate of the late Charles Avery, of Allegheny, donated $20,000, and the name of the deceased is given to the chair.

NEW SEWER.—Workmen are at present engaged in building a new sewer, to extend from the foot of Wood street to the Monongahela river. A new sewer has been necessitated at that point, as the main one, not being sufficient to carry off the water from both sides of the street, chokes up and overflows the wharf, damaging the grain that is stored on the wharf for shipment, and also other freight.

PROFESSIONALS ARRESTED.—Two brothers named Shott, were arrested by Chief Scott and officer George Strain, and placed in the lock-up on Monday evening. As there was nothing definite against them they were released by the Mayor this morning upon promising to leave the city. The two brothers are well-known to the Harrisburg police, and were given the choice between leaving that city and imprisonment.

TROT AT PERRYSVILLE.—There will be a trot at Carson's Park, Perrysville, this afternoon, should the weather be favorable, for a purse of two hundred dollars, mile heats, best three in five. The contesting horses are "Jimmy Hamill" and "Little Joker." These horses trotted in double teams on the Fourth, and judging from the contest on that day, an exciting race can be expected.

LEG BROKEN.—Last evening about dark, while a little son of Mr. Martin Corcoran, aged three years, was "see-sawing" on Duquesne Way, near the Hand Street Bridge, the board on which he sat broke, and threw him to the ground, breaking his right leg between the knee and ankle joint. He was taken to his parents' residence, in a court between Hand street and Garrison alley, where his injuries were attended to by Dr. Wm. R. Childs, of Penn street. The child is now doing well.

BUTTER STOLEN.—A basket of butter, belonging to a countrywoman named Mrs. Morrow, was stolen from McDonald's tavern, on Federal street, Allegheny City, where she was stopping, on Sunday night last. On Monday night, Lieut. McKain, of the night watch, succeeded in discovering the butter in a store on Craig street, in the First Ward, where the thief had sold it. The butter was recovered and restored to the owner. The thief has not yet been arrested.

FELONIOUS ASSAULT.—Yesterday about noon, a man named Ellcesser, residing in the Third ward, Allegheny, entered a carpenter shop in the Fourth ward, and there got into an altercation with the clerk, in regard to a bill which the firm owed Ellcesser. Ellcesser, it is alleged, knocked the clerk down, whereupon the latter struck him on the head with a large file, fracturing his skull about two inches above the left eye. His injuries were dressed by Dr. Mabon. An officer happening to pass at the time, took the clerk into custody, and conveyed him to the lock-up. He was held for a hearing.

BURGLARY IN ALLEGHENY.—The grocery store of Messrs. Gibson, Crow & Co., on Federal street, above the Diamond, Allegheny, was burglariously entered some time during Monday night. The thieves effected an entrance by opening the cellar door in the rear of the house, which was not fastened, and then proceeding through the cellar up into the store. They appeared to have operated at their leisure, as they looked over a large stock of goods. One hundred and fifty dollars in money, which was in the money drawer, was stolen. Besides this, no articles of any value were stolen. There is no trace to the thieves, who are supposed to have been boys familiar with the premises. The supposition that they were boys is strengthened by the fact that they appear to have stopped before going out and eaten heartily of honey, which was in same jars in the back room.

A Bold Robbery—Horses and Cattle Stolen.

Some time during Sunday night ten cattle were stolen from the premises of Mr. Robert Clemens, of Allegheny township, Westmoreland county. A red cow and her calf were taken from the stable. Two red milch cows, one white faced and white backed, and two spotted milch cows, together with two red yearling heifers and one red yearling steer, were stolen from the barn yard. The next morning the thieves were followed to Sandy Creek, and from there traced to East Liberty. Mr. Clemens visited the latter place Monday morning, and ascertained that the cattle had been driven through that town at half-past six o'clock by two men on horseback, but he was unable to trace them further.

Early on Sunday morning two horses answering the description of the ones rode by the above mentioned thieves were missed from the pasture belonging to Mr. Joseph Pettigrew, of Penn township.

These bold robberies will most likly cause the farmers to watch their stock carefully.

MONONGAHELA VALLEY R. R.

Meeting of the Friends of the Enterprise—The Route to be Surveyed to Monongahela City via Saw Mill Run.

A meeting of the friends of the above named Railroad, via the Saw Mill Run route, was held yesterday at eleven o'clock, at the office of Mr. T. W. Briggs, on Water street. There was a large attendance, and considerable interest manifested, citizens being present from Birmingham, Lower St. Clair, Baldwin and Snowden townships, and from Washington county.

Joseph S. Gaston, of Findleyville, was appointed chairman, and J. Reamer, of Pittsburgh, secretary.

Dr. Van Voorhees, of Fayette county, chairman of the corporators, was present, and addressed the meeting at some length. He referred to the interest manifested among persons residing along the proposed route in the enterprise, and said the only thing necessary to bring the road to a successful completion, was a united effort. He had been over the route, and was much encouraged with the prospects. Greene county, he felt confident, would come up to the work with handsome subscriptions.

On motion of James T. [illegible]unick, Esq., of Peebles township, it was

Resolved, That a committee of [illegible] be appointed to solicit subscriptions to the [illegible] Monongahela Valley Railroad Company, which subscriptions shall be conditioned on the road being constructed on the shortest route—which is not by the river to Monongahela City.

T. W. Briggs, Esq., of Baldwin township, offered the following:

Resolved, That the said committee of ten be empowered to employ a corps of competent engineers to make a survey of the route from Pittsburgh to Monongahela City, via Saw Mill Run, as they may select.

On motion the following gentlemen were appointed the committee as provided for in the above resolutions: Dr. Oldshue, Pittsburgh, Chairman; and Messrs. James Gordon, Pittsburgh, George Duncan, F. Ihmsen, Birmingham, Jacob Hays and T. W. Briggs, Baldwin township, Joseph Miller, Thomas Kiddoo, of Snowden, and West Fry and Solomon Bell, of Washington county.

On motion six of the committee was constituted a quorum for the transaction of business.

A resolution was adopted that the proceedings of the meeting be published in the city papers, and all others friendly to the enterprise, and that the Secretary, Mr. J. Reamer, be requested to carry this resolution into effect.

The meeting then adjourned to meet at the call of the committee.

THE NEW LICENSE SYSTEM.

List of Applications Granted Last Month—Total Number Granted and Refused by the Excise Board—Revenue from Licenses, $42,326 78.

Subjoined will be found some interesting statistics in regard to the workings of the new License Board, since the power of granting and refusing licenses was vested in the County Commissioners, compiled from the books of John G. Brown, Esq., Clerk of the County Courts.

The following is a list of applications for license to sell liquor, in the various districts of the county, granted by the Board during the month of June:

PITTSBURGH.

First Ward—David Lewis, Hugh Sallie, Mary A. Thompson.

Second Ward—Gustav Marks, Valentine Fehl, Jacob Rall, Thos. Bailey, David Reich.

Third Ward—John Duffey, Patrick Barrett.

Fourth Ward—Samuel Hare, Nave & Fortney, McCullough, Smith & Co., John McCullough & Co.

Fifth Ward—John O'Donnell, Michael Greenawalt, Thomas Morgan, Felix Henk, E. O'Connor, P. & M. Kane.

Sixth Ward—John Sweeney, John Watson.

Seventh Ward—None granted.

Eighth Ward—John Richardson.

Ninth Ward—None granted.

Tenth Ward—Charles Herold, Frederick Miller, Joseph Ludewig, James McKay, R. Loenig & Co., Joseph Fricker.

ALLEGHENY CITY.

First Ward—None granted.

Second Ward—G. C. Lightcap.

Third Ward—Theodore Haskin, Andrew King, E. Hess.

Fourth Ward—Adam Giser, C. M. Seely, Gottleib Yunker.

Fifth Ward—Philip Wagoner.

BOROUGHS.

Birmingham—Lewis Smith, Jacob Roth, Herman Asneus, Rudolph Ruuk.

East Birmingham—Andrew Munn.

Duquesne—Julius Weisert.

Lawrenceville—Margaret Fox.

Tarentum—Edward Marvin.

McKeesport—None granted.

Sharpsburg—Martin Freudenrich.

TOWNSHIPS.

Baldwin—None granted.

Collins—None granted.

Findley—None granted.

Indiana—Andrew Miller.

Liberty—D. B. Laughner.

Mifflin—Christ. Dierstein.

McClure—Jacob Eckert.

Ohio—H. Waldschmidt.

Robinson—James Bryan.

Shaler—Elizabeth Hanna, Christ Heber, Peter Kelly.

Lower St. Clair—Anthony Fogle, Burr E. Coons, Nicholas Steimer, Peter Brining, Hogle, Fisher & Co.

Union—Frederick Vierheller.

Versailles—None granted.

Scott—None granted.

The following is a table, showing the total number of applications for license, in the various districts of the county, granted and refused by the Board of County Commissioners, during the four months past, in which they have been holding License Court:

	March List.		April List.		May List.		June List.		Total	
	Granted	Refused	Granted	Refused	Granted	Refused	Granted	Refused	Granted	Refused
PITTSBURGH.										
First ward	6	1	13	3	13	0	3	0	34	4
Second ward	5	0	4	1	7	2	5	0	21	3
Third ward	1	0	10	5	5	4	2	1	18	10
Fourth ward	6	1	9	0	8	2	1	0	27	5
Fifth ward	11	0	15	3	11	0	7	0	44	3
Sixth ward	0	1	2	9	4	7	2	2	8	19
Seventh ward	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	3	2
Eighth ward	2	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	6	0
Ninth ward	5	0	5	2	4	1	0	1	13	4
Tenth ward	9	1	7	2	11	1	6	0	33	4
Total in Pitts'h	44	4	69	26	64	17	30	5	207	52
ALLEGHENY.										
First ward	3	0	8	1	1	1	0	1	12	3
Second ward	2	0	4	0	1	0	1	0	8	0
Third ward	2	1	9	1	8	0	3	0	22	2
Fourth ward	6	0	7	1	7	2	3	0	23	3
Fifth ward	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	1	4
Seventh ward	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0
Total in Alleg'y	13	1	28	4	20	6	8	2	69	12
BOROUGHS.										
Birmingham	0	0	7	2	7	0	4	0	18	2
East Birmingham	0	0	6	0	6	1	1	1	13	2
Duquesne	0	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	5	0
Lawrenceville	1	1	9	1	8	1	1	0	19	3
Monongahela	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
M'Keesport	1	0	5	0	0	2	0	3	6	5
S. Pittsburgh	0	0	3	2	0	1	0	0	3	3
W. Pittsburgh	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	4	0
Sewickley	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Sharpsburg	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	4	1
Tarentum	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Elizabeth	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Manchester	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
Temperanceville	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Mt. Washington	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Total in Boro's	4	1	37	15	26	7	9	4	76	27
TOWNSHIPS.										
Collins	2	1	5	1	4	0	0	1	11	3
Chartiers	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0
North Fayette	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	2
South Fayette	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	3	0
Harrison	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Indiana	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	4	0
Liberty	0	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	3	3
Mifflin	3	0	3	1	1	0	1	0	8	1
McClure	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	2	1
Oakland	0	0	5	0	1	0	0	0	6	0
Patton	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Pitt	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0
Richland	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
Robinson	1	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	4	1
Ross	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	6	0
Lower St. Clair	2	0	7	0	7	0	5	0	21	0
Scott	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	1	0	6
Shaler	2	0	3	0	2	0	3	0	8	0
Union	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	2	3
Versailles	1	0	2	5	1	0	0	1	4	6
Wilkins	0	0	3	3	2	0	0	0	5	3
Baldwin	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	1
Findley	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
Ohio	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	2	1
Plum	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Reserve	2	0	6	1	0	0	0	0	8	1
Hampton	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Elizabeth	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	2
Marshal	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
McCandless	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Penn	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Peebles	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Snowden	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Upper St. Clair	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Total in T'ps	22	1	49	23	33	9	15	6	121	39
Grand Totals	83	7	185	66	143	39	62	17	473	130

As will be seen by the above table, the total number of applications for the four months named was 603. From the books of David Aiken, Jr., County Treasurer, it appears that the amount of money realized from the granting of licenses during the months of March, April and May was $42,326 78, one-half of which, $21,163 39, is for the benefit of the Allegheny County Work House and Inebriate Asylum, and the other half for the State. The number of applications granted during those months reaching $411, the average amount realized from each license is a little over one hundred dollars. The amount realized from applications granted on the June List have not yet been returned.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Before Judges Thomas Mellon and E. H. Stowe.

The case of Ruth Ann Grubbs, indicted for infanticide, reported as on trial yesterday, was resumed on the opening of Court this morning. Several witnesses upon the part of the defense were examined, and the case closed by District Attorney Duff, who made the final argument on behalf of the prosecution. Judge Mellon delivered the charge of the Court, upon the conclusion of which the jury retired and after an absence of half an hour returned a verdict of "not guilty." The defendant was then discharged by proclamation and left the Court in company with her sisters and friends.

The next case brought up was that of Wm. Hanlon, of Lawrenceville, who was indicted for aggravated assault and battery. Owen Fitzsimmons appeared as the prosecuting witness, and testified that the defendant called upon him on the morning of the seventh of May last, and asked an insulting question, and that on the evening of the same day, he was met by the accused near the Sharpsburg bridge, in Collins township, while on his way to work, when the defendant assaulted him with an iron bolt. He alleged that he was struck over the head with an iron bolt several times, and his head cut in such a manner as to cause him to loose a large quantity of blood. Several other witnesses gave similar testimony. A witness for the defense said that both parties were engaged in the fight, and the prosecutor was as much to blame as the defendant. He also said the cut upon Hanlon's head was made with a blow from the fist, and not with a bolt of iron, as alleged by the prosecutor. The jury was out at the adjournment of court.

Henry Wistner, Wm. Snare, and Chas. Reichold were indicted for malicious michief in abusing a horse belonging to Messrs. Robt. Paul and George Burnside, livery stable keepers in Allegheny city. The prosecuting witness, Burnside, testified that the defendants Snare and Wistner, hired a horse from him on the fourteenth of April last, saying that they intended to drive out to Perrysville and agreeing to return the animal at a certain hour in the afternoon, but they kept it several hours over the time, and returned it in a lame condition, covered with sweat and foam, and rendered useless by the injuries received. The accused, he said, paid the livery fee and stated that they had driven thirteen miles and back. It was testified by other witnesses that the defendant Reichold was in company with the others, and that the animal was in a crippled condition when hired and not driven at more than an ordinary rate. The case was submitted to the jury, after which the Court adjourned.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—BANKRUPTCY BRANCH.—In this Court the following petitions were filed:

Thomas B. Mansfield, Scranton, Pa., Luzerne county, Twelfth District.

Dewitt Cook, Williamsport, Lycoming county, Eighteenth District.

Rhodes & Brothers, Williamsport, Eighteenth District. Involuntary petition.

A. Culbertson, Monongahela City, Twenty-Fourth District.

Wm. F. Thomas, Pittsburgh, Twenty-Second District.

In the Court now in session at Erie, George E. Zewer, reported on trial for passing a counterfeit one hundred dollar compound interest note, was acquitted on Saturday. A jury was then empanelled in the case of the United States vs. Howard T. Johnson, Enoch Beardsley and Russell Joonson, indicted for passing a one hundred dollar counterfeit bill. The bill alleged to be passed is the same one upon the passing of which, with intent to defraud, Mr. Zewer was acquitted. The case is still on trial.

THE NINTH WARD SCHOOLS—ELECTION OF OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.—The Board of Directors of the Ninth ward public schools held a meeting last evening and elected the following officers of the Board: President, Joseph H. Nobbs; Secretary, James M. Snyder. The other members of the Board are as follows; John Walsh, Robert M. Reed, Jacob Focer and Jas. C. Rayburn. The following teachers were also elected for the year: Principal, H. G. Squires; Grammar Department, Emily Martin, Henrietta Martin, Medium Department, Fannie Brooks, Cornelia M. Claney, Annie M. Jack, Sarah E. Hipsley; Primary Department, Laura P. Wood, Mary Hagg, Bella McFall, Annie B. Heckert, Mattie Boggs, Juniata De Armit.

Enterprise Base Ball Club.

The Enterprise Base Ball Club, of this city, the champion club of Western Pennsylvania, held their election of officers to serve for the ensuing year, on Tuesday evening, July 9th, resulting as follows: President, Dr. E. S. Umbstaetter; Vice President, Wm. K. Jennings, Esq.; Secretary, John M. Irvine; Treasurer, Lewis Irwin. The selection of officers is excellent, and the first nine of the club are now the strongest in the State. The club is making arrangements to go to Detroit, Michigan, to participate in the Grant National Base Ball Tournament, to be held at that place. Judging from the flourishing condition of the club at present they will no doubt sustain their high reputation if they participate in the tournament.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

[Before Mayor McCarthy.]

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Frank Wilkinson, of Allegheny City, was brought before the Mayor yesterday, charged on oath of Walter Smart with assault and battery and surety of the peace. The prosecutor resides on Isabella street, in the Fourth ward, and the defendant lives in the lower part of the same house. Last night, as is alleged, the defendant came up stairs, assaulted the deponent and used violent threats besides his violent blows. The accused was committed to jail for a further hearing on Thursday.

[Before Alderman McMasters.]

SMASHED HIS CARRIAGE.

Patrick Kearns yesterday instituted suit against a colored man named Samuel Ward, charging him with malicious mischief. Kearns drives a carriage, and alleges that while he was standing at the Monongahela wharf, on Friday, waiting for passengers off the Brownsville boats, Ward maliciously drove his wagon against the carriage, breaking off the wheel and damaging the latter vehicle to the amount of seventeen dollars. A warrant was placed in the hands of an officer for the arrest of Ward, who boards at the corner of Ferry and Fourth streets.

[Before Alderman Taylor.]

LARCENY OF A CARPET SACK.

A. M. Hackett, detective officer of the Pennsylvania Railroad, made an information against one John Kelly, charging him with the larceny of a carpet sack from a passenger at the Union Depot. He was traced to Brinton's Station, and the carpet sack found in his possession. He was arrested, and after a hearing was committed to jail for trial, in default of five hundred dollars bail.

[Before Alderman Thomas.]

WIFE DESERTION.

Robert Preston was arrested yesterday and taken before this magistrate, on a charge of deserting his wife, Mrs. Mary Ann Preston, and refusing to support her. After a hearing, in default of five hundred dollars bail he was committed to jail for trial. He afterwards procured the necessary security, and was released.

[Before Alderman Strain.]

WIFE ABANDONMENT.

Mrs. Indo Olay yesterday appeared at the office of this Alderman and made an information against her husband, Silas B. Olay, for abandonment. She states that they were married in Birmingham, on the 26th of April, 1865, and that ever since that time, almost, he has neglected and refused to provide for the support of herself and child. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused, who resides on River avenue, Allegheny.

BROKE HIS HYDRANT.

Harry Scroggins was arrested on a charge of malicious mischief, preferred by James Wiggins, who alleges that he drove a wagon against deponent's hydrant, breaking it off and rendering a new one necessary. He was held to bail for a hearing.

ALLEGED ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Michael Kennedy was charged with assault and battery, on oath of Thomas Rourke. Rourke resides in a house owned by Kennedy, and sent a servant girl, named Mary Nayle, to the latter after a receipt for rent. Kennedy refused it, and it is alleged, caught the girl by the shoulder and thrust her from the house. A hearing was had, which resulted in the dismissal of the case.

OUT ON BAIL.

John Burke *alias* Jac Burke, who was committed to jail on Monday by Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, in default of three thousand dollars bail, to answer a charge of felonious assault and battery, in striking a man on the head with a beer glass, and dangerously injuring him, was released yesterday by the Court, upon entering the required security for his appearance at the next term of Court to answer the charge.

Speedy Cures.

From Esquire A. B. Stevenson, Magistrate at Birmingham.

TO THE PUBLIC.—I certify that I had been severely afflicted for years with Catarrh of the Head, Bronchitis, Heaviness in the Chest, and Impaired Hearing. In this deplorable state I was providentially induced to apply to Dr. Aborn, at 134 Smithfield street. In ten days after commencing his treatment, I am most happy to acknowledge that I have almost entirely recovered from every symptom from which I had so long suffered. My hearing also is almost entirely restored to its original acuteness as the fruit of his skilled and scientific treatment.

A. B. STEVENSON.

July 8, 1867.

The Home.

This is the title of one of the neatest, best arranged and splendidly stocked public houses ever started in Pittsburgh. It is located at No. 75 Fifth street, next door to the Western Union Telegraph Office. There are two entrances—one through a cosy and well-stocked segar store, which is under the personal superintendence of Mr. Wm. C. Smythe, and another entrance directly off the street and leading through a very fine hallway. Mr. Joseph Fricker, well-known as a successful caterer in Pittsburgh, is the proprietor of the "Home," and all the comforts of such a place are found there. The bar, lunch counter, &c., is not only well supplied, but the business is conducted upon strictly liberal principles, and is worthy of and entitled to a large patronage. Give Fricker a call to-day at the "Home."

Change of Agency.

"NEW YORK, July 6, 1867.—We hereby notify the public of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that we have transferred the Agency for the sale of our Pianos from Messrs. Hoffman, Hoene & Co., to Mr. C. C. Mellor, No. 81 Wood street. Mr. Mellor will furnish our Pianos at the same prices as they are sold at our warehouse.

"DECKER BROS."

From the above the public will know that hereafter the Decker Bro.'s Pianos are *only* to be found at Mr. Mellor's warerooms. Persons desiring to purchase a first-class Piano, should not fail to examine the Deckers'. MWF

GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE.—It is only a matter of justice to our readers that we should inform them of the great closing out sale of summer dry goods, dress goods, etc., just commenced at the cheapest dry goods store in the city. We refer to J. M. Burchfield & Co., No. 87 Market street. Now is the time to obtain *very rare bargains*. We hope our readers will make a note of this and act accordingly.

THERE ARE FEW PERSONS LIVING who would consent for a given sum to part with their hair and forever wear a wig, or even consent to have this glory of the body changed from its natural hue to the color that marks age and decay. Yet thousands, for want of a simple remedy within their reach, are becoming premature-ly bald and grey. "Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative" is a sure preventive, costs but a trifle, and will work wonders with your personal appearance.

E. S. ABORN, M. D., formerly Surgeon to the Eye and Ear Infirmary of San Francisco, Cal., State Surgeon and Physician-in-Chief of the Nashville, Tenn., Medical and Surgical Institute. Consulting and operating rooms, 134 Smithfield street, where he is prepared with the most recent discoveries and scientific apparatus known to the scientific world, for the successful treatment of the various diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat and organs of the chest, embracing Blindness, Deafness, discharges from the Ear, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Lung diseases and all affections of the Heart and Digestive Organs.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION is desired by every lady. The Spanish ladies, who are noted for that marble-like appearance of the skin, use no other cosmetic except the Florimal of Ivy. Imported and sold by King & Casmell, 24 Church street, N. Y. Sold by all druggists in Pittsburgh and Allegheny City. B. L. Fahnestock, Son & Co., wholesale agents, Pittsburgh.

FINE WHITE MARSAILLES, very beautiful, selling very low, at the cheapest dry goods store in the city. J. M. Burchfield & Co., No. 87 Market street.

GODFREY & CLARK manufacture the best paper sacks in the United States for putting up flour, corn meal, &c. Call and see them. Warehouse, No. 357 Liberty street.

RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR A DRUGGIST.—The subscriber offers for sale his Drug Store and fixtures, a well selected stock and a very good trade. It is one of the finest finished Drug Rooms in the State. Terms reasonable. H. B. Martin, Hollidaysburg, Pa.

IMPORTED COLOGNES, PERFUMES, POMEDES, SOAPS AND BRUSHES, for sale cheaper than any place in the city, at Chas. Abel & Co's., Drug Store, corner Wylie and Washington street.

GROCERS WHO WOULD PLEASE THEIR TRADE, will not fail to keep on hand a supply of Dobbins' Electric Soap.

ELEGANT GRAY POPLINS for Traveling Dresses, selling very low at the cheapest dry goods store in the city. J. M. Burchfield & Co., No. 87 Market street.

PARIS EXPOSITION, 1867, awards to Sewing Machine: Empire—honorable mention; A. B. Howe—bronze medal; Weed & Florence—silver medal; Wheeler & Wilson—gold medal; The Howe—gold medal, its work, silver medal, and its inventor and proprietor created Knight of the Legion of Honor. Classes: 1st, The Howe; 2d, Wheeler & Wilson; 3d, Weed & Florence; 4th, A. B. Howe; 5th, Empire; none others noticed.

THE RUSH CONTINUES at Dabbs's leading Photographic Gallery, Nos. 46 and 48 St. Clair street.

TIES, BOWS AND SCARFS—all the latest novelties—very beautiful and very cheap, at Putnam & House's, No. 72 Fifth street.

MAGNIFICENT PLAID MOHAIRS selling for only 25 cents per yard, worth 50 cents, at the cheapest dry goods store in the city. J. M. Burchfield & Co., No. 87 Market street.

PITTSBURGH PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIAL DEPOT, Nos. 46 and 48 St. Clair street. B. L. H. Dabbs.

LONDON, NEW YORK AND PARIS STYLES, at the Fashionable Cloak and Mantilla Emporium, No. 75 Market street.

FOR FRUIT, CREAM AND OTHER DISHES—Go to R. E. Breed & Co., No. 100 Wood St.

DESIRABLE FRENCH LINEN for dusters, selling low at the cheapest dry goods store in the city. J. M. Burchfield & Co., No. 87 Market street.

ICE PITCHERS! ICE PITCHERS!!—New invoice, fine assortment, at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, No. 100 Wood street.

GAUZE UNDERSHIRTS in silk, merino, lisle, cotton, etc., also drawers in silk, merino, cotton, lisle, drilling linen, etc., at Putnam & House, No. 72 Fifth street.

SPLENDID GRENADINE ROBES, selling very low at the cheapest dry goods store in the city. J. M. Burchfield & Co., 87 Market street.

Cure of Fistula.

DR. KEYSER—I write to thank you for the kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you sometime in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases which finally ended in a terrible fistula, which I had been advised to "let alone" on account of a harrassing cough, which it was feared might fasten on my lungs. I know that the popular mode of treating diseases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organs; on account of the suddenness of the cure, and the immediate check to a discharge which I was constrained to believe was a salutary provision of Nature to get rid of some morbid condition in the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment is purifying to the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, must cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I find it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular, with sounder and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the applications you made were almost painless, and have left me a new man, with all the energies and vigor of restored health.

Yours, gratefully, J—— C——,

To the Afflicted

Who are seeking relief from dyspepsia: try the Herb Doctor who has cured me.

SAMUEL LYNCH,
New Brighton, Pa.

The Indian Herb Doctor has cured me of bronchitis and consumption.

JOHN KELLEGHER, Steubenville.

I have been cured of scrofula by the Herb Doctor.

MICHAEL LOGUE,
No. 16 Allegheny street.

I have been troubled with inflammation of the kidneys and bladder. I also suffered very much with the piles. The Indian Herb Doctor cured me.

G. SHAW,
Darcyville Postoffice.

FROM the Superintendent of the American Iron Works, East Birmingham: Indian Herb Doctor—*Dear Sir:* I feel I am only doing a duty in publicly stating my gratitude for your curing my wife, who has been suffering for many years with liver complaint and dyspepsia. Your medicine has given her ease and comfort after many years of suffering, and she is now quite restored.

JACOB RUE,
American Iron Works, East Birmingham.

The Doctor's office is No. 194 Liberty street.

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS; for medical purposes, at Chas. Abel & Co's., Drug Store, corner Wylie and Washington street.

THE THIRD ANNUAL SESSION of the Normal Music School, under Prof. A. N. Johnson, will commence in the Seminary, at Beaver, July 23.
MWF R. T. TAYLOR.

COD LIVER OIL.—The purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is Caswell's Cod Liver Oil, manufactured by Caswell, Mack & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists. MW*

DUTCHER'S LIGHTNING FLY-KILLER will certainly exterminate these pests, if its use is persevered in. Beware of bogus Fly-Paper, which some dealers keep because they can get it for nearly nothing. Don't be swindled. Ask for Dutcher's, which is sold by all live druggists. cod

COUNTRY MERCHANTS that keep a close watch on their interests, will find it pays to buy patent medicines and perfumery at McClarran & McKennan's drug store.

THE PLACE TO GET GENUINE BLOOD SEARCHER.—At Fulton's Drug Store, opposite Postoffice.

FRENCH YOKE SHIRTS—the original pattern—made to order by Putnam & House, No. 72 Fifth street.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE LINEN DUCK, for gentlemen's pants, selling very low at the cheapest dry good store in the city. J. M. Burchfield & Co., No. 78 Market street.

THE DISEASE OF AMERICA.—Dyspepsia is said to be the disease of America. Its victims may be found in all stations of life. The poor as well as the rich are sufferers from its life-destroying influence. The symptoms of this disease vary greatly in the different stages of the complaint. It generally commences with a sensation of fullness after eating, and a changeable, diminished, or lost appetite. In some instances the appetite is voracious, and when—in obedience to its promptings—a large portion of food is taken into the stomach, pain follows in that region, with general distress, nervousness and nausea. Flatulency and heart-burn invariably attend this disease. For all these symptoms HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS will be found an invaluable household remedy, as its alterative, corrective and restorative properties are derived exclusively from roots and plants, the virtues of which are acknowledged by pharmaceutics and physicians. Separately they have often been prescribed by the profession, but were never combined until Dr. Hostetter gave to the world his HEALTH-RESTORING BITTERS, which have proved a sovereign remedy for dyspepsia and its attendant evils.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Per Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Nimick & Co, 438 billets iron, 7 cars pig iron; E S Hanna, 24 pcs fence, 1 gate, 1 keg sand; Hubbard, Bro & Co, 1 circular saw; Layers & Barnhart, 20 crts tomatoes; Fairbanks, Morse & Co, 1 box scales; F Megraw, 1 box mdse; Wall & Wilson, 11 barrels s mr; L H Voigt & Co, 5 casks cider, 5 half bbls do; White, Bros & Co, 17 pcs agricultural implements, 1 rake; Hall & Speer, 1 iron plow; J Knox, 3 bbls hams; Lippincott & Lakewood, 1 case, 1 bx wool; J Mc Ilroy, 1 box bundles; McKnight, Porter & Co, 3 cars pig iron; Bryan & Caughey, 3 cars Lake Champlain ore; J L L. Knox, 2 cars stone; Lindsay & Sherritt, 1 car hangers; Rees Webster, 1 car; Hussey, Howe & Co, 2 cars grindstones; J Digman, 1 box hardware; Schultz & Son, 1 bbl eggs; Van Gorder & Shepard, 30 boxes cheese; M Hadgur, 4 do do; T H Nevin & Co, 83 sks corn; Godfrey & Clark, 1 coil of rope; Anderson, Cook & Co, 1 lot scrap steel; John Hall & Co, 2 plows; Wm Bingham, 12 sks oats, 7 do rye; Rutledge, Perry & Co, 15 bxs cheese; Hahn & Hadley, 12 do do; J Benny, Jr, 3 kegs paint; Arbuckle & Co, 20 bbls syrup, 9 bbls sugar; McBane & Anger, 45 sacks oats; R Riddle, 2 bbls eggs; Fetzer & Armstrong, 2 do do; Dihm & Gregg, 6 cases boots; W Mullins, 25 coil bbls; Leamon & Wiles, 24 bdls chairs; Hanone & Dauler, 30 do do; Dauler, Close & Co, 27 do do; Schomaker & Lang, 30 bxs cheese; W J Steel & Bro, 12 boxes do; John England, 2 bxs files.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—Ballinger & Janny, 1 box cheese; Pittsburgh & Co, 1 cask wine; A G Sauller, 1 box household goods.

Pitts, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

J Craig, 1 car shelled corn; T H Nevin & Co, 5 bbls japan; G N Hollstott, 1 roll leather; T Megraw & Co, 1 half chest tea; Pittsburgh Paper Manufacturing Company, 11 sacks rags; Godfrey & Clark, 3 do do; T C Jenkins, 7 bbls flour; Wm Mullins, 9 coil bbls; J S Ramsey, 1 car lumber; F Sellers & Co, 13 tcs lard, 10 do hams, 11 bbls do; N J Braden, 60 bxs cheese; L H Voigt & Co, 30 do do; J S Finch, 26 bbls spirits; D Haworth, 1 bbl whisky; Jones & Nimick, 1 bx hardware; Fry & Scott, 3 boxes glass; J Graff & Co, 4 bdls spades, 4 do shovels; J Gardiner & Co, 20 bbls flour; Adams & Co, 5 bbls, 3 casks cullett; Jones & Laughlin, 1 bar iron; Pittsburgh Forge and Iron Co, 3 cars scrap iron.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—Oinhausen & Crawford, 16 sacks oats; W P Townsend, 13 casks, 3 boxes; G Meyer, 3 dozen pails, 1 do tubs, 6 do keelers; R S Rowney, 1 tool chest; Longerger & Co, 6 doz washboards; G W Hulme, 2 dozen brooms; J Moon, 1 do tubs; R P Getty, 5 dozen pails, 5 do washboards; Superior Iron Co, 4 cars limestone; Stewart & Langenheim, 1 car hay; M Steel & Son, 196 sacks oats; McIntyre & McNish, 1 car stone.

Pitts, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad.

McHenry & Hood, 21 sks oats, 1 bbl eggs; F Schilds, 65 sks oats; J Grier & Co, 9 caddies tobacco; R McGinnis, 1 lot castings; J S Dilworth & Co, 1 cheese, 1 bbl tobacco; P H Laufman & Bro, 1 bbl t hoops; M Mawhinney & Co, 25 bdls pigs; Hays & Getty, 2 boxes tools; J L McKee, 5 pkgs household goods; J Lautner, 4 steel axles; J Gardiner & Co, 100 barrels flour; Wm Haslage & Co, 1 case tobacco; Jas Conner, 2 do do; W H Ho mes, 5 bbls whisky; Bailey & Farrell & Co, 30 pigs lead; J H Lippincott, 6 tierces hams and beef; J H Parker, 15 tcs hams; D H Sneathen & Co, 2 boxes, 1 drum and 2 kegs tobacco; R D Brecht & Bro, 1 bx mdse; R Robinson & Co, 3 tcs hams; B L Fahnestock & Co, 1 box drugs, 6 barrels white lead; E P Weddell, 1 case tobacco; Hegarty & Fullmer, 2 do do; J C Bulling, 20 bbls marble dust; S Ewart & Co, 5 tcs hams; J Vickey & Co, 75 bbls flour; Kennedy, Childs & Co, 21 bales cotton.

Per Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Nimick & Co, 1 car pig iron; Thomas Mitchell, 60 bbls salt; Wm Flacus & Son, 1 car tan bark; Adams & Austin, 47 sacks oats; Monongahela House, 7 pkgs marketing; John Hoffman, 4 calves, 11 sheep; Mr. Garver, 59 sacks oats; W W Morrison, 1 bx mdse; W D Wise, 1 frkin butter, 1 bbl eggs; J Hall & Co, 2 hay rakes, 4 wheels, 2 mowers; P Curdis, 1 bx mdse; G Small, 5 pkgs eggs, 1 keg lard, 1 sack wool; Hillrick & McCulcher, 12 sheep; Jas Cullery, 10 do; Wm Colvin, 4 boxes, 2 frkins butter, 5 boxes eggs; J Blanchard, 1 bbl and 1 box butter, 1 box eggs; J Schwalm 3 frkins, 4 boxes butter, 5 bbl eggs, 1 coop chickens; F Heazeltan, 1 bbl flour, 2 sacks rags, 8 do wool; Various owners, 3 cars marketing.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

A Mayer, 3 sacks rags, 2 bbls copper; Lewis, Oliver & Phillips, 20 kegs nuts; Newcomer, Goe & Co, 5 kegs nails; Gwynne & Stoneman, 100 sks oats; Markle, Dickson & Co, 38 bdls printing paper; Hagman & Snyder, 1 car lime; A & D H Chambers, 112 ft free stone; Wm Flacus & Son, 1 car tan bark; S M Wickersham, 3 cars pig iron; Cunningham & Ihmsen, 10 tons sand; Pittsburgh Agricultural Works, 11 mowers; J S Finch, 62 sks oats.

DIED:

MCELHENY—On Tuesday morning, at 4 o'clock, HALLIE CAMERON, infant daughter of Hugh and Lizzie C. McElheny.

Funeral THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of A. Cameron, Allegheny.

TODD—On Monday, 9th inst., Rev. NATHANIEL TODD, in the 88th year of his age.

Funeral from the residence of his son, No. 16 Smithfield street, on WEDNESDAY, 11th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

LITTLE—July 9th, JOHN, son of John and Blanche Little, aged eleven years and five months.

The funeral will take place at 10 o'clock THURSDAY. Carriages will leave Rody Patterson's stable at 9 o'clock.

50,000 WHEELER & WILSON LOCK STITCH SEWING MACHINES

Sold last year, being nearly equal to the sale of all others combined. Satisfaction guaranteed to all persons purchasing from us.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,
27 Fifth street.

ROSSTON'S INDIGO BLUE

ROSSTON'S YEAST POWDER,

ARE THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

For sale by all Grocers.

BRAWLEY & BALL,
DEALERS IN
Pine, Whitewood, Cherry, Ash, Walnut, and Oak Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
OFFICE, STATE STREET, North of Railroad Depot, ERIE, PA.

HOUSEKEEPERS

SAVE YOUR MONEY

By taking your Spoons, Forks, Castors, &c., &c., to No. 3 St. Clair street, second door from the bridge, third floor, and have them replated with silver, and made as good as new, at very trifling cost. Silversmiths and Plumbers will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as we pay particular attention to Electro-plating, Electro-typing, Gold and silver Fire Gilding, &c. Give us a call. J. J. ALDOS. cod

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND DOUBLE CYLINDER PRESS. Size of bed, 31x46. Address COMMERCIAL.

7-30 BONDS
CONVERTED INTO
5-20 BONDS, 1865,
ON PRECISELY GOVERNMENT TERMS,
WITHOUT CHARGE.
BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STREETS.

MAY, JULY AND NOVEMBER
COUPONS,
BOUGHT AT HIGHEST RATES
BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON
LONDON, PARIS, FRANKFORT, O-M., &c.
For Sale in Sums to Suit Purchasers.
PH. R. MERTZ,
118 WOOD STREET.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,
Bankers,
Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets,
Buy and Sell at Market Rates, all Descriptions of
Government Securities.
SEVEN THIRTIES, ALL ISSUES,
CONVERTED INTO
FIVE TWENTIES
AT THE MOST FAVORABLE RATES.
Bonds on hand for Delivery.
IRA B. M'VAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

TUESDAY EVENING, July 9th, 1867.

A more settled and confident tone pervades financial circles to-day. Rumors of failures have subsided, and it is now evident that there were no grounds for them in the first place, except in two or three cases, and the worst of these is rapidly coming into solvent shape, and may in a very few days be entirely arranged to the satisfaction of all parties interested. There are persons who verily believe that it is absolutely necessary that a great financial crash should and must occur, and they are all the while putting their affairs, as they think, in trim to meet the revulsion; and whenever there happens a failure or a few protests, they become alarmed, and straightway declare that the crash is coming, just as they predicted, woe betide the poor debtor who may chance to have much paper out. But really there never was a time in the history of our country when there were less influences at work to cause a crash than now appear. The Rubicon of financial and commercial difficulties that were to follow the war, has been crossed—the National credit was never at a higher pitch of strength, both at home and abroad—our currency free from the element of constant fluctuations and ruinous depreciations—prices of leading articles of trade that were so inflated, have steadily and gradually declined, and are adjusted to a more normal and healthier standard—the crops undoubtedly promise all that heart could wish, and in short a trade has already set in that will culminate in unexampled prosperity to all branches of industry, manufacturing and mercantile interests.

—There was less difficulty to-day experienced in obtaining loans. The discount market was in better tone for borrowers, although there was no change in the rates, which varied from 9 to 15 per cent. on choice paper inside and outside of bank. Large amounts are seeking investment in mortgages, which are in demand.

—The following stocks were sold Tuesday evening, July 9th, on second floor of Commercial Sales Room, 106 Smithfield street, by A. McIlwaine, Auctioneer:

Exchange National Bank	$65 00
Allegheny National Bank	56 00

—The National Insurance Company announce their first dividend of two dollars and fifty cents a share—or five per cent.

—Pittsburgh Gas Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent.

—It is reported that the Columbia Oil Company will soon announce a dividend, which will be an agreeable surprise to many of the stockholders.

—The New York quotations received by Messrs. McVay & Co., report another advance in Governments:

U. S. 6s 1881	110
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	111⅛
U. S. 5-20s, 1864	109
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, May and November	109
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, January and July	108
U. S. 10-40s	102
December Compounds, 1864	117
August 7-30s	107
June 7-30s	107
July 7-30s	107
Gold	138
New U. S. '67 5-20's	108

—James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth and Wood streets, quote United State Securities in New York up to noon to-day as follows:

U. S. 6s 1881	107
5-20s, 1862	111
" 1864	109
" 1865	109
10-40s	102
Consols	108
August 7-30s	107
June 7-30s	106
July 7-30s	106
December Compounds, 1864	117
Gold	138
Silver	132
New 5-20s, '67	107

—Railways show a decline as reported in Bryan's list received at noon:

Michigan Southern	82
Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad	86
Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad	97
Erie Railroad	68
Chicago & Rock Island Railroad	96
Chicago & Northwestern Railroad	44
Chicago & Northwestern preferred	66
New York Central Railroad	104
Reading Railroad	105

—Gold is rather less firm, notwithstanding the firmness of exchange. There appears to be a strong speculative effort to sustain the premium, but the prevailing opinion seems to be against a continuance of the present high figures. There remains about twelve millions to be paid out of the Treasury on account of the July coupons.

—Subjoined are the highest prices obtained for the leading stocks at the first regular session of the New York Stock Exchange on each Saturday of the past four weeks:

Stocks.	Je. 15.	Je. 22.	Je. 29.	July 6.
Atlantic Mail	106	107	105	107
Alton & Terre Haute RR	35	35	35	31
Alton & Terre Haute pref.	83	83	83	
Boston Water Power	17	19	19	
Canton Company	44	44	47	
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	78	78	86	86
Cleveland & Toledo	119	120	120	121
Chicago & Rock Island	90	95	94	97
Chicago & N. W	35	35	44	45
Chicago & N. W. pref	59	59	64	67
Cumberland Coal	30	30	35	36
Cleveland, Col. & Cin.	99	96	101	
Delaware & Hudson Canal	151	150	151	151
Hudson River	109	109	109	109
Illinois Central	119	120	121	122
Michigan Central	114	108	110	111
Michigan Southern	68	71	78	82
Milwaukee & St. Paul	35	37	40	44
Milwaukee & St Paul pref	55	57	59	63
Mariposa Mining	8		7	10
Mariposa preferred	19		22	24
New York Central	101	102	104	105
New York & Erie	60	60	67	68
New York & Erie pref	75		75	77
Ohio & Mississippi cer	25	24	26	27
Pacific Mail	139	142	140	141
Pittsburgh & Ft. Wayne	97	98	101	100
Quicksilver Mining	25	28	30	32
Reading Railroad	106	107	109	111
Toledo & Wabash	45	45	47	50
Western Union Tel	44	43	45	49

Government Securities are quoted on each Saturday of the past four weeks as follows:

	June 15.	Je. 22.	Je. 29.	Jy 6.
Sixes of 1881	113	112	113	109
Sixes of 1867	131	136	136	137
Sixes of 1868	135	135	137	137
Ten-forties	100	100	101	102
Five-twenties of 1862	110	110	110	111
Five-twenties of 1864	110	107	107	108
Five-twenties of 1865	107	107	107	108
Five-twenties of '65, new	109	110	110	107
7 and 3-10ths, 1st series	106	106	106	107
7 and 3-10ths, 2d series	106	106	106	107
7 and 3-10ths, 3d series	106	106	106	107

—S. S. Bryan, Broker in Government, Railway and other Bonds, and Bank and Railway Stocks, &c., Apollo Building, Fourth street. Orders for the purchase and sale of stocks executed at the New York, Philadelphia, and Boston Stock Boards at the regular rates of commission current in those cities.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, TUESDAY EVENING, July 9, 1867.

There was more activity exhibited, to-day, in many branches of trade than at the date of our last report. The flour market was considerably excited and prices somewhat higher. In groceries there was a good trade done. Bacon continues in request and prices are tending upward, especially for hams. We note the following receipts of some of the leading articles of produce, per river and railroad, since our last: Flour, 2,224 barrels; cheese, 48 boxes; corn, 283 sacks; wheat, 320 sacks; and oats, 897 sacks.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale store prices unless otherwise noted:

ASHES—We quote common at 4½c, and refined at 8½c, as reported by an importing house.

APPLES—Sales of 14 bbls choice new were made at $9 00, and several lots second quality at $4 00 ₩ bbl.

BEANS—Choice beans are out of market and nominally quoted at $3 50₩ bush.

BUTTER—We note sales of 1,600 lbs fresh roll at 15@16c ₩ lb, and 600 lbs inferior at 11½c ₩ lb.

EGGS—Prices are advancing under light receipts. We note sales of 8 barrels at 20c ₩ dozen, and 6 bbls at 19c ₩ dozen.

CHEESE—We note sales of 50 boxes N. Y. Goshen at 17c; 25 boxes W. R. at 12½@18c, and 25 boxes Factory at 14@15c ₩ lb.

FLOUR—The market was very much excited, owing to the feeling and excitement in Western cities. Special telegrams to-day from Milwaukee state that good brands of spring were selling 50c ₩ bbl higher than dealers were selling at in this market, consequently prices here are tending upward, as the stock on hand is very light, whilst the demand is active, and dealers expect to see good brands of spring selling the present week at $13 00@13 50 ₩ bbl. We quote standard brands of spring selling readily at $12 00 from store, and winter at $13 75@13 00 ₩ bbl.

CORN MEAL—We quote at $1 00 ₩ bushel.

GRAIN—Market not very active in any particular kind of grain. In Wheat there is nothing doing. Corn was sold, in small lots, at 90c ₩ bushel from store, but from first hands it cannot be quoted above 85c ₩ bushel. Rye is dull at $1 15 ₩ bushel. Oats are in better demand, and can be quoted at 68@70c from first hands, and 73@75c from store.

BACON—Market firm and steady with an upward tendency in prices of some articles. We quote packers' prices as follows: S. C. hams 18¾@18½c; S. C. shoulders 13c, and plain shoulders 9½c, and ribbed sides 11½c ₩ lb.

LARD—We note sales at 12½@12½c ₩ bbl.

DRIED BEEF—Holders are asking 24@25c ₩ lb.

MESS PORK—We quote at $22 50 ₩ lb.

POTATOES—We note sales of 1 car on the platform at depot at $1 00, and 1 do. do. at $1 05 ₩ bushel. From store we quote at $1 10 ₩ bushel.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, WEDNESDAY, July 10, 1867.

Business since our last was moderately active. Former prices have been steadily maintained. The first of July found a large number of dealers who had contracts to a heavy amount to fill during the first half of July. This will explain the heavy business done in refined. During the past week dealers have been busily employed, and will have sufficient to do for some days to come. Crude Oil—We have nothing new to notice in regard to this article. Prices have undergone no quotable change. The stock on hand outside of that held by refiners and speculators is not large, the current rates for good gravities being 8c for bulk and 13c, barrels included. Our latest from Oil City reports a firm market at the advance previously noted. The only sale reported was 3,000 barrels tank oil, immediate delivery, at 8c ₩ gallon.

REFINED OIL—The market yesterday maintained its firmness. Dealers were busily engaged in procuring lots to meet contracts. The sales, as reported, reach 12,000 barrels, as follows:

500 bbls S W, Philadelphia, S O, July, 29c.
500 bbls S W, Philadelphia, S O, 15 to 31 July, 28½c
500 bbls S W, Philadelphia, S O, 15 to 31 July, 28½c
1,000 bbls S W, Philadelphia, S O, July, 30c
1,000 bbls S W, Philadelphia, B O, July, 30c
500 bbls S W, Philadelphia, B O, July, 30c
1,000 bbls S W, Philadelphia, B O, July, 29c
1,000 bbls S W, Philadelphia, S O, July, 29c
1,000 bbls S W, Philadelphia, B O, July, 31c
1,000 bbls S W, Philadelphia, B O, July, 30c
500 bbls S W, Philadelphia, B O, July, 30c
500 bbls S W, Philadelphia, B O, July, 29c
500 bbls P L S to W, Phila., July, B O, 27½c
1,000 bbls S W, Philadelphia, August, B O, 29c
500 bbls S W, Phila., 15 to 31 August, B O, 29c
1,000 bbls S W, Phila., September and October, 28c

Free oil was unchanged as regards prices or demand. Dealers were disposed to purchase only sufficient to supply their immediate wants at current rates.

TITUSVILLE, PA.

Messrs. Smith & Coutant, in their circular of Saturday last, give the following quotations for ordinary gravities of crude oil delivered on tank cars at the points designated, for the past fortnight:

Petroleum Center	$1 65@1 90
Boyd	1 65@1 90
Pioneer	1 49@1 70
Shaffer	1 70@1 70
Miller	1 50@1 70
Titusville	1 50@1 75

Low gravities, say 45 degrees and under, have commanded an advance on the above rates of 10@20 cents ₩ barrel. The market was gradually and slowly declining up to the first of the month, since which it has been feverish and irregular, in sympathy with the Eastern markets. In the absence of any decided improvement in Europe, the advance is regarded as only temporary by storage men, who are consequently not buyers, and the increase of freights on all the routes East having caused an entire cessation of shipments thence (except by and for account of the Empire Line) the demand is mainly for Pittsburgh and Cleveland account.

The shipments for the fortnight, via Oil Creek Railroad, have amounted to 18,852 bbls., say:

To New York	7,342 bbls.
To Cleveland	4,530 "
To Other Points	6,980 "

The estimated daily production of Oil in Western Pennsylvania is now over 9,000 barrels.

Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R.

J Benny, Jr., 200 bbls ref. to F A Dilworth, Phila.
Wightman & Anderson, 100 bbls ref. to P Wright & Sons, Phila.
H Kochler & Co., 168 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co, Phila.
Mackcown & Bro., 110 bbls ref. to W G Warden, Philadelphia.
Nat. Ref. & St. Co, 250 bbls ref. to P Wright & Sons, Philadelphia.
Aladdin Oil Co., 200 bbls ref to Tack Bros & Co., Philadelphia.
Lucesco Oil Co, 155 bbls ref to Brewer, Burke & Co, Phila.

Oil Shipped East from Duquesne Depot.

Logan & Bro, 110 bbls ref. to W P Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.
Sterling Oil Ref. Co, 224 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

The dullness and depression noticed one week ago in regard to the cattle market still continues. The tenor of Eastern advices has invariably been of a discouraging character, and from no quarter, says the *Tribune*, have we been able to learn anything calculated to restore confidence of buyers, or encourage the belief—still entertained by some—that the market for the next four weeks will exhibit any material improvement in point of activity, or that values will appreciate to any considerable extent. The receipts have been remarkably light, but the supply has been equal to the legitimate wants of the trade. The demand on Eastern account has amounted to a mere nothing. The major portions of the offerings were taken for home consumption. There was a limited inquiry for "stockers," but the few feeders in attendance were extremely narrow in their views, and the little stock, taken in their interest, went at very low figures. The arrivals during the week were generally of fair quality, the proportion of "scallawags" and common mixed lots being unusually small. There were two or three droves of good, straight shipping steers on the market, but holders were unable to realize over $7 50@7 75. It is not improbable that the "light run" of the past week may cause a slight advance in the New York market, and enhance values here to some extent, but it is not generally believed that any permanent improvement will be established. On Saturday the market was lifeless, and altogether nominal at Friday's prices. The fresh receipts were 124 head, and the entered sales 192 head. The pens are empty. The following were the

QUOTATIONS.

Extra Beeves—Fine, fat, well formed, 4 to 6 year old steers, and averaging 1,200 lbs and upwards	$7 75@8 00
Prime Beeves—Good, well fatted, finely formed steers, averaging from 1,100 to 1,400 lbs, at	7 00@7 62
Fair Grades—Fair steers, in fair flesh, averaging 1,000@1,200 lbs, at	6 25@7 00
Medium Class—Medium steers and good cows, fit for city slaughter and averaging 900@1,000 lbs, at	5 50@6 00
Stock Cattle—Common cattle in decent flesh, averaging 800@1,000 lbs, at	4 00@5 00
Inferior—Light and thin cows and steers	3 00@3 75

We give below the prices current for the corresponding weeks of 1864, 1865 and 1866, inclusive:

	1864.	1865.	1866.
Choice to extra	$6 00@7 00	$7 00@7 50	$8 00@8 50
Fair to prime	5 00@5 75	6 25@6 75	7 25@8 00
Common to medium	4 00@4 75	5 00@5 75	6 25@7 00
Inferior stock	3 00@3 75	3 50@4 75	5 00@5 75

HOGS—The supply was quite liberal, but under a healthy, strong demand all offerings have been readily taken up, and prices have advanced fully 20@25c ₩ 100 lbs during the week. The receipts have been of good average quality. On Saturday there was a brisk demand and the advance noted yesterday was thoroughly sustained. The fresh receipts were 2,162 head, all of which were closed out at $5 90@6 30 for common to prime fat heavy hogs. The market closes steady at the quotations given below.

The following are the closing prices of this week, compared with those of last:

	This week.	Last week.
Good to choice	$7 10@7 20	$5 85@5 90
Medium to fair	5 90@6 00	5 60@5 75
Common	5 75@5 85	5 25@5 50
Stock hogs	5 00@5 50	

SHEEP—There has been a fairly active demand for good Mutton Sheep to supply the wants of the local trade, and the market has ruled steady and firm throughout. Common descriptions, though somewhat neglected, have suffered no depreciation in value. We quote good to choice at $4 50@5 00, and common to fair at $2 00@4 25.

LOUISVILLE.

At the Shelby House the cattle market was dull, and good butchers' cattle selling from 5½@6c; medium 4½@5½c; common and inferior 3½@4c; shipping cattle 6@6¼c. The Southern stock yards were over supplied, and prices have declined. Best shipping cattle are worth from 6@7c; medium 5@6c; rough and common 3½@4½c. At the Bourbon House the market during the week was very dull, and prices again declined from 25@50c ₩ cwt. Sales at 6½@7½c for good shipping; 5½@6c for the best quality of butcher stuff; 4½@5c for fair to good, and 3½@4c for common.

HOGS—At the Shelby House the market was moderately active, and sales range from $5 75@6 15 for good, and $5 25@5 50 for medium quality. At the Bourbon House yards the market is somewhat better; there have been but few fresh arrivals, and holders have advanced their figures about 50c ₩ cwt, but the market is still dull at 6½@6½c for the best, and 6@6¼c for smooth light stock.

SHEEP—Are in good demand at 4@4½c for good heavy shipping, and $2 25@2 75 per head for fair to good. Lambs sell at from $2 to $3 25 per head for fair to choice qualities.

Louisville Tobacco Market.

The sales for the current tobacco year amount to 27,625 hhds. On Saturday last the market opened buoyant with large breaks, embracing some very superior samples, and prices were fully maintained. The Louisville House sold 1 hhd Hart county bright wrapper at $45. The market closed firm at the following prices:

SHIPPING QUALITIES.

	Light.	Heavy.
Common sound lugs	$5 00@ 5 50	$5 50@ 6 25
Good sound lugs	5 50@ 6 00	6 00@ 6 50
Common sound leaf	6 00@ 7 00	7 00@ 9 00
Medium sound leaf	8 00@10 00	10 00@12 00
Good leaf	12 00@14 00	13 00@15 00
Fine leaf	14 00@16 00	16 00@18 00

MANUFACTURING QUALITIES.

	Dark wrappers.	Bright wrappers.
Common and medium	$10 00@12 00	$16 00@20 00
Good and fine	14 00@18 00	25 00@35 00
Fancy		40 00@60 00

CUTTING LEAF.

Common cutting at	$ 8 00@12 00
Medium cutting at	12 00@16 00
Good cutting at	18 00@22 00
Fine	24 00@28 00
Choice	30 00@35 00

Rise in the Price of Coal.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* says: The variation in the price of coal seems to have become as regular a thing as the increase and decline in the price of stocks. There is this peculiarity in the two things, that while the latter phenomenon is governed by the rise and fall in the price of gold, the former is governed by the rise and fall in the river; but there is this difference between them, that while the variation in the one case is caused by the demand, or want of demand, for the representatives of value, in the other it has come to be purely, (or basely?) arbitrary. For instance, at this time, when the city is full of coal, and the thermometer standing at scorching heat, the price of coal has been put up to 15c ₩ bushel for Youghiogheny, and we learn is to be further increased to-day. The only ostensible, or possible, reason for the movement is the low stage of the river, and the possibility that it may be lower during "dog days." Verily the mysteries of trade are wonderful.

PITTSBURGH
NATIONAL BANK
OF
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COR. OF WOOD AND FIFTH STS.,
CAPITAL - - $500,000
DISCOUNTS DAILY AT 11 A. M.

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On Government Terms,
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BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.
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D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

New York Finance and Trade

Gold Closed at 138½@138⅝.

NEW YORK, July 9—P. M.

MONEY

Easier and in good supply at 5@6 per cent. on call loans.

STERLING EXCHANGE

Firm at 109⅞@110⅛, gold, for first class bills.

GOLD.

American gold without decided change, opening at 138⅝, declining to 138¼, advancing to 138½, and closing at 138⅝.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS

A shade better. Closing quotations: Coupons 6s 1881, 110⅝; do '62, 109; do '64, 109⅝; do '65, 109⅝; do '65, new, 108¼; do '67, 108½; 10-40s coupons, 102⅝; 7-30s, first series, 108⅛; second and third do, 107⅝.

The steamship Russia, takes one million four hundred thousand dollars in specie to-morrow for Europe. There were rumors to-day of several new dry goods failures in addition to that of Weeks & Co.

STOCKS.

Opened tame with a decline of ½@1 per cent. on the railway lists, but subsequently rallied and became active, and with more demand, closed with indications of higher prices. The following were the quotations at 5:30 P. M.: American gold, 138⅝@138⅝; Ohio certificates, 27@28; Cumberland coal, 29@29½; Quicksilver, 32⅛@32½; Mariposa, 11⅛@11½; Western Union Telegraph, 49⅝@49⅝; Pacific mail, 141@141⅛; Atlantic, 107⅛@107¼; New York Central, 105½@105⅝; Erie, 68⅛@68⅜; Hudson River, 105⅝@105⅝; Reading, 105⅛@105⅝; Michigan Central, 109⅞@110⅛; Michigan Southern, 83⅝@83⅝; Illinois Central, 122⅞; Pittsburgh, 91⅝@92; Toledo, 120⅛; Rock Island, 97⅛@97⅛; Northwestern, 45⅛@45⅝; preferred, 67⅛@67⅛; Wabash, 50⅛. Fort Wayne, 100⅛.

BORDER STATE BONDS

Tennessee 6s, 65½; coupon Missouri's, 96⅛.

Receipts at the Treasurer's office to-day, 1,400,000; payments, $90,000; balance in treasury, $129,222,000.

MINING STOCKS.

Are quoted as follows: Corydon, $2 68; Gunnell, $2 30; Gregory, $6 60.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, July 9, 1867.

FLOUR—Old flour dull and unchanged; fresh ground very firm, but without any change in prices.

WHEAT—Market unsettled but higher; regular receipts of No. 2 spring advanced 4c, and lots in favorite houses 6@8c ₩ bush, with sales at from $1 90@1 98½, closing dull at $1 92 for regular receipts; No. 1 red winter, in store, sold at $2 55.

CORN—There is less activity in corn, but the market rules firm at an improvement of ½@½c ₩ bush; sales at 84½@86c for No. 1; 80@81½c for No. 2, closing quiet at 84½@85c for No. 1, and at 81@81½c for No. 2. Canal corn in moderate request at 80@81c for No. 2.

OATS—Quiet but holders are firm; prices 1½c higher; sales of No. 2 at 56½@58½c, closing quiet at 56½@57c.

RYE—The market is 4@6c higher; sales small at $1 06@1 08 for No. 1 in store.

BARLEY—Market entirely nominal.

PROVISIONS—Firm and higher. Mess pork is held at $22, with buyers at $21 50. Dry salted shoulders 8½c, loose. Lard dull at 11@11½c.

LAKE FREIGHTS—Firm and steady at 4@4½c for corn by sail and steam to Buffalo, and 7½c for corn by sail to Oswego.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Cotton dull; sales 880 bales at 28½c for middling and common. Flour—receipts 3,457 bbls.; market more active, and 10@20c better; sales 1,180 bbls. at $8 50 for superfine State, and $8 50 @$10 00 for extra western; $10 40@11 00 for choice do.; $10 00@11 25 for shipping Ohio; $11 30@12 60 for trade brands; $9 50@11 00 for St. Louis; California active; sales 4,500 bbls at $11 05@11 50. Rye Flour firm; sales 650 bbls. at $6 50@9 00. Whisky quiet and firm. Wheat $2 20@2 25 for No. 2 Milwaukee; $2 30 for No. 1; $2 80@2 95 for white California; $3 05@3 25 for new amber Georgia, latter at retail. Rye firm. Barley dull. Malt nominal. Receipts of corn 40,000 bushels; market 1@2c better; 86,000 bushels sold at $1 05@1 06 for new western mixed; 83c@1 00 for unsound; $1 07 for kiln dried; $1 02 for white southern. Receipts of oats, 34,095 bushels; oats 2@3c better; sales 9,200 bushels at 81@82½c for western; 91c for state. Rice dull. Coffee—Prime Rio firm. Sugar firm; sales 1,000 hhds Cuba at 11½@12¼c. Molasses lower; sales 400 hhds Cuba on private terms. Hops quiet. Petroleum dull at 16c for crude, and 27c for refined in bond. Provisions—Pork opened firm but closed lower; sales 6,500 bbls at $21 25@22 00 for new mess; $21 00 for old do; $18 50@19 00 for prime; 1,000 bbls new mess, sellers, August, at $22 50 for new extra mess. Beef hams dull at $38 00@39 00. Bacon firm; sales 2,230 boxes, choice long clear middles, at 12½c; clear cut meats firm at 9½c for shoulders, and 12@14c for hams. Lard steady at 11½@12½c for new. Butter unchanged at 16c for State. Cheese 7@14½c. Freights dull and drooping.

LATEST—5 P. M.—Flour closed 5@10c better on good, and steady for common. Wheat closed with an upward tendency; No. 2 spring $2 10@2 12; No. 1 spring $2 40@2 50. Rye closed scarce and advancing; western $1 42@1 45. Oats closed very firm at 82@83c for western. Corn firm at $1 07@1 09 for good to prime new mixed western. Pork—Sales 3,250 barrels new mess at $21 50, closing with sellers at $21 12½ cash and regular; buyers at $22. Beef firm. Cut meats firm. Bacon firm with only a limited supply. Lard steady with a fair business, at 12½@12½c for fair to prime steam; 12⅝@12½c for kettle rendered.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—Flour firmer and fully 50c higher on better grades; lower grades dull and prices nominal; we quote family at $12@13, and fancy $13 50@14 00. Wheat scarce and prices higher; sales of No. 2 western at $2 45; No. 1 $2 55; no new offering. The frequent showers prevent its being threshed out in Kentucky. Corn unchanged at 75c for No. 1 in bulk, and 85c sacked; white would bring 86c sacked. Oats scarce and in demand at 77c for No. 1, and 74@75c for No. 2. Rye in light supply, and No. 1 would bring $1 25. Cotton dull and heavy, and prices nominal at 23c for middling. Whisky steady at 30c in bond. Mess pork held at $22 50, with buyers at $22; it could have been sold at $22 30 for September, buyers' option. Bulk meats held at 8@8½c for shoulders and sides, but these rates are ½c above the views of buyers, therefore not much was done. Bacon held at 10¼, 12½ and 13c for shoulders, sides, clear rib and clear sides, but these are ½c above the views of buyers, so not much was done. Hams held higher; common 17c, and sugar cured 19½c, but buyers hold back. Lard dull at 11½c for prime city; choice 12@13c. Eggs 15c. Linseed $1 42@1 45. Butter steady at 18@20c. Gold closed at 138¾, buying. Money market close. Exchange steady at par buying.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The same quiet previously noticed continues, but the market is quite firm at 17@18c for all standard sheetings; 16½@17½c for light and medium. Unbleached muslins range from 12½@16c for yard wide, as to quality. Prints 9@19½c. Drills 18@19c for brown, and muslin delaines at 20c for all staple standard makes. Armures and Challies bring 22½@28c. Persian cloths 25c; do robes de chamber 30@35c. All wool delaines 42½@45c. Ladies' cloakings $1 25@1 42½.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—Tobacco steady and prices maintained. Cotton dull and nominal. Hemp—Heavy at $175 for choice undressed; $285 for choice dressed. Flour more active; fresh ground, and choice a trifle higher; extra $9@10 25; double extra, 10 50@13 25; choice and fancy 13@15. Wheat 5c higher; good and prime new $2 25@2 35; choice $2 35@2 45. Corn in good demand and higher, at 87@92c for mixed, 96@98c for yellow; 98c@$1 00 for white, and $1 02@1 10 for fancy white. Oats higher at 74@80c. Rye advanced to 98c@$1 00. Provisions advanced. Mess Pork sold at $22 25@22 75; held at $23 at the close. Dry salt shoulders 8½c. Bacon clear sides, 12½@13c, clear rib 12½c; sugar cured hams 18@18½c. Lard 11½c for choice kettle; 13c in kegs. Whisky firm at $2, free.

Oswego Market

OSWEGO, July 9.—Flour active; sales 2,000 bbls No. 1 spring, at $13; red winter $14; white $15 for double extra. Wheat in better demand; sales 4,000 bush No. 1 Chicago spring, at $2 30; 7,500 do No. 2 do. $2 19. Corn quiet; sales 2,800 bush Indiana at 95c. Oats, rye and peas quiet. Mill feed in good demand; shorts $22@25; ship stuffs $26@30 ₩ ton. Canal freights unchanged. Railroad freights—flour to Boston 70c; Albany 50c; New York 60c.

Cambridge Cattle Market.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., July 9.—Beef cattle—receipts 311 head; market a little more active at last week's prices; sales of extra at $13 00@13 75; first quality $12 00@13 50; second do. $11 00@11 50; third quality $10 00@10 50. Sheep and lambs—receipts 3,200; prices are tending downward; sales at 4@4½c ₩ pound. Spring lambs $3 00@5 50; veal calves $3 00@8 12.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, July 9.—Flour firm; good brands scarce; common and medium dull. Wheat scarce and higher; new white $2 60@3 00; new red $2 75@3. Corn firmer and scarce; white $1 12; yellow $1 10; mixed western $1 02@1 05. Oats 88@89c. Provisions advancing; bacon shoulders 10@10½c; rib sides 12½c; clear sides 13½@13¾c; no bulk meats offering. Mess pork $22 75@23 00. Lard dull. Sugar firm at 12c for refining. Whisky dull.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, July 9.—Sales 326 hhds tobacco; market active at $2 75@26 00 for common lugs and Hart county leaf. Flour irregular; choice new $13@14. Wheat $2. Corn—white 88@90c. Oats 80c in bulk. Mess pork $22. Bacon—shoulders 10c; clear sides 13½c packed; fancy hams 18c. Lard inactive at 11@11½c in tierces. Whisky in bond 30c. Groceries firm; hard sugar 17¼c; New Orleans raw 15c for choice.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, July 9.—Sugar and molasses stock light; sales confined to retail. Flour scarce; superfine $11 00. Corn firm and stock light; prices ranged at $1 12@1 20. Oats quiet and firm at 85c. Pork—No sales; holders ask an advance; round lots are held at $24 25@24 50. Bacon—Clear ribbed sides 12½c; clear sides 13½c. Lard quiet at 14c; tierces 12½c. Gold 138¾.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, July 9.—Cotton quiet at 23@24c. No receipts or exports. Corn steady at $1 10@1 12. Oats 80@82c. Hay dull and unchanged. Pork quiet at $23 50@23 75. Bacon clear sides 13½c. Superfine flour dull at $8 50@10 50.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, July 9.—Flour firm; city XX $11@12; country do $10 25@10 50. Wheat firm at $2 30 for No. 1; $2 22@2 25 for No. 2. Oats unsettled at 61@63c for No. 2. Corn quiet at 85c for old No. 1.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, July 9.—Flour steady. Wheat 3c better on Amber; sales at $2 65. Corn 2½@3c better; sales of No. 1 at 90c; No. 2 at 85c. Oats 70c. Rye $1 10. Lake freights quiet and unchanged.

TO STEAMBOATMEN.

WE ARE FURNISHING LUMP COAL,

Of the best quality to Steamboats, at 5 cents per bushel, at the BELMONT COAL WORKS, ¾ mile below Bellair, Ohio.

HEATHERINGTON & BROS.
Belmont Coal Works, Ohio, May 27, 1867.

R. HUTCHINSON'S COAL WORKS.—TO STEAMBOATMEN.

These works are situated one and a half miles below Bellaire. Messrs. ROBERT HUTCHINSON & CO. are prepared to FURNISH STEAMBOATS WITH LUMP COAL of the best quality at 5 cents per bushel, and at the lowest price. A share of patronage is respectfully solicited. tf

FOR TAILORS,
FOR DRESSMAKERS,
FOR SHOEMAKERS,
FOR SADDLERS,
FOR CARRIAGE TRIMMERS,
THE ÆTNA
SEWING MACHINES
ARE THE BEST IN USE.
Call and see them at 84 FIFTH STREET.
BOWDOIN & GIBSON, Agents.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Oil City.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.
[By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company.]

OIL CITY, July 9, 1867.

The river raised one inch last night, and is now stationary at fifteen inches. Weather cool and cloudy. S.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 9.—The river is stationary, with four feet in the canal.

RIVER NEWS.

THE RIVER AND MATTERS ALONG THE WHARF.—Business on the landing was pretty much suspended. The steamer Delaware, Captain Brennan, is announced to leave for Parkersburg and way points for some time unless we have a rise of water. Navigation to Brownsville will be suspended until the repairs to Lock No. 4 can be completed. The boats of both lines have laid up. The Elizabeth packet is still running.

COAL has advanced in Cincinnati to 15 cents per bushel for Youghiogheny.

THE steamer Ezra Porter, Captain J. H. Porter, arrived at New Orleans on the 5th.

THE Wild Duck and model barges Dove and Swan arrived at St. Louis on Saturday.

THE steamer Belle Vernon, Capt. Darragh, left Cincinnati on Saturday evening for this port.

THE light draught steamer Pilgrim is laid up at Memphis waiting for something to turn up.

THE towboats—a moderate sized fleet—have all gone into summer quarters, there to remain until we have a fair rise.

THE Great Republic's time to St. Louis was 4 days, 10 hours and 8 minutes. The Ruth's was 4 days, 9 hours and 54 minutes.

THE Deer Lodge, on her way to Fort Benton, has broken her shaft. The Huntsville has left St. Louis to take her trip.

STEAMER RAISED.—The Virginia No. 2, sunk at Mobile a few days ago, has been raised and taken to the dry dock to undergo repairs.

THE mate of the Dan Able was mulcted in the sum of $26 50, at Memphis, the other day, for trying to save an innocent from the clutches of avaricious, over-charging express wagon drivers.

THE towboat Yankee, which passed Memphis for New Orleans, on Saturday, with a tow of ice, sunk two of her barges, one at President's Island, the other near Helena.

THE Brownsville packets have laid up for the present, and will not resume operations until the dams are put in complete repair. The Elizabeth is still making her daily trips.

THE fine light-draught steamer Delaware, Captain Brennan, is announced to leave for Parkersburg and way points this day. To persons going that way a fine opportunity is presented.

IMPROVING THE WABASH.—Eighteen thousand dollars have been subscribed by Evansville, Mount Vernon, and other neighboring towns, for the improvement of the Lower Wabash, so as to make it navigable throughout the year.

THE situation at Nashville on Saturday: River falling very slowly; twenty-six inches on Harpeth Shoals. Weather hot and showery. The Tyrone is in port from Cairo, and proposes to remain until better times turn up.

LONG TIME AGO.—There is a diving bell boat at Owensboro, Kentucky, hunting for a barge loaded with whisky and lead that sunk at that place forty or fifty years ago. The whisky, if procured, will be considered a valuable article. The lead will be considered heavy.

THE MOUNTAIN STEAMERS.—The St. Louis *Democrat* has the following: The Mountain trade this season is believed to have been profitable to those steamers which loaded for Benton with merchants' freight, but the reverse with those carrying the contract Government freight to the several forts.

FROM the Metropolis (Ill.) *Times* we learn that the crew of the Richmond egged the denizens of that little village, on her last trip up the Ohio. The provocation was taunting by some of the Metropolitans of the Richmond on account of her defeat. The crew took advantage, and as the gay larks had on their Sunday-go-to-meeting clothes, gave them a shower of eggs by way of accelerating their progress up the bank.

AT New Orleans on the 4th the weather opened clear and bright, with every promise of favoring us with a fair and lovely day, but in the afternoon it clouded up and quite a hard rain fell, which retarded business very much on the landing. Business dull, aye, very dull. Departures—For Lower Coast; Silver Spray, for Ohio river; General Quitman, for Louisville; Lotus No. 2, Caddo and Cuba, for Plaquemine.

THE Sucker State was received at St. Paul with grand congratulations. She arrived there with these placards conspicuously displayed: 1st—Beat the Phil. Sheridan to Burlington, Davenport and Dubuque. Blood will tell on a long heat. 2d—Fastest time on record—44 hours 5 minutes from St. Louis to Dubuque. 3d—Fastest time on record from St. Louis to St. Paul—2 days, 20 hours, 47 minutes, from port to port.

MEMPHIS.—The *Avalanche* says: The harbor of Galveston, Texas, would be a good place to try the powder of the General Totten. There are no less than fifteen wrecks in that harbor, some of which were sunk as obstructions during the war, among them the brigs Nebraska, Dragon, Prince, Algore; barks Neuces, Magellan, ex-Confederate gunboat Diana, steamboat Island City, and several others, whose names we have not learned.

DOING GOOD SERVICE.—The Government wrecking boat General Totten, succeeded in blowing up the sunken gunboat Jeff. Thompson, which the Platte Valley ran into last spring. The charge was seven hundred pounds of powder, which blew the wreck in every direction, scattering the railroad iron with which the gunboat was plated, far and near. The obstruction is entirely removed, and will cause no more disasters.

ST. LOUIS—SEVERAL PERSONS DROWNED.—About noon on the 4th inst., a large lumber raft, on which was a party of twenty men, struck a snag a short distance above the city, and went to pieces. Most of the men succeeded in reaching shore in safety, but it is supposed that four or five were drowned. Two of them clung to portions of the raft and floated down opposite the city, and were picked up yesterday by a ferry boat, in an exhausted condition.

ST. JOSEPH, July 5th.—The river is again rising rapidly, having advanced ten inches to day.

The Mary McDonald, from Fort Union, came down this morning but did not stop long enough to furnish any news. The steamer Isabella also passed down with a good freight, mostly buffalo robes and furs. The Montana and H. S. Turner, from Omaha to St. Louis, will pass down in the morning. The Miner passed up at seven this evening.

The wheat harvest is progressing successfully. The yield will be above an average.

WHAT DISINTERESTED PARTIES HAVE TO SAY.—We find the following in the St. Louis *Democrat* of Saturday: "We do not intend to disparage the Ruth, but have this to say: When the Republic tries to make a fast run, and makes no more landings than the Ruth did, and does no more business on the way, there will be a greater difference in her time than twelve hours, without troubling anybody about a substitution of boilers or engines. As to the Lee, what a pity 'tis she cannot carry more fuel! Row boats never carry much. Can the Richmond still pass the Ruth with ease?"

IMPROVING.—The Cincinnati *Commercial* says: A few weeks since Captain Stant J. Batchelor discovered a gathering in the bone of one of his legs, and underwent a painful surgical operation, in order to save amputation of the limb. Dr. Thomas Wood performed the operation of boring out the bone, removing the obnoxious matter. We are pleased to announce that he is doing well, recovering slowly, and manages to run under "slow bells" with the aid of a pair of crutches. We hope soon to find him under full headway on the grade or river.

NEW TOWBOAT.—The St. Louis *Democrat* says: Hiram Price is the name of a little steamboat Joseph Perkins has had built to be used in towing stone boats. The Price is 85 feet in length, 17 feet in breadth, and 3½ feet hold. A lot of flatboats are being built at Le Claire to be used in carrying stone. The Le Claire ship-builders are having a busy time. On Thursday morning at 2 o'clock the bulkheading of a room in the ladies' cabin of the Yellowstone, lying at the wharf, was discovered on fire. A texas-tender on the boat extinguished the fire after a portion of the bedding, &c., was burned, and thus prevented a disastrous conflagration. The origin of the fire was not learned.

ANOTHER MOUNTAIN STEAMER LOST.—The Omaha correspondence of the St. Louis *Democrat* of the 5th says: The Octavia came down to-day from Benton, and the Graham from Berthold. The Octavia had one hundred passengers aboard and a freight list consisting of a large quantity of buffalo robes and gold dust. The fall of the river left the Joseph H. Trover high and dry below Cow Island; a total loss. The Ida Stockdale coming down took the Trover's trip and returned. The Indians shot the engineer on the Big Horn, but he is not dead. Several other boats were attacked, some of them above Big Chance, and four or five persons killed. It is reported that the Indians say they can get more hair on the plains than on the river.

THE steamer Silver Cloud No. 2, says the Cincinnati *Commercial*, left a barge containing 150 tons of sand at Covington, and left for Ironton with 300 tons of iron ore.

The Starlight left for Arkansas river loaded to 4½ feet.

Captain Robert Greenlee, of the Leonidas, arrived from Pittsburgh in this morning's train.

Capt. S. H. Lightner, of the Kate Putnam, leaves for Pittsburgh in this evening's train.

Wash. Ward, one of the owners of the St. Patrick, and Wick. Payne, purchased, at Memphis, on Friday, Messrs. Kendig & Co., and Captain Tom. Berry's two-thirds interest in the above boat, at the value of $50,000 for the whole boat. She will be put in order for the Vicksburg trade.

RIVER PACKETS.

Monongahela River.

1867 MONONGAHELA RIVER 1867
PITTSBURGH,
BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA
MAIL LINE.,
PACKET COMPANY,
Will run four elegant side-wheel Passenger Packets.
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TELEGRAPH...............CAPT. D. BOUGHER.
To all Points on the Monongahela River. Leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.
No Commission on Eastern Freights.
J. L. MOORHOUSE,
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PEOPLE'S LINE.
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CHIEFTAIN....CAPT. J. L. HENDRICKSON.
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LEAVE PITTSBURGH DAILY AT 5 P. M.
Wharfboat foot of Grant street.
No Commission on Eastern Freight.
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NORTHERN LINE
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One of these elegant Steamers leaves St. Louis daily for St. Paul and all intermediate points on the Upper Mississippi River. Through receipts for freight and Passengers given by Pittsburgh Line Boats, connecting with Northern Line at St. Louis, thus enabling consignees to get their freight through without delay and at lowest rates.
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
JOHN FLACK, Agents, or to
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Parkersburg.

For Parkersburg.
ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 10—10 A. M.
The splendid passenger steamer DELAWARE, Capt. C. L. BRENNAN, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board.

J. H. FOWLER......T. C. LEE......L. A. FOWLER.
FOWLER, LEE & CO.,
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Receiving & Forwarding Merchants
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Receive and Forward Freights to all Points.
This being the terminus of the Tennessee and Cumberland River Packet Lines, we have superior advantages for Forwarding Freights for points on either of these rivers. By recent action of the Board of Underwriters, freights to and from Cumberland River are privileged via Paducah, without extra charge for Insurance or additional risk to carriers.
Our rates for forwarding are 5c per 100 pounds; 20c per barrel for dry barrels, 10c per bagged Whisky, &c.

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NOS. 22, 24 AND 26 FRONT STREETS,
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